

# ***STORMWATER REPORT***

**THORNDIKE PLACE  
DOROTHY ROAD  
ARLINGTON, MA**

NOVEMBER 2020  
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Owner/Applicant:

**ARLINGTON LAND REALTY LLC**  
c/o Mugar Enterprises, Inc.  
116 Huntington Avenue  
Boston, MA 02116

BSC Job Number: 23407.00

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Prepared by:



803 Summer Street  
Boston, MA 02127

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## **SECTION 1.0**

### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

## **1.01 PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

Arlington Land Realty, LLC (The Applicant) is seeking to construct a new age restricted multi-family housing and assisted living development in Arlington, Massachusetts, hereinafter referred to as “the Project.” The total property area is approximately 17.66 acres and is located off Dorothy Road near the intersection with Littlejohn Street. The project is bounded on the north by Dorothy Road, on the east by residential properties and Thorndike Field, and bounded on the south and west by Concord Turnpike (Route 2).

The Project consists of clearing and grubbing of the northwest section of the property and construction of one 4-story assisted living residential building with a lower level parking garage, six duplex townhouses with covered carports, as well as surface parking, walkways, utility services, and a stormwater management system. The buildings have a combined footprint of approximately 43,100 square feet.

The Project is designed to comply with the Massachusetts General Laws (M.G.L.) Chapter 40B, which allows developers to override certain aspects of municipal zoning bylaws by providing a certain percentage of affordable housing, as well as the Department of Environmental Protection’s Stormwater Management Standards. There are wetland resource areas in the south, west and east portions of the property. The Project is concentrated in the northwest area of the property and minimizes impacts to the 100-foot wetland buffer zones. Part of the site is located within the 1% Chance Annual Flood as defined by FEMA which is regulated under the Wetlands Protection Act as Bordering Land Subject to Flooding (BLSF). Compensatory flood storage is proved at a 2:1 ratio as described in section 2.12 below.

## **1.02 PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS**

The existing site topography generally slopes southeast across the property towards the wetlands located on the property with slopes ranging from 0-15%. The current site is comprised of forest and the primary soil classification identified by the NRCS Web Soil Survey is udorthents (655), which accounts for the majority of the property and all of the project area. On November 25, 2020, BSC Group conducted three test pits on the site, the locations of which are noted on the Grading and Drainage plan, and the test pit logs are attached in Appendix D. The test pits consisted primarily of fill material to a depth of 9-11 feet generally conforming with the soils mapping. Even though the material was fill, all samples textured as sandy loam in test pits TP-1 and TP-2, closest to the proposed stormwater management systems. At the bottom of test pit TP-3, a layer of clay material was found. Based on the fill materials found, runoff calculations have been performed using curve numbers corresponding to Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) C.

Due to changes to the site design over the course of the permitting process, the proposed infiltration systems were relocated. As such, and to comply with Conditions C.2(k) and I.17 of the Comprehensive Permit that was issued for the project in 2021, BSC conducted 8 additional soil test pits on May 18 and 19, 2023. The soil types for these test pits generally consisted of fill materials overlaying fine sandy loam, consistent with the previous test pits conducted in 2020. In accordance with the Comprehensive Permit conditions, BSC coordinated with the Town of Arlington to ensure that Town staff or a representative designated by the Town would be on site during test pit work to witness and confirm the results. BSC contacted Claire Ricker, Director of Planning & Community Development to coordinate a test pit witness for the Town and was referenced through Town Engineer, Wayne Chouinard to David Morgan, Environmental Planner and Conservation Agent. Mr. Morgan arranged to have a representative from Whitestone Associates on site to witness the test pits on May 18 and 19, 2023. These test pit locations have been added to the revised Grading and Drainage plan and the additional test pit logs are included in Appendix D.

The existing site being largely undeveloped has no existing drainage facilities and the majority of the stormwater runoff is directed to the wetlands on the property. A small portion of the site discharges to the north to Dorothy Road.

### **1.03 POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS**

The proposed stormwater management system has been designed in a manner that will meet or exceed the provisions of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Stormwater Management Standards for a new construction project.

Stormwater runoff from a portion of the 4-story building (approximately 18,800 square feet) will be temporarily detained on the roof of the building. This collected runoff will be released at controlled rates through roof drains to an underground infiltration system in the adjacent driveway and drop-off area. The majority of the 4-story building roof will discharge at grade directly to the surface and flow overland towards the wetlands to the south.

Stormwater runoff from the site driveway and small parking/drop-off area at the main entrance to the building will be collected via a deep sump catch basin, conveyed through a water quality unit before being directed to the underground infiltration system. Stormwater runoff from the driveway into the garage below the building will be collected via a trench drain and conveyed through a water quality unit before being directed to the underground system. Due to its elevation difference, this leg of the system has been provided with a backflow preventer device. In addition, runoff from the townhouse and carport roofs, as well as the landscaped areas between the townhouses and 4-story building will be collected and routed to the underground infiltration area. This underground infiltration system provides for recharge to groundwater and provides peak flow rate attenuation. In larger storm events, this system will overflow through an outlet control structure to a flared end section with a rip-rap apron to the south.

Stormwater runoff from the townhouse driveways along Dorothy Rd will be collected via individual trench drains and routed to small underground infiltration chamber systems beneath each driveway. Each system is designed to completely hold and infiltrate the 100-year, 24-hour storm event.

Although all soils sampled in test pits TP-1 and TP-2, as well as the 8 test pits conducted in May 2023, were identified as sandy loam (see above), the infiltration rate for loam (0.52-inches per hour) has been used in the infiltration system design to account for the materials found being primarily fill. Based upon the test pit data performed in November 2020 (see above), the estimated seasonal high groundwater elevation ranges between elevations 0 and 3. Estimated seasonal high groundwater elevations were found to be higher in some of the 2023 test pits than in the 2020 test pits. The highest groundwater elevation from the 2023 test pits of 3.98 was used for the entire site in the proposed drainage design. As such the infiltration systems have been set with a bottom elevation of 6.0 and higher to provide the minimum 2-feet of clearance above groundwater and account for any groundwater fluctuations that may occur.

To provide emergency access to the sides and rear of the building, a reinforced grass access lane will be installed. A portion of this access lane will include a 6-foot wide, porous asphalt walkway to allow residents to have ADA/AAB accessible access the rear of the site. Both the reinforced grass and porous asphalt will allow stormwater runoff to freely infiltrate back to the ground and will result in negligible runoff.

Specifics of the project's compliance with the Stormwater Standards are discussed in detail in the following sections.

## **SECTION 2.0**

### **DRAINAGE SUMMARY**

## **2.01 Stormwater Standard 1 – New Stormwater Conveyances**

Per Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standard #1, no new outfalls may discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth. No new untreated stormwater discharges are proposed. Rip-rap outlet protection sizing calculations are included in Section 6.0 of this Report.

## **2.02 Stormwater Standard 2 – Stormwater Runoff Rates**

Watershed modeling was performed using HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling Software version 10.20, a computer aided design program that combines SCS runoff methodology with standard hydraulic calculations. A model of the site's hydrology was developed for both pre- and post-development conditions to assess the effects of the proposed development on the project site and surrounding areas.

Stormwater runoff was modeled using data from the NOAA 14++ rainfall atlas. The following rainfall values have been used in our analysis and the NOAA 14++ data is included in Appendix D:

<b><u>Storm Frequency</u></b>	<b><u>NOAA 14++ Rainfall (Inches)</u></b>
2-year	4.02
10-year	6.40
25-year	8.30
50-year	9.67
100-year	11.50

The stormwater management system for the project has been designed such that the post-development conditions result in no increase to peak runoff rates off the property for the 2, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year, 24-hour storm events, as detailed in the table below.

Peak Flow Discharge Rates

Node 1L – Flow to Wetlands

<b>Storm Event</b>	<b>Pre-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Post-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Change in Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>
2-Year	3.7	3.4	-0.3
10-Year	9.0	6.5	-2.5
25-Year	13.7	9.7	-4.0
50-Year	17.2	13.3	-3.9
100-Year	22.0	17.9	-4.1

Node 2L – Flow Towards Street

<b>Storm Event</b>	<b>Pre-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Post-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Change in Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>
2-Year	0.3	0.3	0.0
10-Year	0.7	0.6	-0.1
25-Year	1.0	0.9	-0.1
50-Year	1.2	1.1	-0.1
100-Year	1.5	1.3	-0.2

Node 100L – Total Flows

<b>Storm Event</b>	<b>Pre-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Post-Development Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>	<b>Change in Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)</b>
2-Year	3.8	3.6	-0.2
10-Year	9.4	7.1	-2.3
25-Year	14.2	10.4	-3.8
50-Year	17.9	14.1	-3.8
100-Year	22.7	19.0	-3.7

## 2.03 Stormwater Standard 3 – Groundwater Recharge

Groundwater recharge is provided on site via an underground structural infiltration system beneath the surface parking area to the north of the building, and smaller systems beneath each individual driveway of the duplex townhouses. Overall, the project will result in no loss of annual recharge to groundwater as required by Standard 3. Refer to Section 6.0 of this Report for groundwater recharge information.

As the infiltration system has more than 2-feet but less than 4-feet separation to estimated seasonal high groundwater, a mounding analysis has been performed in accordance with the Hantoush Method to ensure that a groundwater mound



does not extend into the bottom of the infiltration system preventing infiltration of the required recharge volume. This analysis is included in Section 6.0 of this Report.

## **2.04 Stormwater Standard 4 – TSS Removal**

As a new development, the Project stormwater management system will achieve a TSS removal greater than 80%. The proposed stormwater management system has been designed to provide treatment of runoff in order to reduce suspended solids prior to discharge off-site through the implementation of the following best management practices:

- Deep Sump Hooded Catch Basins
- Proprietary Hydrodynamic Separators
- Underground Stormwater Infiltration Systems

The water quality volume is defined as the runoff volume requiring TSS Removal for the site and is equal to 0.5-inches of runoff over the total impervious area of the post-development site. The required water quality volume for the project is provided in Section 6.0 of this Report.

The underground infiltration system has been sized to treat the required water quality volume and calculations are included in Section 6.0 of this Report.

A long-term pollution prevention plan complying with the requirements of Standard 4 is included in Section 4.0 of this Report.

## **2.05 Stormwater Standard 5 – Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads**

This standard is not applicable as the project site is not a land use with higher potential pollutant loads (LUHPPL).

## **2.06 Stormwater Standard 6 – Stormwater Discharges to a Critical Area**

This standard is not applicable as runoff from the project site does not discharge to a critical area.

## **2.07 Stormwater Standard 7 – Redevelopment Projects**

This project is a new development and therefore has been designed to fully comply with the Stormwater Management Standards.

## **2.08 Stormwater Standard 8 – Sedimentation and Erosion Control Plan**

Erosion and sedimentation controls are shown on the Project Plans. Additionally, a Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan is included in Section 3.0 of this Report.

## **2.09 Stormwater Standard 9 – Long Term Operation and Maintenance Plan**

A Long-Term Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in Section 4.0 of this Report.

## **2.10 Stormwater Standard 10 – Illicit Discharges**

There are no known illicit discharges on the project site, and none are proposed. An illicit discharge compliance statement is included in Section 6.0 and will be signed by the Applicant prior to issuance of any permits.

## **2.11 Conclusion**

The project has been designed in accordance with DEP Stormwater Management Standards. Through the construction of the aforementioned stormwater systems, the project will provide peak rate attenuation, TSS removal and groundwater recharge.

## 2.12 Compensatory Flood Storage

A portion of the project site is located within the 1% Chance Annual Flood as defined by FEMA, which is regulated under the Wetlands Protection Act as Bordering Land Subject to Flooding (BLSF). In order to protect the values provided by BLSF and prevent downstream flooding impacts, the project is required to provide compensatory flood storage on a 1-foot incremental basis to match whatever is lost due to the project's development. In order to provide this compensatory flood storage, the project will minimize the area of BLSF impacted and regrade a portion of the project property southeast of the proposed building as shown on the Plans. This regraded area will provide compensatory flood storage at a 2 to 1 ratio for any flood storage lost. A breakdown of the flood storage impacts and compensatory storage provided is shown below:

<u>Elevations</u>	<u>Existing Incremental Available Flood Storage (CU.FT.)</u>	<u>Incremental Available Flood Storage with No Compensatory Storage (CU.FT.)</u>	<u>Incremental Flood Storage Change w/No Compensatory Storage (CU.FT.)</u>	<u>Proposed Incremental Compensatory Storage (CU.FT.)</u>	<u>Ratio of Compensatory Storage to Storage Lost</u>
5.0 - 6.0	136.0	67.5	-68.5	146.0	2.1
6.0 - 6.8	9,327.6	5,003.2	-4,324.4	9,014.8	2.1

As shown above, the project will exceed the 2 to 1 ratio of compensatory flood storage for all flood storage lost due to the project development. In addition, as shown on the Plans, the proposed compensatory storage is hydrologically connected to the flood plain impacted by the project. Therefore, the project as proposed meets the applicable requirements for BLSF in the Wetlands Protection Act.

### **SECTION 3.0**

## **CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN**

### **3.0 CONSTRUCTION PERIOD POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN**

This Section specifies requirements and suggestions for implementation of a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for **Thorndike Place, in Arlington, Massachusetts**. The SWPPP shall be provided and maintained on-site by the Contractor(s) during all construction activities. The SWPPP shall be updated as required to reflect changes to construction activity.

The stormwater pollution prevention measures contained in the SWPPP shall be at least the minimum required by Local Regulations. The Contractor shall provide additional measures to prevent pollution from stormwater discharges in compliance with the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Phase II permit requirements and all other local, state and federal requirements.

The SWPPP shall include provisions for, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Construction Trailers
2. Lay-down Areas
3. Equipment Storage Areas
4. Stockpile Areas
5. Disturbed Areas

The Contractor shall NOT begin construction without submitting evidence that a NPDES Notice of Intent (NOI) governing the discharge of stormwater from the construction site for the entire construction period has been filed **at least fourteen (14) days prior to construction**. It is the Contractor's responsibility to complete and file the NOI, unless otherwise determined by the project team.

The cost of any fines, construction delays and remedial actions resulting from the Contractor's failure to comply with all provisions of local regulations and Federal NPDES permit requirements shall be paid for by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

As a requirement of the EPA's NPDES permitting program, each Contractor and Subcontractor responsible for implementing and maintaining stormwater Best Management Practices shall execute a Contractor's Certification form.

#### **Erosion and Sedimentation Control**

The Contractor shall be solely responsible for erosion and sedimentation control at the site. The Contractor shall utilize a system of operations and all necessary erosion and sedimentation control measures, even if not specified herein or elsewhere, to minimize erosion damage at the site to prevent the migration of sediment into environmentally sensitive areas. Environmentally sensitive areas include all wetland resource areas within, and downstream of, the site, and those areas of the site that are not being altered.

Erosion and sedimentation control shall be in accordance with this Section, the design drawings, and the following:

- ❑ "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System General Permit for Discharges from Construction Activities (EPA Construction General Permit February 16, 2017).
- ❑ Massachusetts Stormwater Management Policy Handbook issued by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, January 2008.
- ❑ Massachusetts Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for Urban and Suburban Areas, A Guide for Planners, Designers and Municipal Officials, March 1997.

The BMP's presented herein should be used as a guide for erosion and sedimentation control and are not intended to be considered specifications for construction. The most important BMP is maintaining a rapid

construction process, resulting in prompt stabilization of surfaces, thereby reducing erosion potential. Given the primacy of rapid construction, these guidelines have been designed to allow construction to progress with essentially no hindrance by the erosion control methods prescribed. These guidelines have also been designed with sufficient flexibility to allow the Contractor to modify the suggested methods as required to suit seasonal, atmospheric, and site-specific physical constraints.

Another important BMP is the prevention of concentrated water flow. Sheet flow does not have the erosive potential of a concentrated rivulet. These guidelines recommend construction methods that allow localized erosion control and a system of construction, which inhibits the development of shallow concentrated flow. These BMP's shall be maintained throughout the construction process.

## **CONTACT INFORMATION AND RESPONSIBLE PARTIES**

The following is a list of all project-associated parties:

### **Owner**

Arlington Land Realty, LLC  
c/o Mugar Enterprises, Inc.  
116 Huntington Avenue  
Boston, MA 02116

### **Contractor**

To be determined

### **Environmental Consultant**

BSC Group, Inc.  
803 Summer Street  
Boston, MA 02127

Contact: Dominic Rinaldi, P.E.  
Phone: (617) 896-4300  
Email: drinaldi@bscgroup.com

### **Qualified SWPPP Inspectors**

To Be Determined

### **3.1 Procedural Conditions of the Construction General Permit (CGP)**

The following list outlines the Stormwater Responsibilities for all construction operators working on the Project. The operators below agree through a cooperative agreement to abide by the following conditions throughout the duration of the construction project, effective the date of signature of the required SWPPP. These conditions apply to all operators on the project site.

The project is subject to EPA's NPDES General Permit through the CGP. The goal of this permit is to prevent the discharge of pollutants associated with construction activity from entering the existing and proposed storm drain system or surface waters.

All contractors/operators involved in clearing, grading and excavation construction activities must sign the appropriate certification statement required, which will remain with the SWPPP. The owner must also sign

a certification, which is to remain with the SWPPP in accordance with the signatory requirements of the SWPPP.

Once the SWPPP is finalized, a signed copy, plus supporting documents, must be held at the project site during construction. A copy must remain available to EPA, State and Local agencies, and other interested parties during normal business hours.

The following items associated with this SWPPP must be posted in a prominent place at the construction site until final stabilization has been achieved:

- The completed/submitted NOI form
- Location where the public can view the SWPPP during normal business hours
- A copy of the signed/submitted NOI, permit number issued by the EPA and a copy of the current CGP.

Project specific SWPPP documents are not submitted to the US EPA unless the agency specifically requests a copy for review. SWPPP documents requested by a permitting authority, the permittee(s) will submit it in a timely manner.

EPA inspectors will be allowed free and unrestricted access to the project site and all related documentation and records kept under the conditions of the permit.

The permittee is expected to keep all BMP's and Stormwater controls operating correctly and maintained regularly.

Any additions to the project which will significantly change the anticipated discharges of pollutants, must be reported to the EPA. The EPA should also be notified in advance of any anticipated events of noncompliance. The permittee must also orally inform the EPA of any discharge, which may endanger health or the environment within 24 hours, with a written report following within 5 days.

In maintaining the SWPPP, all records and supporting documents will be compiled together in an orderly fashion. Inspection reports and amendments to the SWPPP must remain with the document. Federal regulations require permittee(s) to keep their Project Specific SWPPP and all reports and documents for at least three (3) years after the project is complete.

### **3.2 Existing Site and Soil Conditions**

The total project area is approximately 17.66 acres and is located off Dorothy Road. The project is bounded on the north by Dorothy Road, bounded on the east by residential properties, and bounded on the south and west by Concord Turnpike (Route 2).

The current site is comprised of forest and the primary soil classification identified by the NRCS Web Soil Survey is udorthents (655), which accounts for the majority of the property and all of the project area. On November 25, 2020, BSC Group conducted three test pits on the site, the locations of which are noted on the Grading and Drainage plan, and the test pit logs are attached in Appendix D. The test pits consisted of primarily fill material to a depth of 9-11 feet generally conforming with the soils mapping. Even though the material was fill, all samples textured as sandy loam in test pits TP-1 and TP-2, closest to the proposed stormwater management systems. At the bottom of test pit TP-3, a layer of clay material was found. On May 18 and 19, 2023, BSC Group conducted 8 additional test pits on site to determine soil conditions at the locations of each of the infiltration systems in the revised drainage design. These test pits were consistent with the 2020 test pits and generally consisted of fill material over fine sandy loam. These test pits have been added to the Grading and Drainage plan and test pit logs are attached in Appendix D as well. Based

on the fill materials found, runoff calculations have been performed using curve numbers corresponding to Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) C.

### **3.3 Project Description and Intended Construction Sequence**

The site is currently comprised of woods. The proposed activities will include the following major components:

- The construction of one (1) multi-family housing building and six (6) duplex townhouses with associated parking, driveways, walkways, and retaining walls,
- The construction of stormwater management systems,
- Site grading and compensatory flood storage creation, and
- Utility connections and installation.

The proposed project will disturb a total of approximately 175,000± S.F. (4.02± acres).

Soil disturbing activities will include site demolition, installing stabilized construction exits, installation of erosion and sedimentation controls, grading, storm drain inlets, stormwater management systems, utilities, building foundation, construction of site driveways and preparation for final landscaping. Please refer to Table 1 for the projects anticipated construction timetable. A description of BMP's associated with project timetable and construction-phasing elements is provided in this Erosion and Sediment Control Plan.

**Table 1 – Anticipated Construction Timetable**

Construction Phasing Activity	Anticipated Timetable
Grubbing and Stripping of Limits of Construction Phase	To be determined
Rough Site Grading and Site Utilities	To be determined
Utility Plan Construction	To be determined
Landscaping	To be determined

### **3.4 Potential Sources of Pollution**

Any project site activities that have the potential to add pollutants to runoff are subject to the requirements of the SWPPP. Listed below are a description of potential sources of pollution from both sedimentation to Stormwater runoff, and pollutants from sources other than sedimentation.

**Table 2 – Potential Sources of Sediment to Stormwater Runoff**

Potential Source	Activities/Comments
Construction Site Entrance and Site Vehicles	Vehicles leaving the site can track soils onto public roadways. Site Vehicles can readily transport exposed soils throughout the site and off-site areas.
Grading Operations	Exposed soils have the potential for erosion and discharge of sediment to off-site areas.
Material Excavation, Relocation, and Stockpiling	Stockpiling of materials during excavation and relocation of soils can contribute to erosion and sedimentation. In addition, fugitive dust from stockpiled material, vehicle transport and site grading can be deposited in wetlands and waterway.
Landscaping Operations	Landscaping operations specifically associated with exposed soils can contribute to erosion and sedimentation. Hydroseeding, if not properly applied, can runoff to adjacent wetlands and waterways.

**Table 3 – Potential Pollutants and Sources, other than Sediment to Stormwater Runoff**

Potential Source	Activities/Comments
Staging Areas and Construction Vehicles	Vehicle refueling, minor equipment maintenance, sanitary facilities and hazardous waste storage
Materials Storage Area	General building materials, solvents, adhesives, paving materials, paints, aggregates, trash, etc.
Construction Activities	Construction, paving, curb/gutter installation, concrete pouring/mortar/stucco

### **3.5 Erosion and Sedimentation Control Best Management Practices**

All construction activities will implement Best Management Practices (BMP's) in order to minimize overall site disturbance and impacts to the sites natural features. Please refer to the following sections for a detailed description of site specific BMP's. In addition, an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan is provided in the Site Plans.

### **3.6 Timetable and Construction Phasing**

This section provides the Owner and Contractor with a suggested order of construction that shall minimize erosion and the transport of sediments. The individual objectives of the construction techniques described herein shall be considered an integral component of the project design intent of each project phase. The construction sequence is not intended to prescribe definitive construction methods and should not be interpreted as a construction specification document. However, the Contractor shall follow the general construction phase principles provided below:

- Protect and maintain existing vegetation wherever possible.
- Minimize the area of disturbance.
- To the extent possible, route unpolluted flows around disturbed areas.
- Install mitigation devices as early as possible.
- Minimize the time disturbed areas are left unstabilized.
- Maintain siltation control devices in proper condition.
- The contractor should use the suggested sequence and techniques as a general guide and modify the suggested methods and procedures as required to best suit seasonal, atmospheric, and site



specific physical constraints for the purpose of minimizing the environmental impact of construction.

#### Demolition, Grubbing and Stripping of Limits of Construction Phase

- Install Temporary Erosion Control (TEC) devices as required to prevent sediment transport into resource areas.
- Place a ring of silt socks and/or haybales around stockpiles.
- Stabilize all exposed surfaces that will not be under immediate construction.
- Store and/or dispose all pavement and building demolition debris as indicated in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

#### Driveway Area Sub-Base Construction

- Install temporary culverts and diversion ditches and additional TEC devices as required by individual construction area constraints to direct potential runoff toward detention areas designated for the current construction phase.
- Compact gravel as work progresses to control erosion potential.
- Apply water to control air suspension of dust.
- Avoid creating an erosive condition due to over-watering.
- Install piped utility systems as required as work progresses, keeping all inlets sealed until all downstream drainage system components are functional.

#### Binder Construction

- Fine grade gravel base and install processed gravel to the design grades.
- Compact pavement base as work progresses.
- Install pavement binder coat starting from the downhill end of the site and work toward the top.

#### Finish Paving

- Repair and stabilize damaged side slopes.
- Clean inverts of drainage structures.
- Install final top coat of pavement.

#### Final Clean-up

- Clean inverts of culverts and catch basins.
- Remove sediment and debris from rip-rap outlet areas.
- Remove TEC devices only after permanent vegetation and erosion control has been fully established.

### **3.7 Site Stabilization**

#### Grubbing Stripping and Grading

- Erosion control devices shall be in place as shown on the design plans before grading commences.
- Stripping shall be done in a manner, which will not concentrate runoff. If precipitation is expected, earthen berms shall be constructed around the area being stripped, with a silt sock, silt fence or haybale dike situated in an arc at the low point of the berm.
- If intense precipitation is anticipated, silt socks, haybales, dikes and /or silt fences shall be used as required to prevent erosion and sediment transport. The materials required shall be stored on site at all time.

- If water is required for soil compaction, it shall be added in a uniform manner that does not allow excess water to flow off the area being compacted.
- Dust shall be held at a minimum by sprinkling exposed soil with an appropriate amount of water.

#### Maintenance of Disturbed Surfaces

- Runoff shall be diverted from disturbed side slopes in both cut and fill.
- Mulching may be used for temporary stabilization.
- Silt sock, haybale or silt fences shall be set where required to trap products of erosion and shall be maintained on a continuing basis during the construction process.

#### Loaming and Seeding

- Loam shall not be placed unless it is to be seeded directly thereafter.
- All disturbed areas shall have a minimum of 4" of loam placed before seeded and mulched.
- Consideration shall be given to hydro-mulching, especially on slopes in excess of 3 to 1.
- Loamed and seeded slopes shall be protected from washout by mulching or other acceptable slope protection until vegetation begins to grow.

#### Stormwater Collection System Installation

- The Stormwater drainage system shall be installed from the downstream end up and in a manner which will not allow runoff from disturbed areas to enter pipes.
- Excavation for the drainage system shall not be left open when rainfall is expected overnight. If left open under other circumstances, pipe ends shall be closed by a staked board or by an equivalent method.
- All catch basin openings shall be covered by a silt bag between the grate and the frame or protected from sediment by silt fence surrounding the catch basin grate.

#### Completion of Paved Areas

- During the placement of sub-base and pavement, the entrance to the Stormwater drainage systems shall be sealed when rain is expected. When these entrances are closed, consideration must be given to the direction of run-off and measures shall be undertaken to minimize erosion and to provide for the collection of sediment.
- In some situations, it may be necessary to keep catch basins open.
- Appropriate arrangements shall be made downstream to remove all sediment deposition.

#### Stabilization of Surfaces

- Stabilization of surfaces includes the placement of pavement, rip-rap, wood bark mulch and the establishment of vegetated surfaces.
- Upon completion of construction, all surfaces shall be stabilized even though it is apparent that future construction efforts will cause their disturbance.
- Vegetated cover shall be established during the proper growing season and shall be enhanced by soil adjustment for proper pH, nutrients and moisture content.
- Surfaces that are disturbed by erosion processes or vandalism shall be stabilized as soon as possible.
- Areas where construction activities have permanently or temporarily ceased shall be stabilized within 14 days from the last construction activity, except when construction activity will resume within 21 days (e.g., the total time period that construction activity is temporarily ceased is less than 21 days).
- Hydro-mulching of grass surfaces is recommended, especially if seeding of the surfaces is required outside the normal growing season.

- Hay mulch is an effective method of temporarily stabilizing surfaces, but only if it is properly secured by branches, weighted snow fences or weighted chicken wire.

### **3.8 Temporary Structural Erosion Control Measures**

Temporary erosion control measures serve to minimize construction-associated impacts to wetland resource and undisturbed areas. Please refer to the following sections for a description of temporary erosion control measures implemented as part of the project and this sample SWPPP.

#### **3.8.1 Silt Socks, Haybales, and Silt Fencing**

The siltation barriers will demarcate the limit of work, form a work envelope and provide additional assurance that construction equipment will not enter the adjacent wetlands or undisturbed portions of the site. All barriers will remain in place until disturbed areas are stabilized.

#### **3.8.2 Temporary Stormwater Diversion Swale**

A temporary diversion swale is an effective practice for temporarily diverting stormwater flows and to reduce stormwater runoff velocities during storm events. The swale channel can be installed before infrastructure construction begins at the site, or as needed throughout the construction process. The diversion swale should be routinely compacted or seeded to minimize the amount of exposed soil.

#### **3.8.3 Dewatering Basins**

Dewatering may be required during stormwater system, foundation construction and utility installation. Should the need for dewatering arise, groundwater will be pumped directly into a temporary settling basin, which will act as a sediment trap during construction. All temporary settling basins will be located within close proximity of daily work activities. Prior to discharge, all groundwater will be treated by means of the settling basin or acceptable substitute. Discharges from sediment basins will be free of visible floating, suspended and settleable solids that would impair the functions of a wetland or degrade the chemical composition of the wetland resource area receiving ground or surface water flows and will be to the combined system.

#### **3.8.4 Material Stockpiling Locations**

Piping and trench excavate associated with the subsurface utility work will be contained with a single row of silt socks and/or haybales.

### **3.9 Permanent Structural Erosion Control Measures**

Permanent erosion control measures serve to minimize post-construction impacts to wetland resource areas and undisturbed areas. Please refer to the Site Plans and Long-Term Operations and Maintenance Plan for a description of permanent erosion control measures implemented as part of the project and this SWPPP.

### **3.10 Good Housekeeping Best Management Practices**

#### **3.10.1 Street Sweeping**

Dorothy Road in front of the project property shall be swept clean on a daily basis of any soils tracked onto it from the project site. All sweepings shall be disposed of off-site in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

#### **3.10.2 Material Handling and Waste Management**

Solid waste generation during the construction period will be primarily construction debris. The debris will include scrap lumber (used forming and shoring pallets and other shipping containers), waste packaging materials (plastic sheeting and cardboard), scrap cable and wire, roll-off containers (or dumpsters) and will be removed by a contract hauler to a properly licensed landfill. The roll-off containers will be covered with

a properly secured tarp before the hauler exits the site. In addition to construction debris, the construction work force will generate some amount of household-type wastes (food packing, soft drink containers, and other paper). Trash containers for these wastes will be located around the site and will be emptied regularly so as to prevent wind-blown litter. This waste will also be removed by a contract hauler.

All hazardous waste material such as oil filters, petroleum products, paint and equipment maintenance fluids will be stored in structurally sound and sealed shipping containers in the hazardous-materials storage area and segregated from other non-waste materials. Secondary containment will be provided for all materials in the hazardous materials storage area and will consist of commercially available spill pallets. Additionally, all hazardous materials will be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and municipal regulations.

Two temporary sanitary facilities (portable toilets) will be provided at the site in the combined staging area. The toilets will be away from a concentrated flow path and traffic flow and will have collection pans underneath as secondary treatment. All sanitary waste will be collected from an approved party at a minimum of three times per week.

### **3.10.3 Building Material Staging Areas**

Construction equipment and maintenance materials will be stored at the combined staging area and materials storage areas. Silt fence will be installed around the perimeter to designate the staging and materials storage area. A watertight shipping container will be used to store hand tools, small parts and other construction materials.

Non-hazardous building materials such as packaging material (wood, plastic and glass) and construction scrap material (brick, wood, steel, metal scraps, and pine cuttings) will be stored in a separate covered storage facility adjacent to other stored materials. All hazardous-waste materials such as oil filters, petroleum products, paint and equipment maintenance fluids will be stored in structurally sound and sealed containers under cover within the hazardous materials storage area.

Large items such as framing materials and stockpiled lumber will be stored in the open storage area. Such materials will be elevated on wood blocks to minimize contact with runoff.

The combined storage areas are expected to remain clean, well-organized and equipped with ample cleaning supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls such as containment structures, covers and liners will be repaired or replaced as necessary to maintain proper function.

### **3.10.4 Designated Washout Areas**

Designated temporary, below-ground concrete washout areas will be constructed, as required, to minimize the pollution potential associated with concrete, paint, stucco, mixers etc. Signs will, if required, be posted marking the location of the washout area to ensure that concrete equipment operators use the proper facility. Concrete pours will not be conducted during or before an anticipated precipitation event. All excess concrete and concrete washout slurries from the concrete mixer trucks and chutes will be discharged to the washout area or hauled off-site for disposal.

### **3.10.5 Equipment/Vehicle Maintenance and Fueling Areas**

Several types of vehicles and equipment will be used on-site throughout the project including graders, scrapers, excavators, loaders, paving equipment, rollers, trucks and trailers, backhoes and forklifts. All major equipment/vehicle fueling and maintenance will be performed off-site. A small, 20-gallon pickup bed fuel tank will be kept on-site in the combined staging area. When vehicle fueling must occur on-site, the fueling activity will occur in the staging area. Only minor equipment maintenance will occur on-site. Vehicular refueling or maintenance shall not be allowed within the Adjacent Upland Resource Area (AURA) or in any protected wetland resource areas as defined by the Town of Arlington Regulations for

Wetland Protection. All equipment fluids generated from maintenance activities will be disposed of into designated drums stored on spill pallets. Absorbent, spill-cleanup materials and spill kits will be available at the combined staging and materials storage area. Drip pans will be placed under all equipment receiving maintenance and vehicles and equipment parked overnight.

#### **3.10.6 Equipment/Vehicle Wash down Area**

All equipment and vehicle washing will be performed off-site.

#### **3.10.7 Spill Prevention Plan**

A spill containment kit will be kept on-site in the Contractor's trailer and/or the designated staging area throughout the duration of construction. Should there be an accidental release of petroleum product into a resource area, the appropriate agencies will be immediately notified.

#### **3.10.8 Inspections**

Maintenance of existing and proposed BMP's to address stormwater management facilities during construction is an on-going process. The purpose of the inspections is to observe all sources of stormwater or non-stormwater discharge as identified in the SWPPP as well as the status of the receiving waters and fulfill the requirements of the Order of Conditions. The following sections describe the appropriate inspection measures to adequately implement the project's SWPPP. A blank inspection form is provided at the end of this section. Completed inspection forms are to be maintained on site.

##### Inspection Personnel

The owner's appointed representative will be responsible for performing regular inspections of erosion controls and ordering repairs as necessary.

##### Inspection Frequency

Inspections will be performed by qualified personnel once every 7 days, in accordance with the CGP. The inspections must be documented on the inspection form provided at the end of this section, and completed forms will be provided to the on-site supervisor and maintained at the Owner's office throughout the entire duration of construction.

##### Inspection Reporting

Each inspection report will summarize the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection, and major observations relating to the implementation of the SWPPP, including compliance and non-compliance items. Completed inspection reports will remain with the completed SWPPP on site.

#### **3.10.9 Amendment Requirements**

The final SWPPP is intended to be a working document that is utilized regularly on the construction site, and provides guidance to the Contractor. It must reflect changes made to the originally proposed plan and will be updated to include project specific activities and ensure that they are in compliance with the NPDES General Permit and state and local laws and regulations. It should be amended whenever there is a change in design, construction, operation or maintenance that affects discharge of pollutants. The following items should be addressed should an amendment to the SWPPP occur:

- Dates of certain construction activities such as major grading activities, clearing and initiation of and completion of stabilization measures should be recorded.
- Future amendments to the SWPPP will be recorded as required. As this SWPPP is amended, all amendments will be kept on site and made part of the SWPPP.

- Upon completion of site stabilization (completed as designed and/or 70% background vegetative cover), it can be documented and marked on the plans. Inspections are no longer required at this time.
- Inspections often identify areas not included in the original SWPPP, which will require the SWPPP to be amended. These updates should be made within seven days of being recognized by the inspector.

### **3.11 SWPPP Inspection and Maintenance Report**

The following form is an example to be used for SWPPP Inspection Reporting.

## Stormwater Construction Site Inspection and Maintenance Report

TO BE COMPLETED AT LEAST EVERY 7 DAYS. AFTER SITE STABILIZATION, TO BE COMPLETED AT LEAST ONCE PER MONTH FOR THREE YEARS OR UNTIL A NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS FILED (IF APPLICABLE).

General Information			
Project Name	Thorndike Place		
NPDES Tracking No. (if applicable)		Location	Dorothy Road Arlington, MA
Date of Inspection		Start/End Time	
Inspector's Name(s)			
Inspector's Title(s)			
Inspector's Contact Information			
Inspector's Qualifications			
Describe present phase of construction			
<b>Type of Inspection:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-storm event <input type="checkbox"/> During storm event <input type="checkbox"/> Post-storm event			
Weather Information			
<b>Has there been a storm event since the last inspection?</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <b>If yes, provide:</b> Storm Start Date & Time:                      Storm Duration (hrs):                      Approximate Amount of Precipitation (in):			
<b>Weather at time of this inspection?</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Cloudy <input type="checkbox"/> Rain <input type="checkbox"/> Sleet <input type="checkbox"/> Fog <input type="checkbox"/> Snowing <input type="checkbox"/> High Winds <input type="checkbox"/> Other:    Temperature:			
<b>Have any discharges occurred since the last inspection?</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <b>If yes, describe:</b>			
<b>Are there any discharges at the time of inspection?</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <b>If yes, describe:</b>			

### Site-specific BMPs

- Number the structural and non-structural BMPs identified in your SWPPP on your site map and list them below (add as many BMPs as necessary). Carry a copy of the numbered site map with you during your inspections. This list will ensure that you are inspecting all required BMPs at your site.
- Describe corrective actions initiated, date completed, and note the person that completed the work in the Corrective Action Log.

	BMP	BMP Installed?	BMP Maintenance Required?	Corrective Action Needed and Notes Action required by whom and when
1	Catch Basin Protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

	<b>BMP</b>	<b>BMP Installed?</b>	<b>BMP Maintenance Required?</b>	<b>Corrective Action Needed and Notes Action required by whom and when</b>
2	Haybale & Silt Fencing	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
3	Straw Wattles	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
4	Construction Entrance	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
5	Sediment Basins	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
6	Dewatering Pit	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
7		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

#### Overall Site Issues

*Below are some general site issues that should be assessed during inspections. Customize this list as needed for conditions at your site.*

	<b>BMP/activity</b>	<b>Implemented?</b>	<b>Maintenance Required?</b>	<b>Corrective Action Needed and Notes Action required by whom and when</b>
1	Are all slopes and disturbed areas not actively being worked properly stabilized?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2	Are natural resource areas (e.g., streams, wetlands, mature trees, etc.) protected with barriers or similar BMPs?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
3	Are perimeter controls and sediment barriers adequately installed	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	



	<b>BMP/activity</b>	<b>Implemented?</b>	<b>Maintenance Required?</b>	<b>Corrective Action Needed and Notes Action required by whom and when</b>
	(keyed into substrate) and maintained?			
4	Are discharge points and receiving waters free of any sediment deposits?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
5	Are storm drain inlets properly protected?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
6	Is the construction exit preventing sediment from being tracked into the street?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
7	Is trash/litter from work areas collected and placed in covered dumpsters?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
8	Are washout facilities (e.g., paint, stucco, concrete) available, clearly marked, and maintained?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
9	Are vehicle and equipment fueling, cleaning, and maintenance areas free of spills, leaks, or any other deleterious material?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Vehicle Maintenance not allowed on site
10	Are materials that are potential stormwater contaminants stored inside or under cover?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
11	Are non-stormwater discharges (e.g., wash water, dewatering) properly controlled?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
12	(Other)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

**Non-Compliance**

Describe any incidents of non-compliance not described above:

**CERTIFICATION STATEMENT**

“I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.”

**Print name and title:** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Qualified Person Performing the Inspection)

**Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Print name and title:** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Contractor/Operator)

**Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

## **SECTION 4.0**

### **LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION & OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN**

## **4.0 LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION & OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN**

As required by Standard #4 of the Stormwater Management Policy, this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan has been developed for source control and pollution prevention at the site after construction.

### **MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY**

Ensuring that the provisions of the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan are followed will be the responsibility of The Applicant, Arlington Land Realty, LLC.

### **GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES**

The site to be kept clean of trash and debris at all times. Trash, junk, etc. is not to be left outside.

### **VEHICLE WASHING CONTROLS**

The following BMP's, or equivalent measures, methods or practices are required if you are engaged in vehicle washing and/or steam cleaning:

It is allowable to rinse down the body or a vehicle, including the bed of a truck, with just water without doing any wash water control BMP's.

If you wash (with mild detergents) on an area that infiltrates water, such as gravel, grass, or loose soil, it is acceptable to let the wash water infiltrate as long as you only wash the body of vehicles.

However, if you wash on a paved area and use detergents or other cleansers, or if you wash/rinse the engine compartment or the underside of vehicles, you must take the vehicles to a commercial vehicle wash.

### **REQUIREMENTS FOR ROUTINE INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER BMPs**

All stormwater BMPs are to be inspected and maintain as follows;

#### ***Haybales, Silt Fence, and other temporary measures***

The temporary erosion control measures will be installed up gradient of any wetland resource area where any disturbance or alteration might otherwise allow for erosion or sedimentation. They will be regularly inspected to ensure that they are functioning adequately. Additional supplies of these temporary measures will be stockpiled on site for any immediate needs or routine replacement.

#### ***Deep Sump Hooded Catch Basins***

Regular maintenance is essential. Catch basins remain effective at removing pollutants only if they are cleaned out frequently. Inspect or clean basins at least four times per year and at the end of the foliage and snow removal seasons. Sediments must also be removed four times per year or whenever the depth of the deposits in the catch basin sump is greater than or equal to one half the depth from the bottom of the invert of the lowest pipe in the basin.

#### ***Water Quality Treatment Units***

The water quality treatment structures require periodic inspection and cleaning to maintain operation and function. Owners should have these units inspected on a semi-annual basis and after periods of intense precipitation. Inspections can be done by using a clear Plexiglas tube ("sludge judge") to extract a water column sample. When sediment accumulation reaches 15% of storage capacity, cleaning of the unit is required.

These water quality structures must and will be checked and cleaned immediately after petroleum spills; contact appropriate regulatory agencies.

Maintenance of these units should be done by a vacuum truck that will remove the water, sediment, debris, floating hydrocarbons and other materials in unit. Proper cleaning and disposal of the removed materials and liquid must be followed.

### ***Underground Infiltration System***

Maintenance is required for the proper operation of the underground infiltration system. Infiltration systems are prone to failure due to clogging if the upstream water quality units are not maintained. The use of pretreatment BMPs will minimize failure and maintenance requirements.

After construction, the infiltration system shall be inspected after every major storm for the first few months to ensure proper stabilization and function. Water levels in the access ports shall be recorded over several days to check the drainage of the systems. It is recommended that a log book be maintained showing the depth of water in the detention/infiltration systems at each observation in order to determine the rate at which the system dewater after runoff producing storm events. Once the performance characteristics of the detention/infiltration have been verified, the monitoring schedule can be reduced to an annual basis, unless the performance data suggests that a more frequent schedule is required.

Preventive maintenance on the infiltration system shall be performed at least twice a year, and sediment shall be removed from any and all pretreatment and collection structures. Sediment shall be removed when deposits approach within six inches of the invert heights of connecting pipes between unit rows, or in sumped inlet structures. Pondered water inside the systems (as visible from the access ports) that remains after several days most likely indicates that the bottom of the system is clogged and will require cleaning or replacement.

The system is designed with a defined top portal area at the “down-flow” end of the chamber that can be cut out to accept up to a 10-inch diameter riser pipe. The 10-inch riser can be used as an observation well and as access for a vacuum truck tube for use in removing sediment. The “down flow” ends of the units have end walls that are closed on the bottom. The closed bottom functions like a coffer dam, with most of the sediment depositing prior to flowing into the next chamber, facilitating its removal through the riser pipe, which is positioned directly above this area.

### ***Pipe Outlet Protection***

The outlet protection should be checked at least annually and after every major storm. If the rip-rap has been displaced, undermined or damaged, it should be repaired immediately. The channel immediately below the outlet should be checked to see that erosion is not occurring. The downstream channel should be kept clear of obstructions such as fallen trees, debris, and sediment that could change flow patterns and/or tailwater depths on the pipes. Repairs must be carried out immediately to avoid additional damage to the outlet protection apron.

## **PROVISIONS FOR MAINTENANCE OF LAWNS, GARDENS AND OTHER LANDSCAPE AREAS**

### ***Suggested Maintenance Operations***

#### ***A. Trees and Shrubs***

**Disease and Pest Management** - Prevention of disease or infestation is the first step of Pest Management. A plant that is in overall good health is far less susceptible to disease. Good general landscape maintenance can reduce problems from disease.

Inspections of plant materials for signs of disease or infestation are to be performed monthly by the Landscape Maintenance Contractor’s Certified Arborist. This is a critical step for early diagnosis. Trees and Shrubs that have been diagnosed to have a plant disease or an infestation of insect pests are to be treated promptly with an appropriate material by a licensed applicator.

**Fertilization** - Trees and shrubs live outside their natural environment and should be given proper care to maintain health and vigor. Fertilizing trees and shrubs provides the plants with nutrients needed to resist insect attack, to resist drought and to grow thicker foliage. Fertilizing of new and old trees may be done in one of three ways, in either the early spring or the late fall.

- Systemic Injection of new and existing trees on trees 2 inches or greater in diameter. You must be licensed to apply this method.

- **Soil Injection** – a liquid fertilizer with a product such as Arbor Green or Rapid Grow injected into the soil under the drip zone of a tree or shrub. Material must be used according to manufacturers' specifications to be effective. Outside contracting is recommended.
- **Punch Bar Method** – a dry fertilizer such as 10-10-10, may be used by punched holes in the drip zone of the tree 12-18" deep, two feet apart around the circumference, to the edge of the drip line. Three pounds of fertilizer should be used per diameter inch for trees with trunks six inches or more in diameter.
- **Fertilizer of shrubs** – use a fertilizer such as 10-10-10, broadcast over the planting area according to the manufacturers' rate and water in.
- All fertilization must be noted on daily maintenance log.

**Watering** - Trees and Shrubs will need supplemental watering to remain in vigorous health. All new plants need to be watered once a week in cool weather, twice a week during warm weather, and up to three times in a week during periods of extreme heat and drought. Trees and shrubs should be watered in such a manner as to totally saturate the soil in the root zone area. Over-watering or constant saturation of the soil must be avoided as this could lead to root rot and other disease problems. The use of a soil moisture meter can help you monitor the soil's water intake.

**Plant Replacement** - Unhealthy plants that may cause widespread infestation of other nearby plants shall be immediately removed from the site. Any vegetation removed from the site must be recorded and submitted with the daily maintenance log. The area shall be treated to prevent further infestation. The plant shall then be replaced with a healthy specimen of the same species and size. This work shall have a pre-established budget allowance for the year.

A spring inspection of all plant materials shall be performed to identify those plant materials that are not in vigorously healthy condition. Unhealthy plant materials shall be evaluated. If the problem is determined to be minor the plant material shall be given appropriate restorative care in accordance with this maintenance guideline until it is restored to a vigorously healthy condition. Unhealthy plant materials that do not respond to restorative care or are determined to be beyond saving shall be replaced with a healthy specimen of the same species and size. In the case of the necessity of replacing extremely large plant materials the Landscape Architect shall determine the size of the replacement plant.

**Pruning** - Proper pruning is the selective removal of branches without changing the plant's natural appearance, or habit of growth. All tree pruning is to be performed by a licensed Arborist. All branches that are dead, broken, scared or crossing should be removed. All cuts should be made at the collar and not cut flush with the base.

Pruning on the site shall be done for the following purposes;

- To maintain or reduce the size of a tree or shrub
- To remove dead, diseased or damaged branches
- To rejuvenate old shrubs and encourage new growth
- To stimulate future flower and fruit development
- To maximize the visibility of twig color
- To prevent damage and reduce hazards to people and properties

All shrubs are recommended to be pruned on an annual basis to prevent the shrub from becoming overgrown and eliminate the need for drastic pruning. There are several types of pruning for deciduous shrubs. Hand snips should be used to maintain a more natural look or hand shears can be used for a more formal appearance.

**Winter Protection** - All trees and shrubs are to be watered, fertilized, and mulched before the first frost. All stakes should be checked and ties adjusted. Damaged branches should be pruned.

Broadleaf and Coniferous Evergreen plant materials are to be sprayed with an anti-desiccant product to prevent winter burn. The application shall be repeated during a suitable mid-winter thaw.

Shrubs located in areas likely to be piled with snow during snow removal (but not designated as Snow Storage Areas) shall be marked by six-foot high poles with bright green banner flags. Stockpiles of snow are not to be located in these areas due to potential damage to the plant materials from both the weight of the snow and the snow melting chemicals.

At the fall landscape maintenance conference parameters will be discussed between the Landscape Maintenance Contractor and the snow removal contractor to assure minimal damage and loss of landscape amenities during the winter season.

**Seasonal Clean Up** - A thorough spring cleanup is to be performed. This includes the removal and replacement of dead or unhealthy plant materials and the cleanup of plant debris and any general debris that has accumulated over the winter season. Mulch is to be lightly raked to clean debris from the surface without removing any mulch. Twigs and debris are to be removed from the planting beds throughout the growing season.

**Mulching** - Planting beds shall be mulched with a treated shredded hardwood mulch free from dirt, debris, and insects. A sample of this mulch shall be given to the Owner for approval prior to installation.

Maintain a 2-3" maximum depth and keep free of weeds either by hand weeding or by the use of a pre-emergent weed control such as Treflan or Serfian. Seasonal re-mulching shall occur as necessary in the spring and the fall to maintain this minimum depth. When new mulch is added to the planting bed it shall be spread to create a total depth of no more than three inches. Edges should be maintained in a cleanly edged fashion.

Mulch shall not be placed directly against the trunk of any tree or shrub.

**B. *Groundcover and Perennials***

**Disease and Pest Management** – Pesticides and herbicides should be applied only as problems occur, with the proper chemical applied only by a trained professional or in the case of pesticide, a Certified Pesticide Applicator. Plants should be monitored weekly and treated accordingly.

**Fertilizer** – The health of the plants can be maintained or improved, and their growth encouraged by an application of complete fertilizer. Apply a fertilizer such as 4-12-4 as growth becomes apparent and before mulching. Apply to all groundcover and perennial planting areas by hand and avoid letting the fertilizer come in contact with the foliage, or use a liquid fertilizer and apply by soaking the soil. Apply according to the manufacturers' specifications.

Fertilization shall stop at the end of July.

**Water** – Groundcovers and Perennials will need supplemental watering in order to become established, healthy plants. All new plants need to be watered once a week in cool weather, twice a week during warm weather, and up to three times in a week during periods of extreme heat and drought. Until established, groundcovers and perennials should be watered in such a manner as to totally saturate the soil in the root zone area, to a depth of 6 inches. Once established, perennials shall continue to be watered as necessary to maintain them in a vigorous healthy condition. Over-watering or constant saturation of the soil must be avoided as this could lead to root rot and other disease problems. The use of a soil moisture meter can help you monitor the soil's water intake.

On-site water shall be furnished by the Owner. Hose and other watering equipment shall be furnished by the Landscape Maintenance Contractor.

**Replacement** – Any unhealthy plant/s that may cause widespread infestation of other nearby plants shall be immediately removed from the site. Any vegetation removed from the site must be recorded and submitted with the landscape maintenance log. The area shall be treated to prevent further infestation. The plant/s shall then be replaced with healthy specimen/s of the same species and size. Old Forge shall have a pre-established budget allowance for this type of replacement, each year.

Plant material that is damaged as a result of other landscape maintenance activities, such as mowing, shall be replaced with healthy specimens of the same species and size, at no additional cost to the owner.

**Deadheading** – Perennials shall be checked on a weekly basis and dead-headed once flowers have faded or as necessary based on plant type and duration of flower. Spent flowers can be pinched off with the thumb and forefinger. Continue to remove all faded flowers until Fall. All associated debris shall be removed from site daily.

**Staking** – Upright-growing perennials need support especially when in flower. Use of bamboo stakes, galvanized wire hoops or mesh may be necessary for their support. Supports should be put in place before they have become too difficult to handle. The supports should not be taller than the mature height of the perennial plant.

**Division of Perennials** – Two or three-year-old perennials are easily divided in the spring if more plants are needed. To divide, cut out the entire section of plant to be divided, including roots. The larger divisions (those with three or more shoots), can be set out immediately in their permanent location, where they can be expected to bloom the same season. Smaller divisions are best planted in an out-of-the-way planting bed until the following autumn or spring, when they can be moved to their permanent location.

**Weeding** – All planting beds should be kept weed-free. Weed either by hand or with a pre-emergent herbicide such as Treflen used according to manufacturers' specifications. Manual weeding is to be used in combination with the use of spot applications of herbicides. Both live and dead weeds are to be pulled and removed from the site.

All herbicide applications shall be documented in the Landscape Maintenance Log. The actual product label or the manufacturer's product specification sheet for the specific product shall also be included in the Log.

Only personnel with appropriate applicator licenses shall supervise and/or perform the application of pesticide products requiring a license.

**Winterizing** – Perennial gardens should be cleaned-up when growth ceases in the fall. Remove foliage of plants that normally die down to the ground. Divide and replant over-grown clumps.

### ***C. Lawn Areas - Turf Systems***

**Mowing** – Proper mowing is an integral part of any good turf maintenance program. Without it, the finest in fertilization, watering and other vital maintenance practices would be completely ineffective. Proper mowing will help control dicot weeds; help the turf survive during periods of extreme heat, and gain strength and vigor to resist disease and other infestations.

**Mowing height** – The proper mowing height will vary somewhat according to the type of grass. The most common type of seed & sod lawns contain a mixture of bluegrass, fine fescue and perennial rye, which should be mowed at 2-3 inches.

**Mowing frequency** – The basic rule of thumb for mowing frequency is to never remove more than 1/3 of the grass blade in one mowing. Example: if you want to mow your turf at 2 inches, you should cut it when it reaches 3 inches. Removing more than 1/2 of the grass plant at a time can put the plant into shock, thus making it more susceptible to stress disease and weed infestation.

Mowing frequency will vary with the growing season and should be set by the plant height and not a set date. It will often be necessary to mow twice a week during periods of surge growth to help maintain plant health and color. Mowing should be cut back during periods of stress.

Grass clippings should be removed whenever they are thick enough to layer the turf. The return of clippings to the soil actually adds nutrients and helps retain moisture. Heavily clumped grass clippings are a sign of infrequent mowing, calling for an adjustment in the mowing schedule.

When mowing any area, try to alternate mowing patterns. This tends to keep grass blades more erect and assures an even cut. A dull mower will cause color loss due to tearing of the turf plant, and since mowing will ultimately determine the appearance of any turf area there is an absolute necessity for a clean sharp cut.

**Weed & Pest Control and Fertilizing**- In order to maintain turf grass health, vigor color, and nutrients, fertilizer must be added to the soil. Recommendations for fertilization of lawn areas are as follows; fertilize at the rate of one (1) pound of nitrogen per thousand square feet, per year is optimum. Fertilizer should be a balanced slow release, sulfur coated type fertilizer.



**Weed Control** - All turf areas will require some weed control, for both weed grasses and dicot weeds. Weeds should be treated at the appropriate time and with a material labeled for the target weed. Please refer to the fertilizer weed and pest schedule for timing.

**Pest Control** - All turf areas will require some pest control. Pests should be treated at the appropriate time with a material labeled for the target pest. Please refer to the fertilizer, weed and pest schedule for timing.

**Lime** - A common cause for an unhealthy lawn is acidic soil. When the pH is below the neutral range (between 6-7) vital plant nutrients become fixed in the soil and cannot be absorbed by the grass plant. Lime corrects an acid soil condition, supplies calcium for plant growth and improves air and water circulation. Limestone applied at the rate of 50 lbs. per thousand square feet will adjust the soil pH one point over a period of 6-9 months.

**D. *Fertilizer, Weed & Pest Control Schedule – Turf Systems***

Spring - Fertilize one (1) pound of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet  
(April) Pre-emergent weed grass control  
Broadleaf weed control

Late Spring - Fertilize one (1) pound of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet  
(June) Pre-emergent weed grass control  
Broadleaf weed control  
Insect Control (if needed)

\*Summer - Fertilize one (1) pound of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet  
(August) Broadleaf weed control (if needed)  
Insect Control (if needed)

Fall - Fertilize one (1) pound of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet  
(September)

\*Omit if area is not to be irrigated

***Lawn Maintenance Task Schedule***

**MARCH** (Weather permitting)

- Clean up winter debris, sand, leaves, trash etc.
- Re-edge mulch beds, maintain at 2-3" maximum.
- Fertilize plants
- Aerate and thatch turf (conditions permitting)

**APRIL**

- Reseed or sod all areas needing attention.
- Fertilize and weed control
- Lime
- Start mowing when grass reaches 2-1/2", mow to 2"

**MAY**

- Mow turf to 2-2-1/2"
- Weed as necessary.
- Check for disease and pest problems in both turf and plants.

JUNE

- Mow turf to 2-1/2" – 3"
- Fertilize and weed control.
- Weed
- Check for disease and pest problems in both turf and plants, treat as necessary.

**PROVISIONS FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT (SITE TRASH)**

Trash will be placed in on-site dumpsters and the Owner will make provisions for its regular and timely removal.

**SNOW DISPOSAL AND PLOWING PLANS**

The purpose of the snow and snowmelt management plan is to provide guidelines regarding snow disposal site selection, site preparation and maintenance that are acceptable to the Department of Environmental Protection. For the areas that require snow removal, snow storage onsite will largely be accomplished by using pervious areas along the shoulder of the roadway and development as windrowed by plows.

- Avoid dumping of snow into any water body, including rivers, ponds, or wetlands. In addition to water quality impacts and flooding, snow disposed of in open water can cause navigational hazards when it freezes into ice blocks.
- Avoid disposing of snow on top of storm drain catch basins or in stormwater basins. Snow combined with sand and debris may block a storm drainage system, causing localized flooding. A high volume of sand, sediment, and litter released from melting snow also may be quickly transported through the system into surface water.
- In significant storm events, the melting or off-site trucking of snow may be implemented. These activities shall be conducted in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.
- Snow shall be removed from the areas around on-site fire-hydrants to maintain emergency access to hydrants at all times. Removable flags or markers should be placed on hydrants to allow snow removal crews to more easily locate hydrants and not damage them with plows or other snow removal equipment.

**WINTER ROAD SALT AND/OR SAND USE AND STORAGE RESTRICTIONS**

The applicant will be responsible for sanding and salting the site. No storage on site.

**STREET SWEEPING SCHEDULES**

There are three types of sweepers: Mechanical, Regenerative Air, and Vacuum Filter.

- 1) Mechanical: Mechanical sweepers use brooms or rotary brushes to scour the pavement.
- 2) Regenerative Air: These sweepers blow air onto the road or parking lot surface, causing fines to rise where they are vacuumed.
- 3) Vacuum filter: These sweepers remove fines along roads. Two general types of vacuum filter sweepers are available - wet and dry. The dry type uses a broom in combination with the vacuum. The wet type uses water for dust suppression

Regardless of the type chosen, the efficiency of street sweeping is increased when sweepers are operated in tandem.

This project has not included street sweeping as part of the TSS removal calculations. However, it is recommended that street sweeping of the parking areas occur four times a year, including once after the spring snow melt.

#### Reuse and Disposal of Street Sweepings

Once removed from paved surfaces, the sweepings must be handled and disposed of properly. Mass DEP's Bureau of Waste Prevention has issued a written policy regarding the reuse and disposal of street sweepings. These sweepings are regulated as a solid waste, and can be used in three ways:

- In one of the ways already approved by Mass DEP (e.g., daily cover in a landfill, additive to compost, fill in a public way)
- If approved under a Beneficial Use Determination
- Disposed in a landfill

#### **TRAINING OF STAFF OR PERSONNEL INVOLVED WITH IMPLEMENTING LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN**

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is to be implemented by property owner of the site. Trained and, if required, licensed Professionals are to be hired by the owner as applicable to implement the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.

#### **LIST OF EMERGENCY CONTACTS FOR IMPLEMENTING LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN**

The applicant will be required to implement the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan and will create and maintain a list of emergency contacts.

**POST CONSTRUCTION PHASE INSPECTION SCHEDULE AND EVALUATION CHECKLIST**

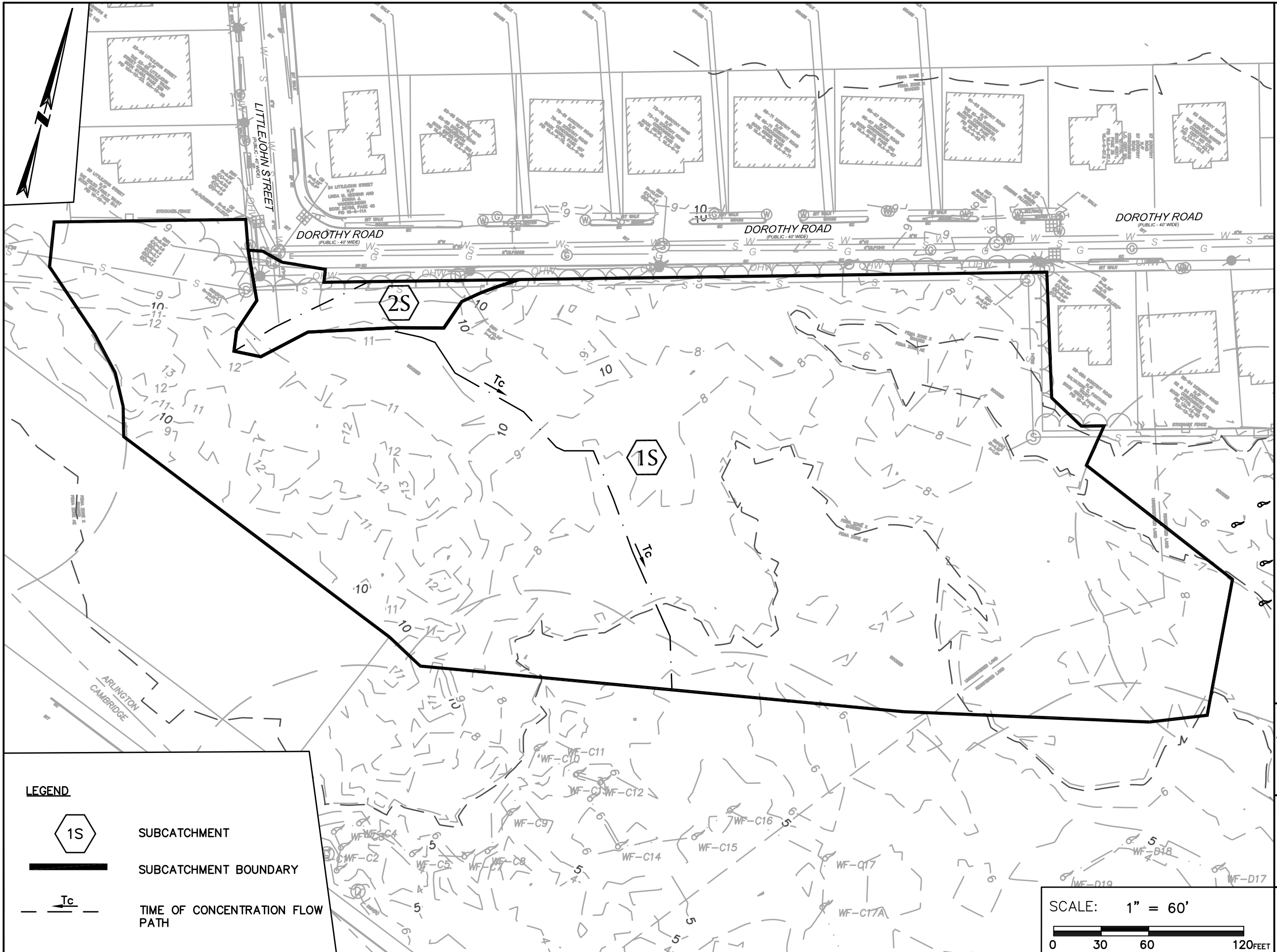
<b>Inspection Date</b>	<b>Inspector</b>	<b>BMP Inspected</b>	<b>Inspection Frequency Requirements</b>	<b>Comments</b>	<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>Follow-up Inspection Required (yes/no)</b>
		Catch Basin	Four times a year			
		Water Quality Units	Four times a year			
		Infiltration System	Twice a year			
		Pipe Outlet Protection	Once a year			

1. Refer to the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook Volume Two: Stormwater Technical Handbook (February 2008) for recommendations regarding frequency for inspections and maintenance of specific BMP's
2. Inspections to be conducted by a qualified professional such as an environmental scientist or civil engineer.
3. Limited or no use of sodium chloride salts, fertilizers or pesticides recommended.
4. Other Notes: (Include deviations from Conservation Commission Approvals, Planning Board Approvals and Approved Plans)

## **SECTION 5.0**

### **HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS**

## **5.01 EXISTING WATERSHED PLAN**



THORNDIKE PLACE

DOROTHY ROAD

ARLINGTON  
MASSACHUSETTS  
(MIDDLESEX COUNTY)

EXISTING WATERSHED  
PLAN

NOVEMBER 3, 2020

PREPARED  
FOR:  
ARLINGTON LAND REALTY  
84 SHERMAN STREET  
CAMBRIDGE, MA



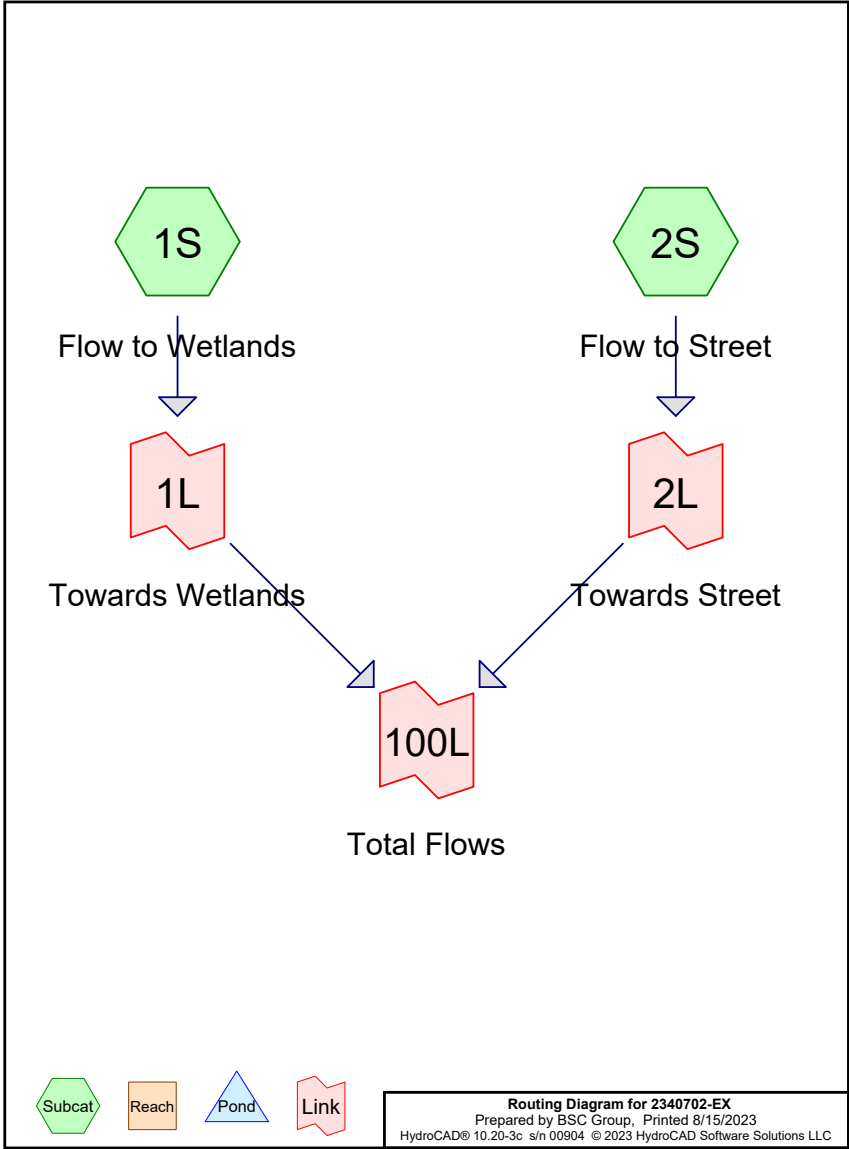
803 Summer Street  
Boston, Massachusetts  
02127

617.896.4300

Job No.: 23407.00 Date: 11/3/2020  
Scale: 1" = 60' Revised: 08/18/2021  
Dwg No: EXW  
File: C:\DRAINAGE DESIGN\2340700-EXW

## **5.02 EXISTING HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS (HYDROCAD™ PRINTOUTS)**





**2340702-EX**

Prepared by BSC Group  
HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 00904 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Printed 8/15/2023  
Page 2

**Area Listing (all nodes)**

Area (sq-ft)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C (2S)
157,761	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 2S)
<b>158,686</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>TOTAL AREA</b>

Soil Listing (all nodes)		
Area (sq-ft)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0	HSG A	1S, 2S
0	HSG B	
158,686	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
158,686	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (all nodes)							
HSG-A (sq-ft)	HSG-B (sq-ft)	HSG-C (sq-ft)	HSG-D (sq-ft)	Other (sq-ft)	Total (sq-ft)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
0	0	925	0	0	925	Paved parking	2S
0	0	157,761	0	0	157,761	Woods, Good	1S,
							2S
0	0	158,686	0	0	158,686	TOTAL AREA	

Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 2401 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**      Runoff Area=151,732 sf   0.00% Impervious   Runoff Depth>1.34"  
Flow Length=310'   Tc=17.5 min   CN=70   Runoff=3.7 cfs   16,903 cf

**Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street**      Runoff Area=6,954 sf   13.30% Impervious   Runoff Depth>1.61"  
Flow Length=95'   Tc=6.0 min   CN=74   Runoff=0.3 cfs   932 cf

**Link 1L: Towards Wetlands**      Inflow=3.7 cfs   16,903 cf  
Primary=3.7 cfs   16,903 cf

**Link 2L: Towards Street**      Inflow=0.3 cfs   932 cf  
Primary=0.3 cfs   932 cf

**Link 100L: Total Flows**      Inflow=3.8 cfs   17,836 cf  
Primary=3.8 cfs   17,836 cf

Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf   Runoff Volume = 17,836 cf   Average Runoff Depth = 1.35"  
99.42% Pervious = 157,761 sf   0.58% Impervious = 925 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands

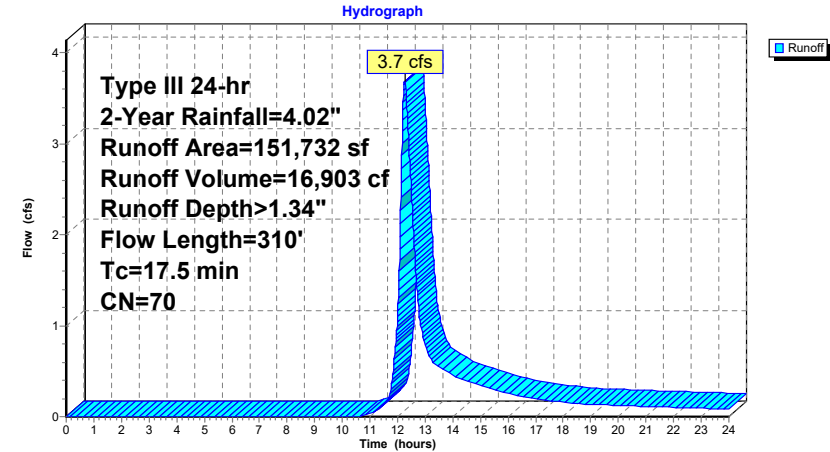
Runoff      =      3.7 cfs @   12.26 hrs, Volume=      16,903 cf, Depth> 1.34"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
151,732	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
151,732		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.4	50	0.0240	0.07		Sheet Flow, A to B
					Woods: Light underbrush   n= 0.400   P2= 3.23"
6.1	260	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland   Kv= 5.0 fps
17.5	310	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

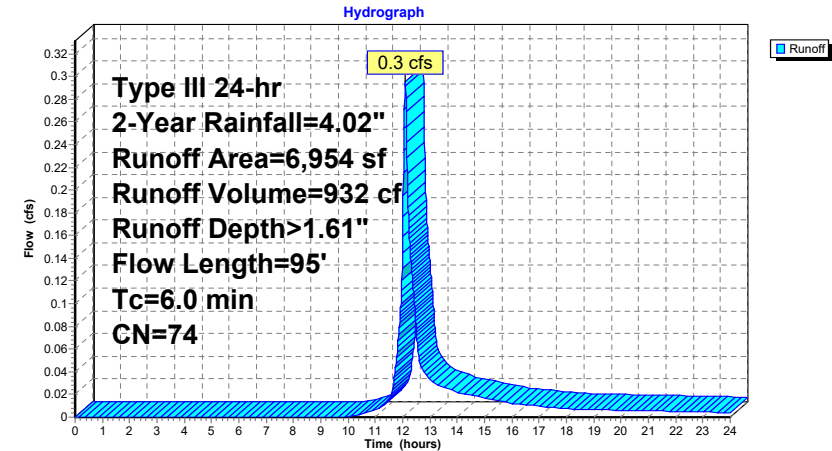
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 932 cf, Depth> 1.61"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,029	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,954	74	Weighted Average
6,029		86.70% Pervious Area
925		13.30% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.5	20	0.0750	0.10		Sheet Flow, A to B
1.8	75	0.0200	0.71		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
					Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
5.3	95				Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 6.0 min

Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

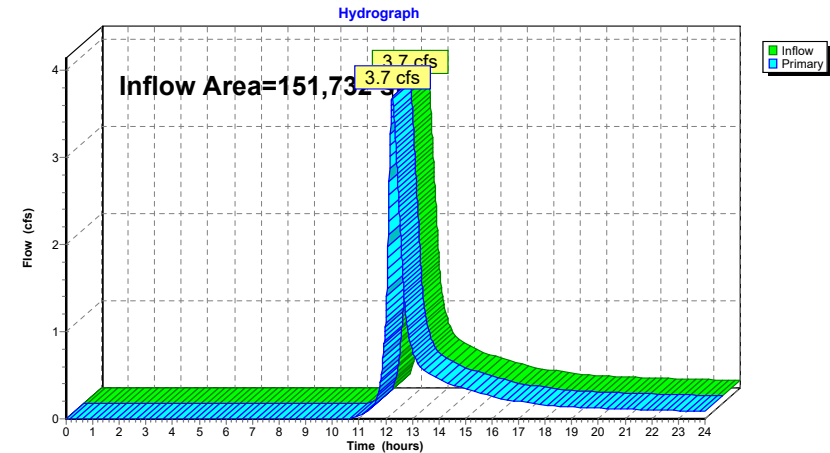


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 151,732 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.34" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.7 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 16,903 cf  
Primary = 3.7 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 16,903 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

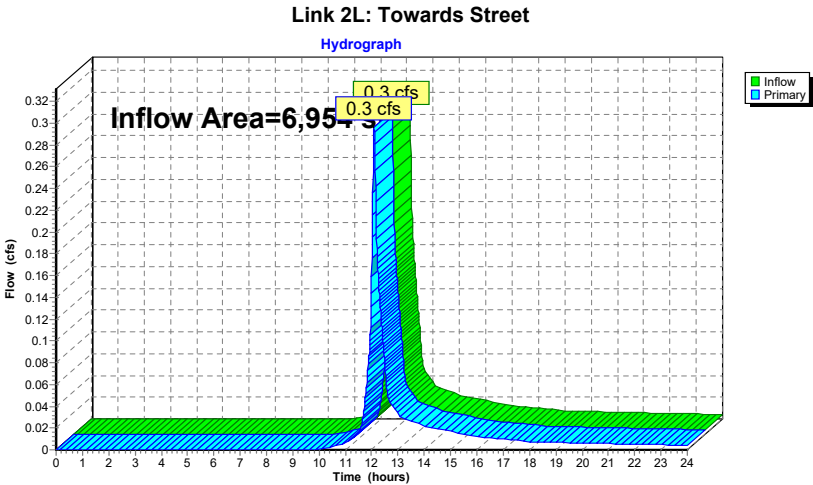
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands



Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 6,954 sf, 13.30% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.61" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 932 cf  
Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 932 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

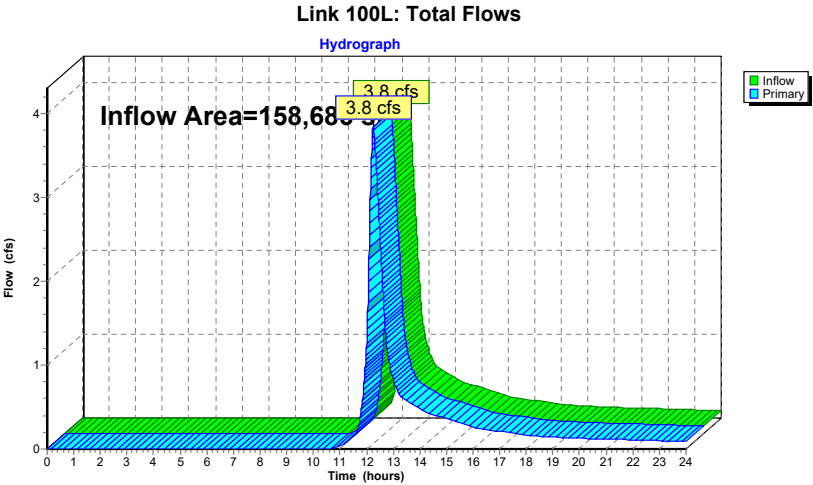
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.35" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.8 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 17,836 cf  
Primary = 3.8 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 17,836 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 2401 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**      Runoff Area=151,732 sf   0.00% Impervious   Runoff Depth>3.11"  
Flow Length=310'   Tc=17.5 min   CN=70   Runoff=9.0 cfs   39,374 cf

**Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street**      Runoff Area=6,954 sf   13.30% Impervious   Runoff Depth>3.52"  
Flow Length=95'   Tc=6.0 min   CN=74   Runoff=0.7 cfs   2,040 cf

**Link 1L: Towards Wetlands**      Inflow=9.0 cfs   39,374 cf  
Primary=9.0 cfs   39,374 cf

**Link 2L: Towards Street**      Inflow=0.7 cfs   2,040 cf  
Primary=0.7 cfs   2,040 cf

**Link 100L: Total Flows**      Inflow=9.4 cfs   41,414 cf  
Primary=9.4 cfs   41,414 cf

Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf   Runoff Volume = 41,414 cf   Average Runoff Depth = 3.13"  
99.42% Pervious = 157,761 sf   0.58% Impervious = 925 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands

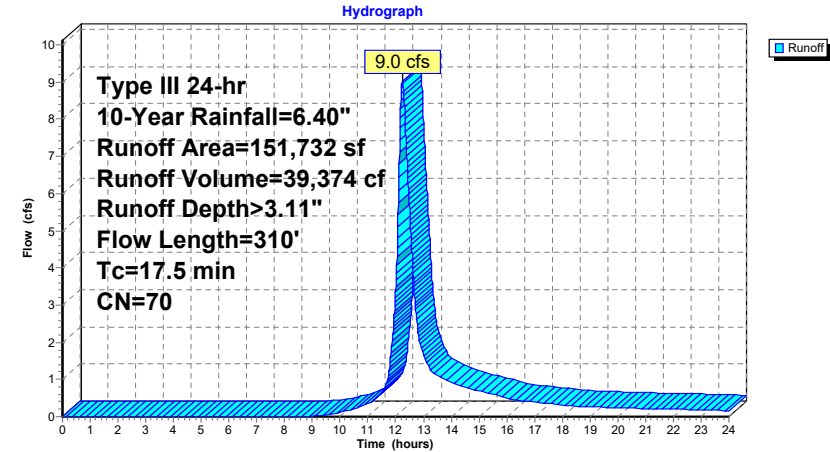
Runoff      =      9.0 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume=      39,374 cf, Depth> 3.11"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
151,732	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
151,732		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.4	50	0.0240	0.07		Sheet Flow, A to B
6.1	260	0.0200	0.71		Woods: Light underbrush   n= 0.400   P2= 3.23"
					Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland   Kv= 5.0 fps
17.5	310	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

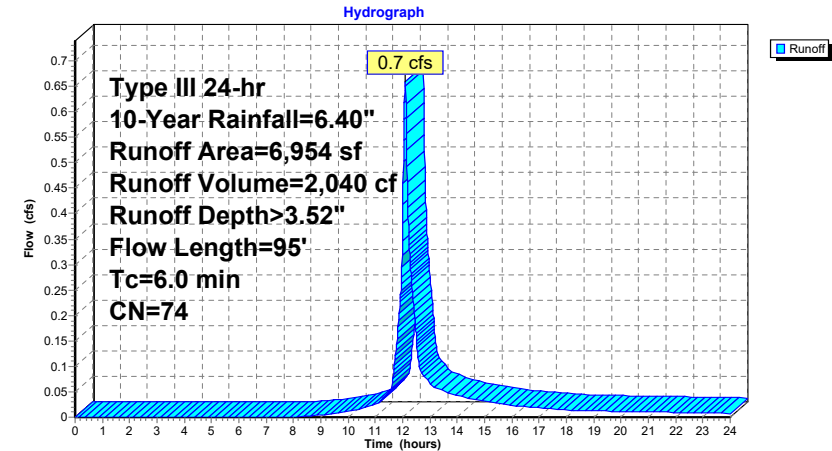
Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,040 cf, Depth> 3.52"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,029	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,954	74	Weighted Average
6,029		86.70% Pervious Area
925		13.30% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.5	20	0.0750	0.10		Sheet Flow, A to B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
1.8	75	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
5.3	95				Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 6.0 min

Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

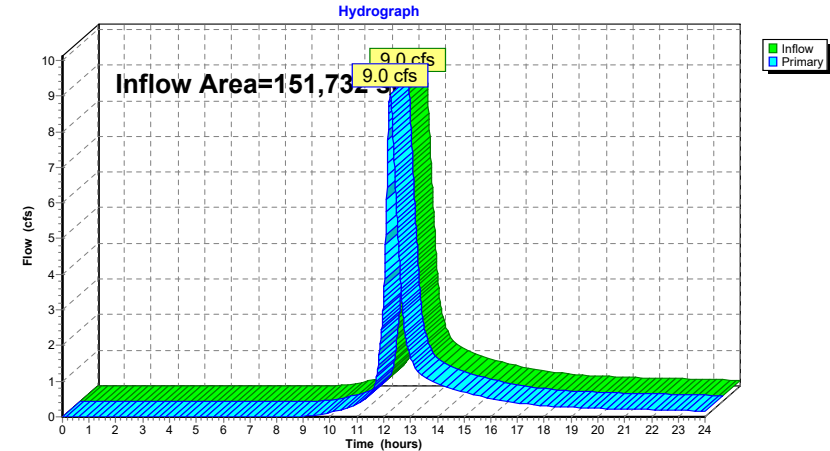


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 151,732 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.11" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 9.0 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 39,374 cf  
Primary = 9.0 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 39,374 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

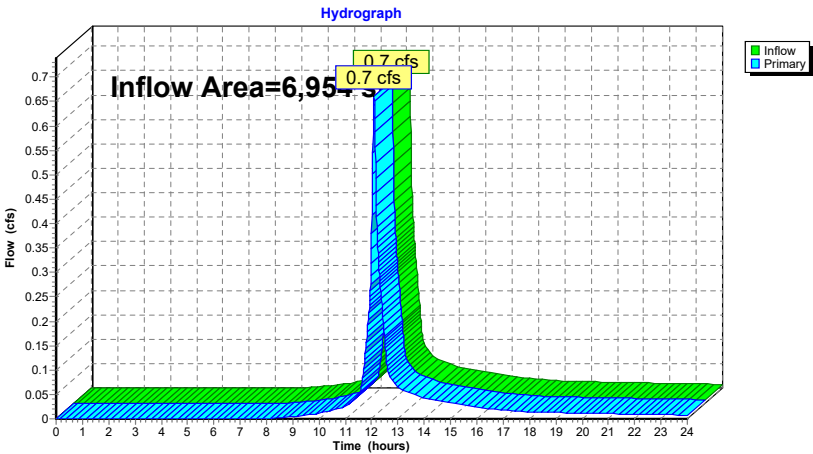


Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 6,954 sf, 13.30% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.52" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,040 cf  
Primary = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,040 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

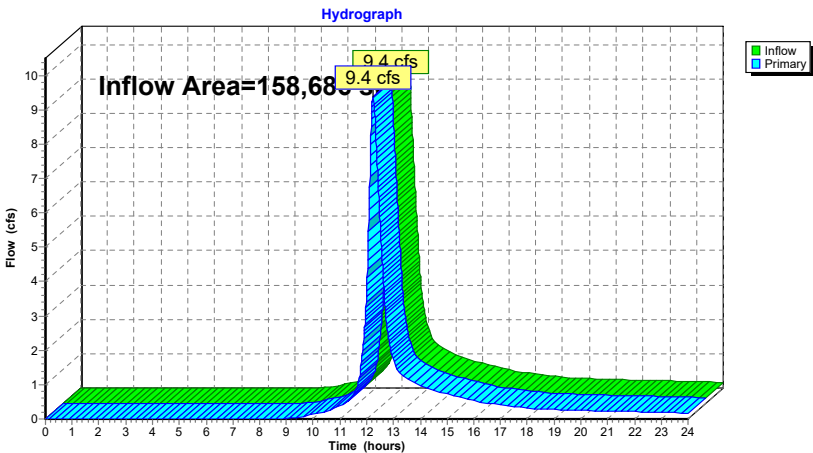


Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.13" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 9.4 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 41,414 cf  
Primary = 9.4 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 41,414 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows





Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 2401 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**      Runoff Area=151,732 sf   0.00% Impervious   Runoff Depth>4.71"  
Flow Length=310'   Tc=17.5 min   CN=70   Runoff=13.7 cfs   59,512 cf

**Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street**      Runoff Area=6,954 sf   13.30% Impervious   Runoff Depth>5.19"  
Flow Length=95'   Tc=6.0 min   CN=74   Runoff=1.0 cfs   3,007 cf

**Link 1L: Towards Wetlands**      Inflow=13.7 cfs   59,512 cf  
Primary=13.7 cfs   59,512 cf

**Link 2L: Towards Street**      Inflow=1.0 cfs   3,007 cf  
Primary=1.0 cfs   3,007 cf

**Link 100L: Total Flows**      Inflow=14.2 cfs   62,519 cf  
Primary=14.2 cfs   62,519 cf

Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf   Runoff Volume = 62,519 cf   Average Runoff Depth = 4.73"  
99.42% Pervious = 157,761 sf   0.58% Impervious = 925 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands

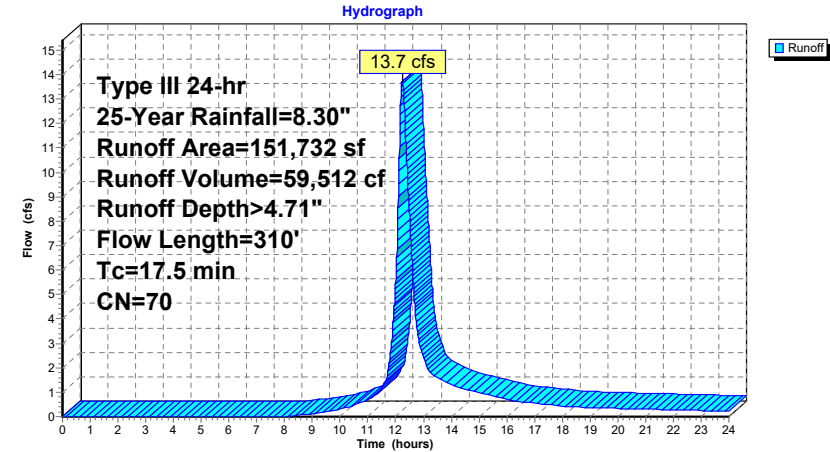
Runoff        =        13.7 cfs @   12.23 hrs, Volume=        59,512 cf, Depth> 4.71"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
151,732	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
151,732		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.4	50	0.0240	0.07		Sheet Flow, A to B
6.1	260	0.0200	0.71		Woods: Light underbrush   n= 0.400   P2= 3.23"
					Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland   Kv= 5.0 fps
17.5	310	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

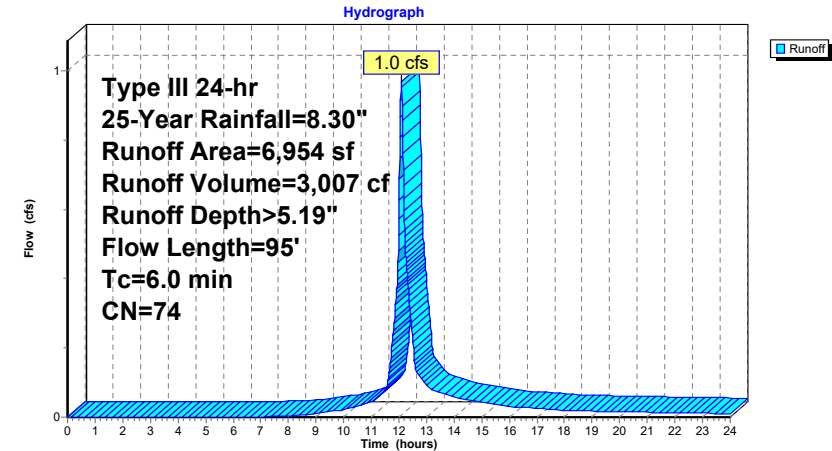
Runoff = 1.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,007 cf, Depth> 5.19"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,029	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,954	74	Weighted Average
6,029		86.70% Pervious Area
925		13.30% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.5	20	0.0750	0.10		Sheet Flow, A to B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
1.8	75	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
5.3	95				Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 6.0 min

Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

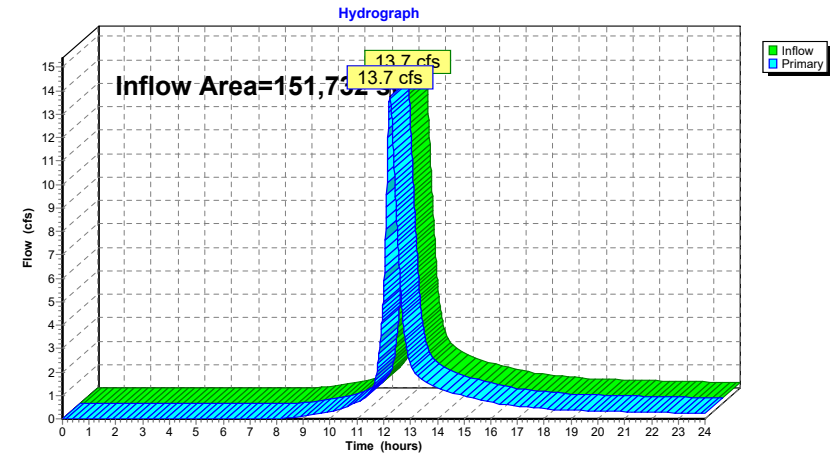


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 151,732 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.71" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 13.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 59,512 cf  
Primary = 13.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 59,512 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

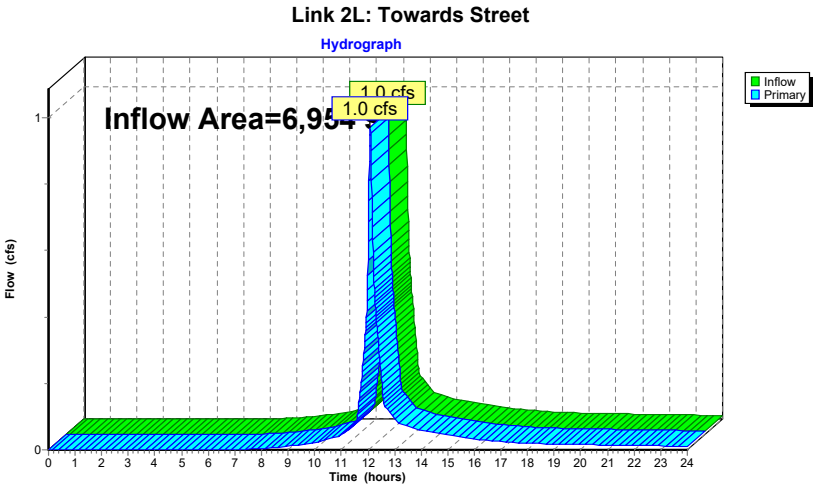
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands



Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 6,954 sf, 13.30% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 5.19" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 1.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,007 cf  
Primary = 1.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,007 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

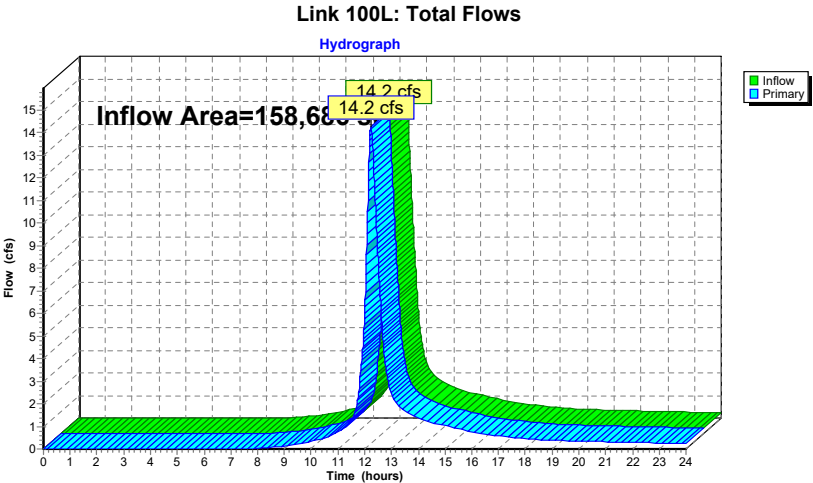
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.73" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 14.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 62,519 cf  
Primary = 14.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 62,519 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 2401 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**      Runoff Area=151,732 sf   0.00% Impervious   Runoff Depth>5.91"  
Flow Length=310'   Tc=17.5 min   CN=70   Runoff=17.2 cfs   74,721 cf

**Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street**      Runoff Area=6,954 sf   13.30% Impervious   Runoff Depth>6.44"  
Flow Length=95'   Tc=6.0 min   CN=74   Runoff=1.2 cfs   3,730 cf

**Link 1L: Towards Wetlands**      Inflow=17.2 cfs   74,721 cf  
Primary=17.2 cfs   74,721 cf

**Link 2L: Towards Street**      Inflow=1.2 cfs   3,730 cf  
Primary=1.2 cfs   3,730 cf

**Link 100L: Total Flows**      Inflow=17.9 cfs   78,451 cf  
Primary=17.9 cfs   78,451 cf

**Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf   Runoff Volume = 78,451 cf   Average Runoff Depth = 5.93"**  
**99.42% Pervious = 157,761 sf   0.58% Impervious = 925 sf**

**Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**

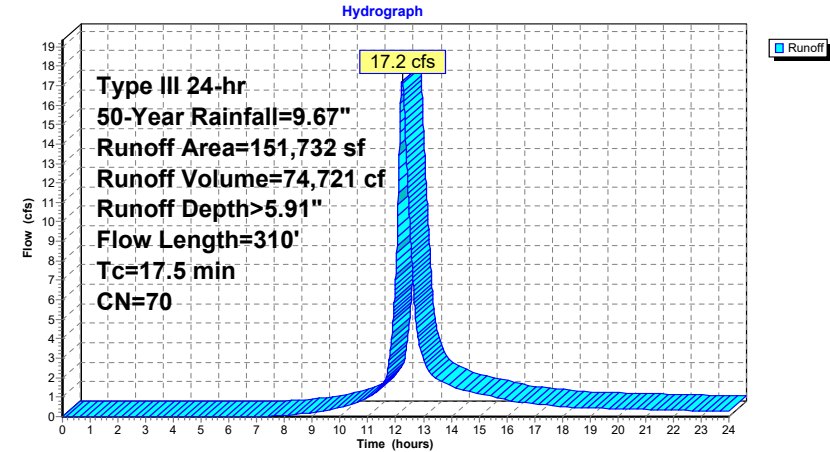
Runoff      =      17.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume=      74,721 cf, Depth> 5.91"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
151,732	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
151,732		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.4	50	0.0240	0.07		<b>Sheet Flow, A to B</b> Woods: Light underbrush   n= 0.400   P2= 3.23"
6.1	260	0.0200	0.71		<b>Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C</b> Woodland   Kv= 5.0 fps
17.5	310	Total			

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands**



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

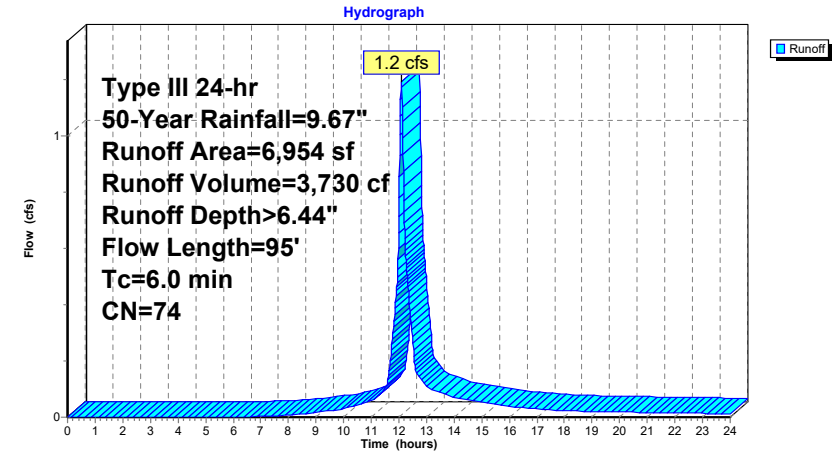
Runoff = 1.2 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,730 cf, Depth> 6.44"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,029	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,954	74	Weighted Average
6,029		86.70% Pervious Area
925		13.30% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.5	20	0.0750	0.10		Sheet Flow, A to B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
1.8	75	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
5.3	95				Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 6.0 min

Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

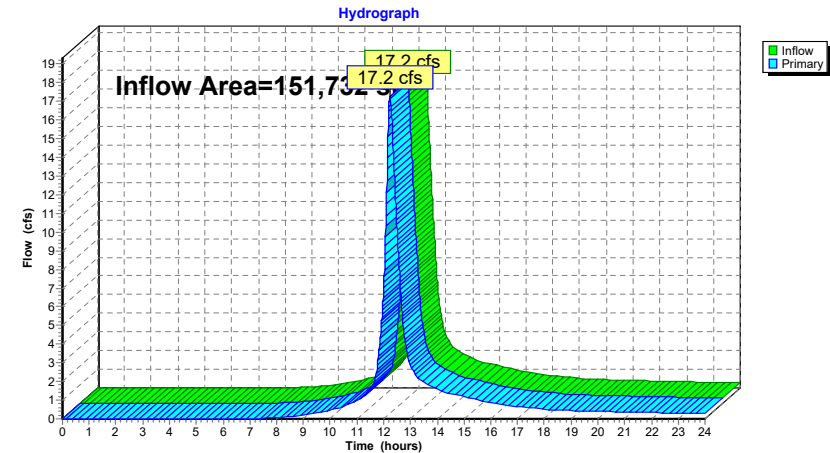


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 151,732 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 5.91" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 17.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 74,721 cf  
Primary = 17.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 74,721 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

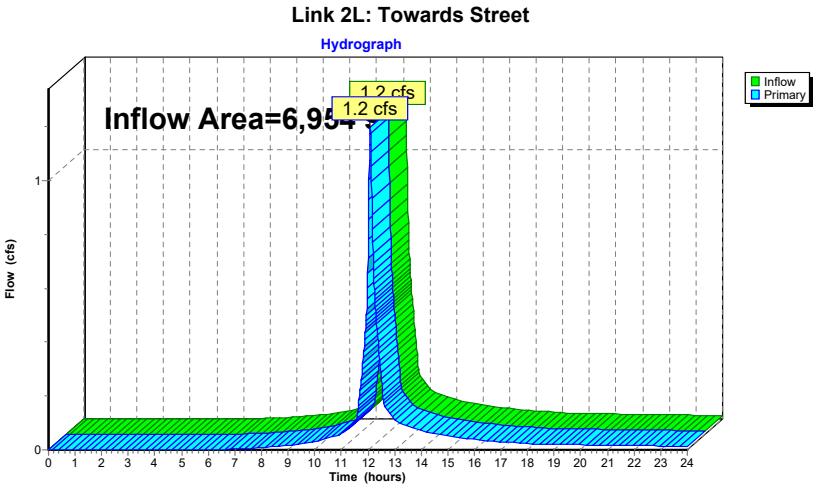
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands



Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 6,954 sf, 13.30% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 6.44" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 1.2 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,730 cf  
Primary = 1.2 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,730 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

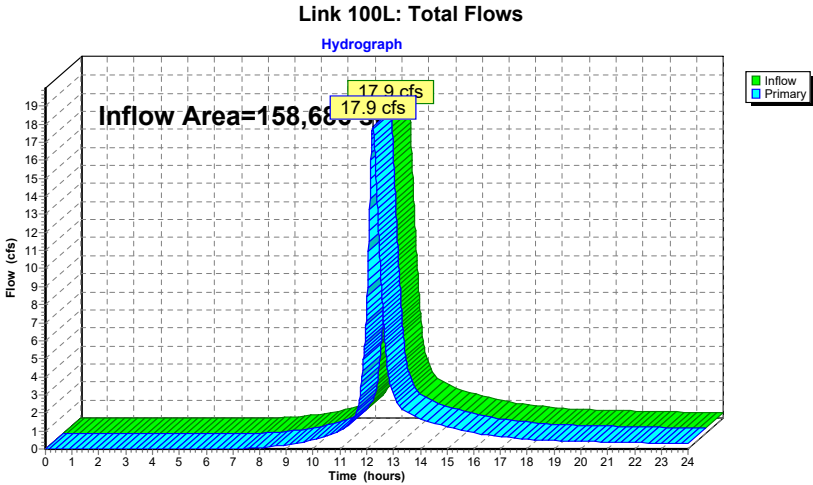
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 5.93" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 17.9 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 78,451 cf  
Primary = 17.9 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 78,451 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 2401 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

**Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands** Runoff Area=151,732 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.56"  
Flow Length=310' Tc=17.5 min CN=70 Runoff=22.0 cfs 95,631 cf

**Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street** Runoff Area=6,954 sf 13.30% Impervious Runoff Depth>8.14"  
Flow Length=95' Tc=6.0 min CN=74 Runoff=1.5 cfs 4,716 cf

**Link 1L: Towards Wetlands** Inflow=22.0 cfs 95,631 cf  
Primary=22.0 cfs 95,631 cf

**Link 2L: Towards Street** Inflow=1.5 cfs 4,716 cf  
Primary=1.5 cfs 4,716 cf

**Link 100L: Total Flows** Inflow=22.7 cfs 100,347 cf  
Primary=22.7 cfs 100,347 cf

Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf Runoff Volume = 100,347 cf Average Runoff Depth = 7.59"  
99.42% Pervious = 157,761 sf 0.58% Impervious = 925 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands

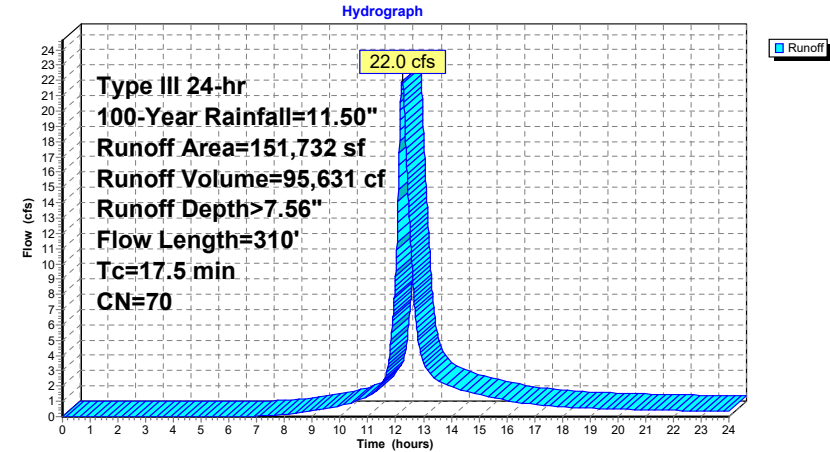
Runoff = 22.0 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 95,631 cf, Depth> 7.56"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
151,732	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
151,732		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.4	50	0.0240	0.07		Sheet Flow, A to B
6.1	260	0.0200	0.71		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
					Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
17.5	310	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: Flow to Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

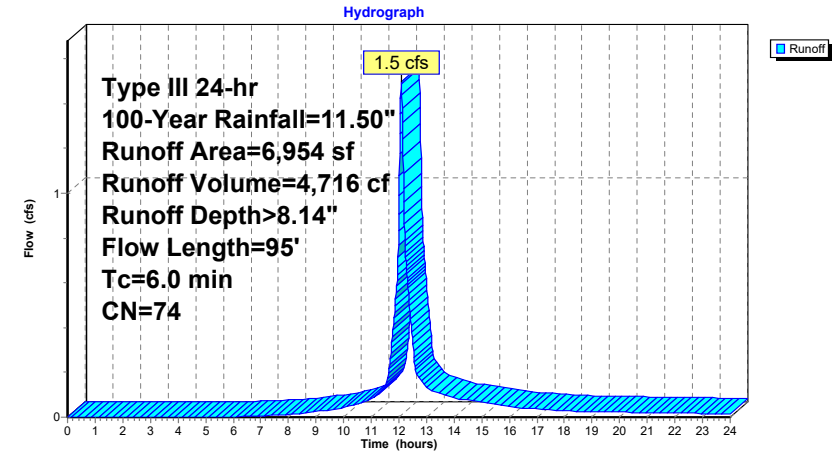
Runoff = 1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,716 cf, Depth> 8.14"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,029	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
925	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,954	74	Weighted Average
6,029		86.70% Pervious Area
925		13.30% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
3.5	20	0.0750	0.10		Sheet Flow, A to B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
1.8	75	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B to C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
5.3	95				Total, Increased to minimum Tc = 6.0 min

Subcatchment 2S: Flow to Street

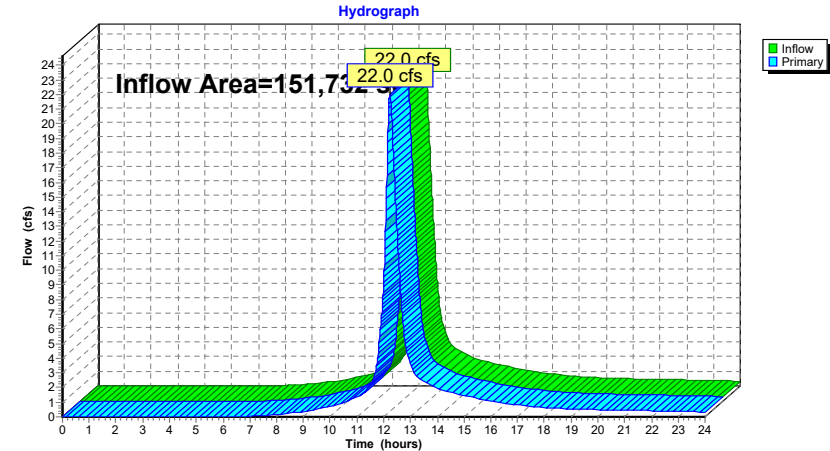


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 151,732 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 7.56" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 22.0 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 95,631 cf  
Primary = 22.0 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 95,631 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

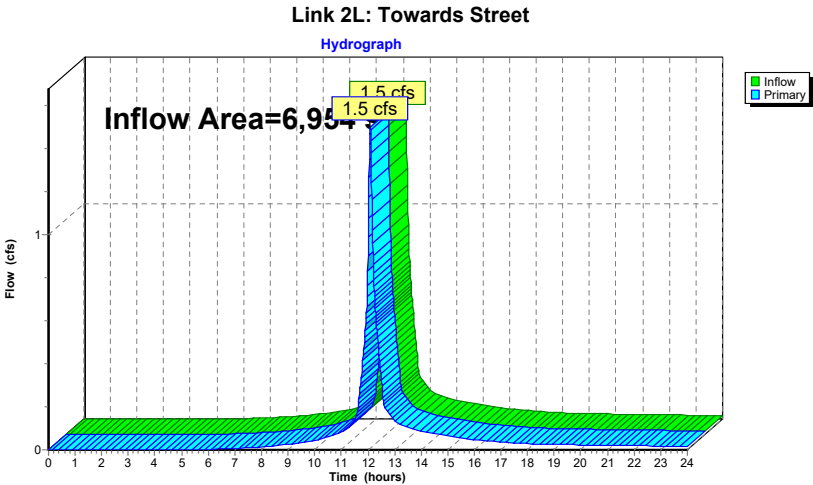




Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 6,954 sf, 13.30% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 8.14" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,716 cf  
Primary = 1.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,716 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

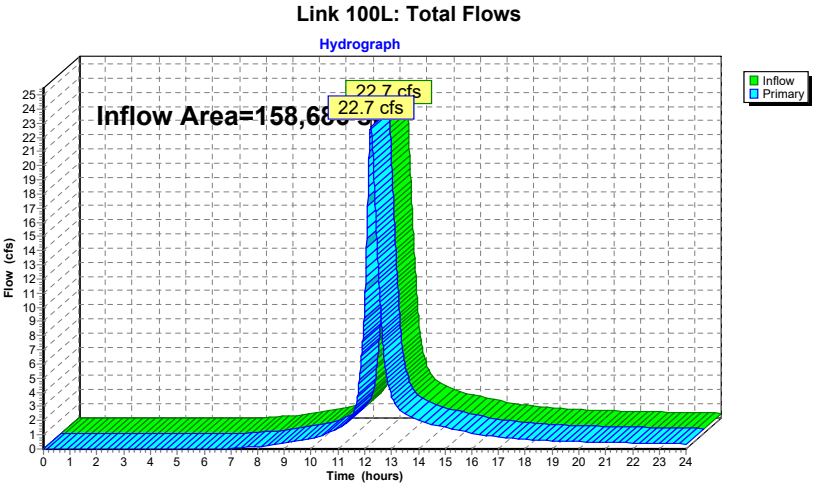
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



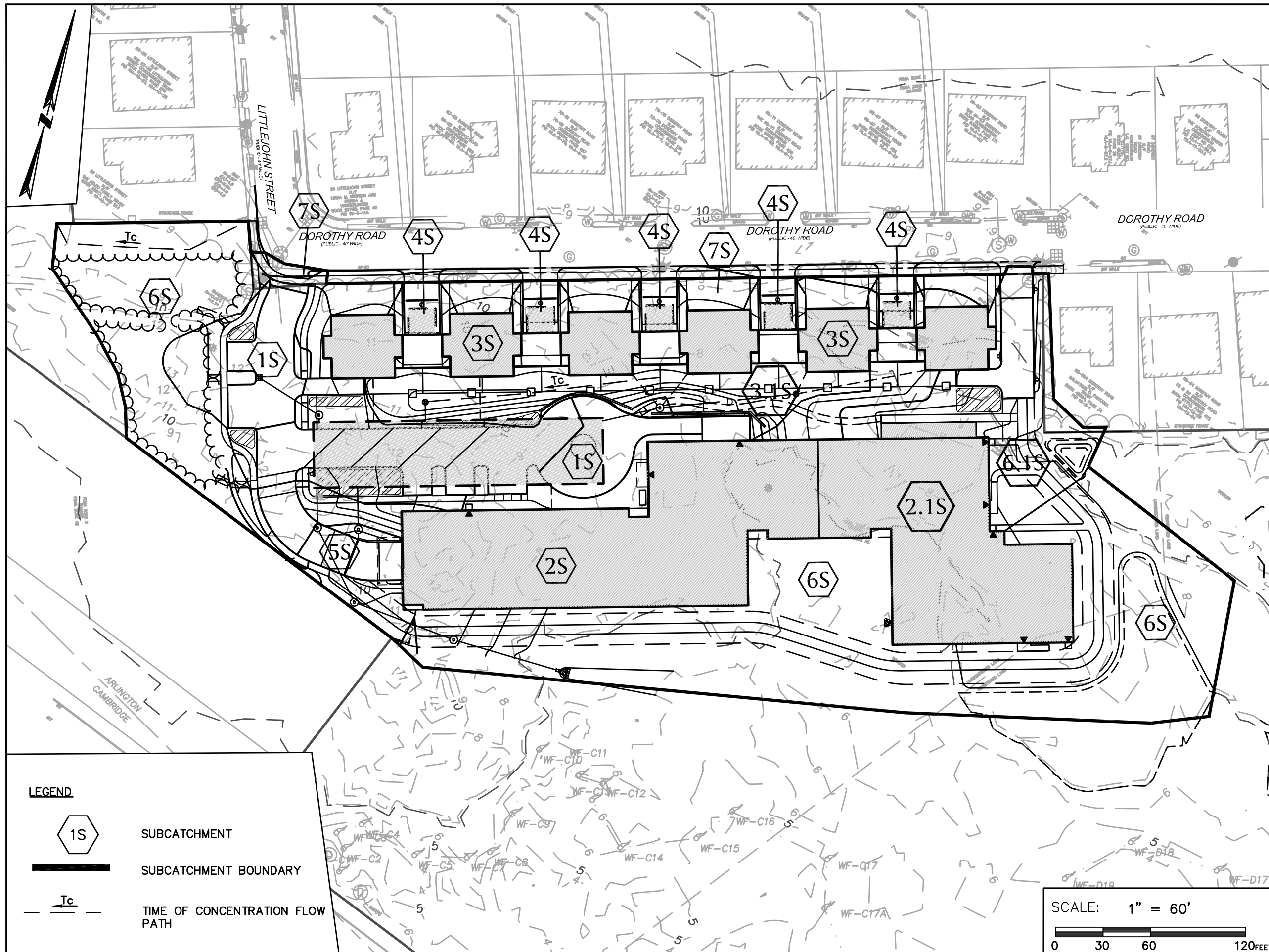
Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 0.58% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 7.59" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 22.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 100,347 cf  
Primary = 22.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 100,347 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



## **5.03 PROPOSED WATERSHED PLAN**



THORNDIKE PLACE

DOROTHY ROAD

ARLINGTON  
MASSACHUSETTS  
(MIDDLESEX COUNTY)

PROPOSED WATERSHED  
PLAN

NOVEMBER 3, 2020

PREPARED  
FOR:  
ARLINGTON LAND REALTY  
84 SHERMAN STREET  
CAMBRIDGE, MA

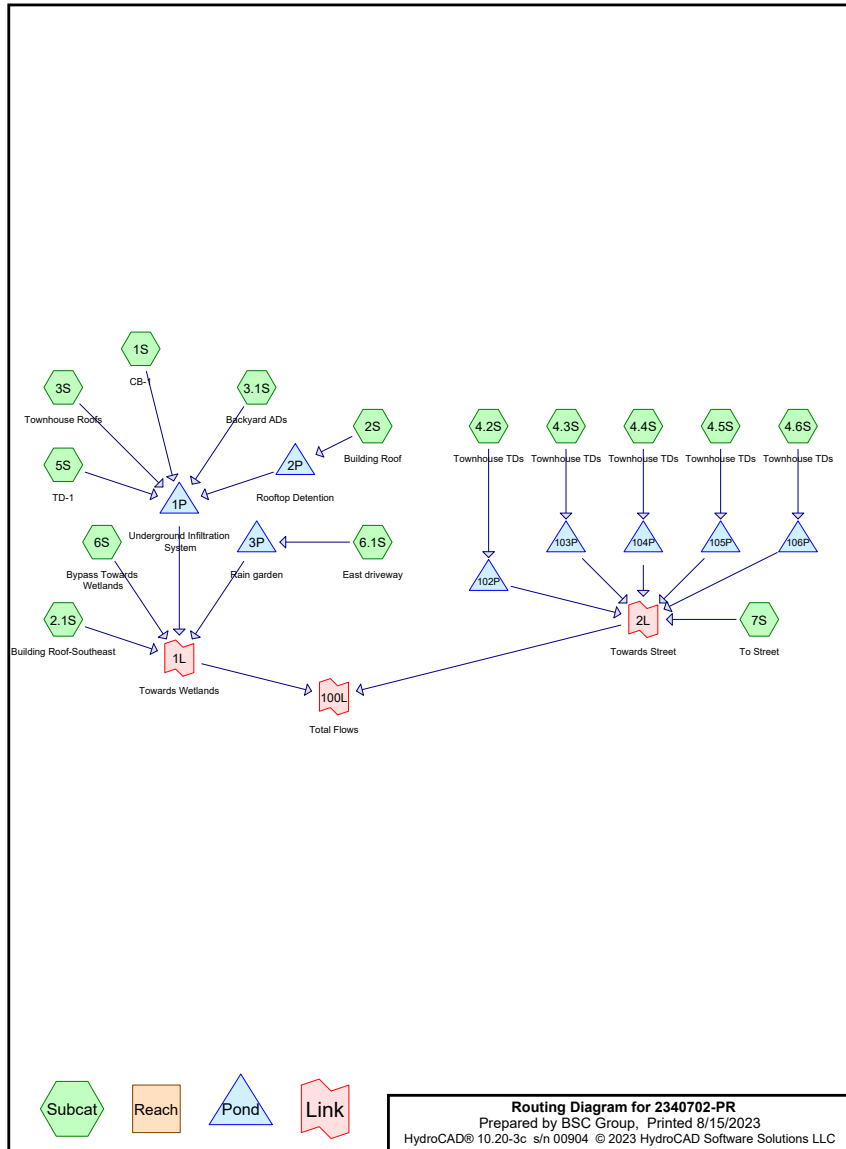


803 Summer Street  
Boston, Massachusetts  
02127

617 896 4300

Job No.: 23407.00 Date: 11/3/2020  
Scale: 1" = 60' Revised: 08/18/2021  
Dwg No: PRW  
File: C:\DRAINAGE DESIGN\2340700-PRW

## **5.04 PROPOSED HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS (HYDROCAD™ PRINTOUTS)**



## 2340702-PR

Prepared by BSC Group

HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 00904 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Printed 8/15/2023

Page 2

### Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (sq-ft)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
74,444	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1S, 3.1S, 4.2S, 4.3S, 4.4S, 4.5S, 4.6S, 5S, 6.1S, 6S, 7S)
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C (6.1S)
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C (3.1S)
25,811	98	Paved parking, HSG C (1S, 4.2S, 4.3S, 4.4S, 4.5S, 4.6S, 5S, 7S)
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C (6.1S)
46,099	98	Roofs, HSG C (2.1S, 2S, 3S, 6S)
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C (3.1S)
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (6S)
<b>158,686</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>TOTAL AREA</b>

Soil Listing (all nodes)		
Area (sq-ft)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0	HSG A	1S, 2.1S, 2S, 3.1S, 3S, 4.2S, 4.3S, 4.4S, 4.5S, 4.6S, 5S, 6.1S, 6S, 7S
0	HSG B	
158,686	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
158,686	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (all nodes)						
HSG-A (sq-ft)	HSG-B (sq-ft)	HSG-C (sq-ft)	HSG-D (sq-ft)	Other (sq-ft)	Total (sq-ft)	Ground Cover
0	0	74,444	0	0	74,444	>75% Grass cover, Good
0	0	220	0	0	220	Gravel roads
0	0	411	0	0	411	Gravel sidewalk
0	0	25,811	0	0	25,811	Paved parking
0	0	6,444	0	0	6,444	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers
0	0	46,099	0	0	46,099	Roofs
0	0	272	0	0	272	Unconnected pavement
0	0	4,985	0	0	4,985	Woods, Good
0	0	158,686	0	0	158,686	TOTAL AREA

Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1	Runoff Area=22,742 sf 72.16% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.04" Tc=6.0 min CN=91 Runoff=1.8 cfs 5,755 cf
Subcatchment 2.1S: Building	Runoff Area=14,140 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.3 cfs 4,460 cf
Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof	Runoff Area=18,785 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.7 cfs 5,925 cf
Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs	Runoff Area=8,985 sf 3.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.68" Flow Length=147' Tc=10.3 min CN=75 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,259 cf
Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs	Runoff Area=13,067 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.2 cfs 4,122 cf
Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,112 sf 95.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.67" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.1 cfs 340 cf
Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,105 sf 97.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.67" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.1 cfs 338 cf
Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,104 sf 97.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.67" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.1 cfs 338 cf
Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,082 sf 98.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 341 cf
Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,056 sf 99.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 333 cf
Subcatchment 5S: TD-1	Runoff Area=5,851 sf 51.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.56" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,250 cf
Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway	Runoff Area=12,275 sf 52.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.66" Tc=6.0 min CN=87 Runoff=0.9 cfs 2,716 cf
Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards	Runoff Area=51,539 sf 0.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.61" Flow Length=125' Tc=14.0 min CN=74 Runoff=1.7 cfs 6,919 cf
Subcatchment 7S: To Street	Runoff Area=5,843 sf 18.07% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.90" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.3 cfs 927 cf
Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System	Peak Elev=7.62' Storage=11,323 cf Inflow=3.8 cfs 18,298 cf Discarded=0.1 cfs 17,316 cf Primary=0.1 cfs 982 cf Outflow=0.2 cfs 18,298 cf
Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention	Peak Elev=57.21' Storage=3,080 cf Inflow=1.7 cfs 5,925 cf Outflow=0.2 cfs 5,913 cf

Pond 3P: Rain garden	Peak Elev=6.37' Storage=196 cf Inflow=0.9 cfs 2,716 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 411 cf Primary=0.9 cfs 2,305 cf Outflow=0.9 cfs 2,716 cf
Pond 102P:	Peak Elev=6.71' Storage=189 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 340 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 340 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 340 cf
Pond 103P:	Peak Elev=6.71' Storage=187 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 338 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 338 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 338 cf
Pond 104P:	Peak Elev=6.71' Storage=187 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 338 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 338 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 338 cf
Pond 105P:	Peak Elev=6.70' Storage=186 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 341 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 341 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 341 cf
Pond 106P:	Peak Elev=6.68' Storage=180 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 333 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 333 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 333 cf
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands	Inflow=3.4 cfs 14,666 cf Primary=3.4 cfs 14,666 cf
Link 2L: Towards Street	Inflow=0.3 cfs 927 cf Primary=0.3 cfs 927 cf
Link 100L: Total Flows	Inflow=3.6 cfs 15,592 cf Primary=3.6 cfs 15,592 cf
Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf Runoff Volume = 35,023 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.65" 50.45% Pervious = 80,060 sf 49.55% Impervious = 78,626 sf	

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: CB-1

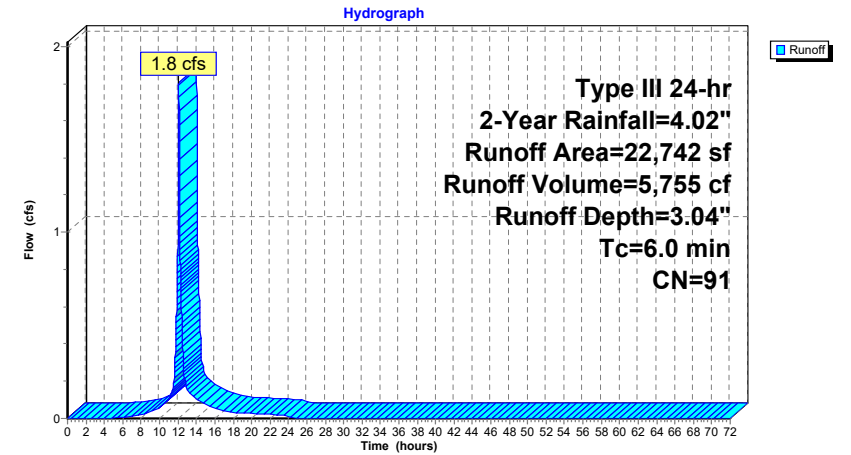
Runoff = 1.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,755 cf, Depth= 3.04"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,410	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,332	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
22,742	91	Weighted Average
6,332		27.84% Pervious Area
16,410		72.16% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast

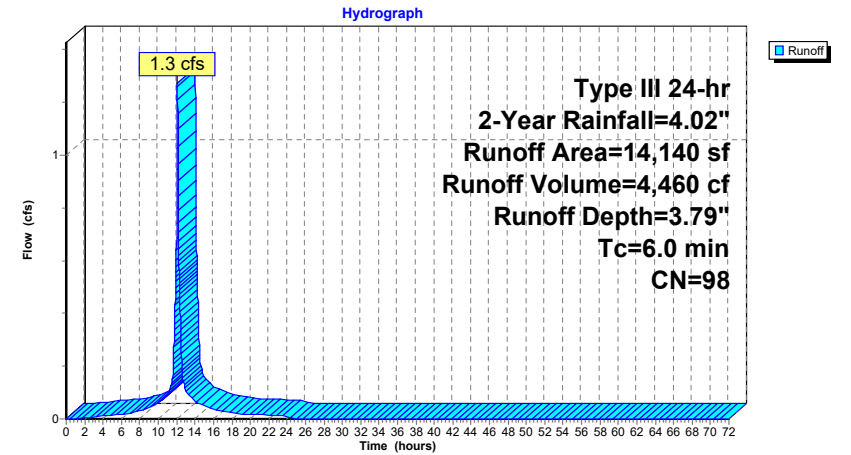
Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 4,460 cf, Depth= 3.79"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,140	98	Roofs, HSG C
14,140		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast





Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof

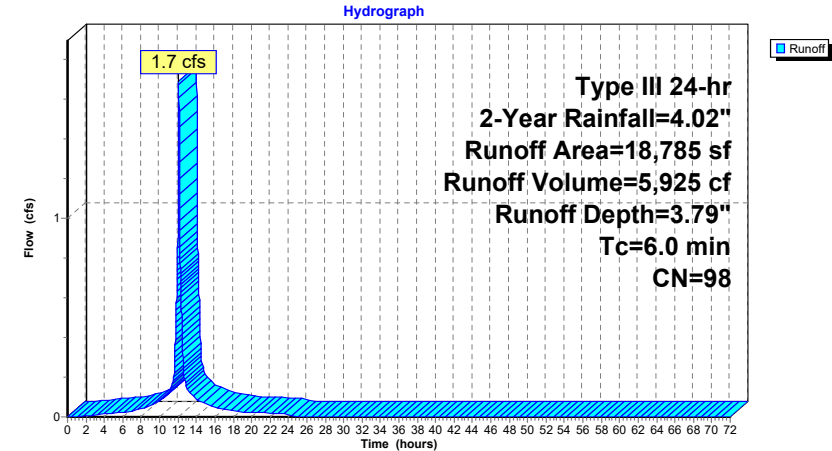
Runoff = 1.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 5,925 cf, Depth= 3.79"  
Routed to Pond 2P : Rooftop Detention

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,785	98	Roofs, HSG C
18,785		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof



Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs

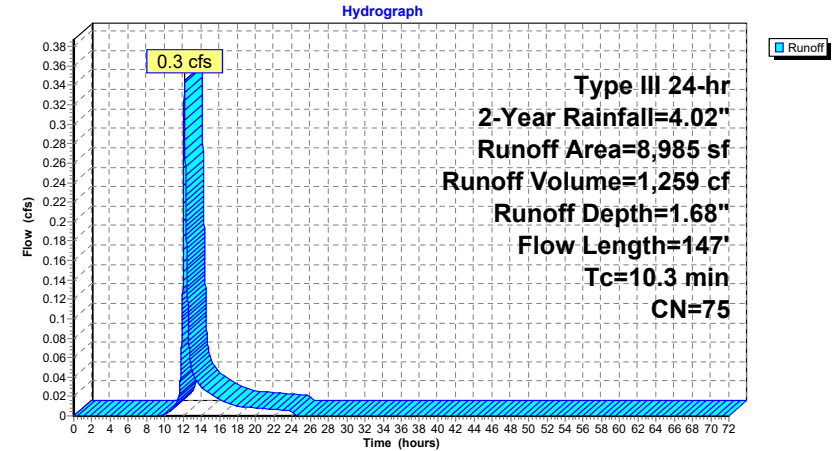
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1,259 cf, Depth= 1.68"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C
8,302	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C
8,985	75	Weighted Average
8,713		96.97% Pervious Area
272		3.03% Impervious Area
272		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.4	50	0.0142	0.09		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.23"
0.9	97	0.0154	1.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
10.3	147				Total

Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs

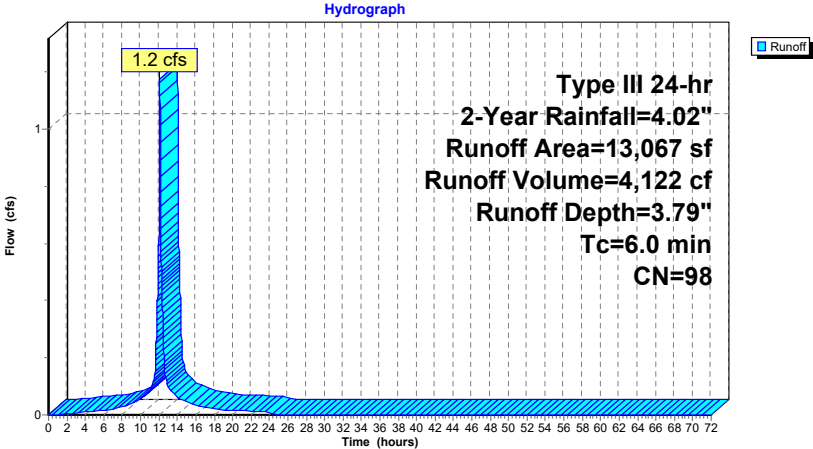
Runoff = 1.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 4,122 cf, Depth= 3.79"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,067	98	Roofs, HSG C
13,067		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs

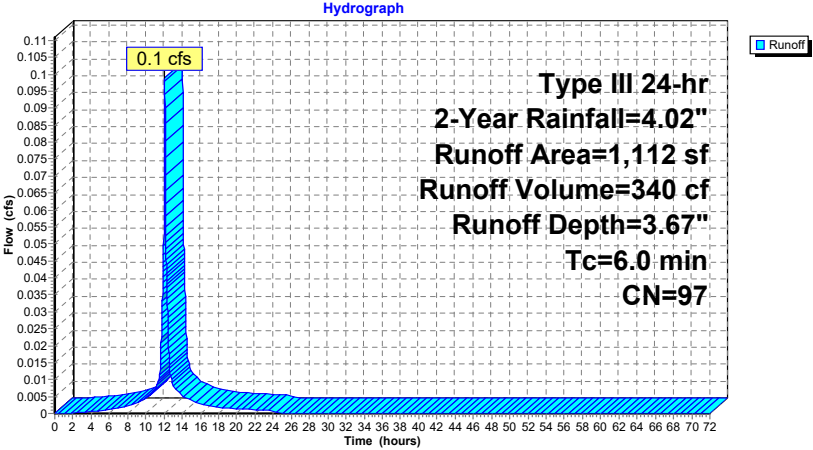
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 340 cf, Depth= 3.67"  
Routed to Pond 102P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,064	98	Paved parking, HSG C
48	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,112	97	Weighted Average
48		4.32% Pervious Area
1,064		95.68% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs

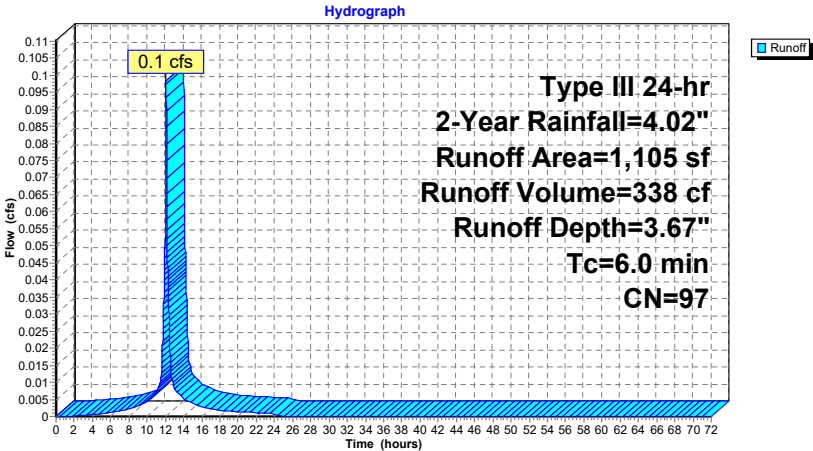
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 338 cf, Depth= 3.67"  
Routed to Pond 103P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C
30	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,105	97	Weighted Average
30		2.71% Pervious Area
1,075		97.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs

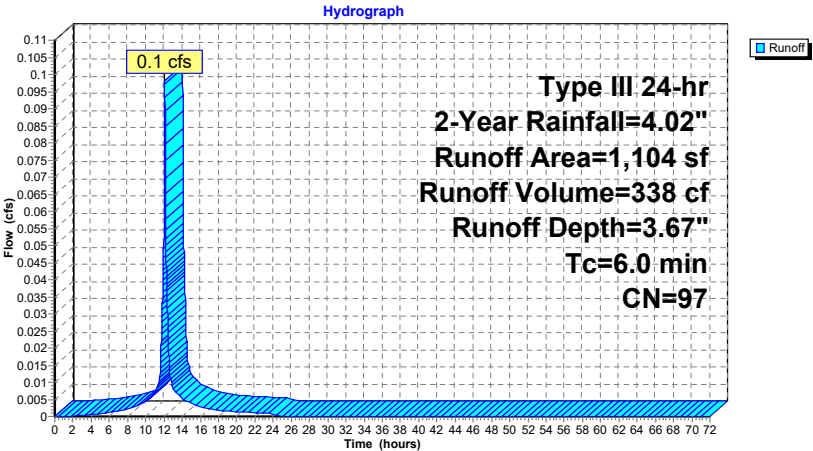
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 338 cf, Depth= 3.67"  
Routed to Pond 104P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,076	98	Paved parking, HSG C
28	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,104	97	Weighted Average
28		2.54% Pervious Area
1,076		97.46% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs

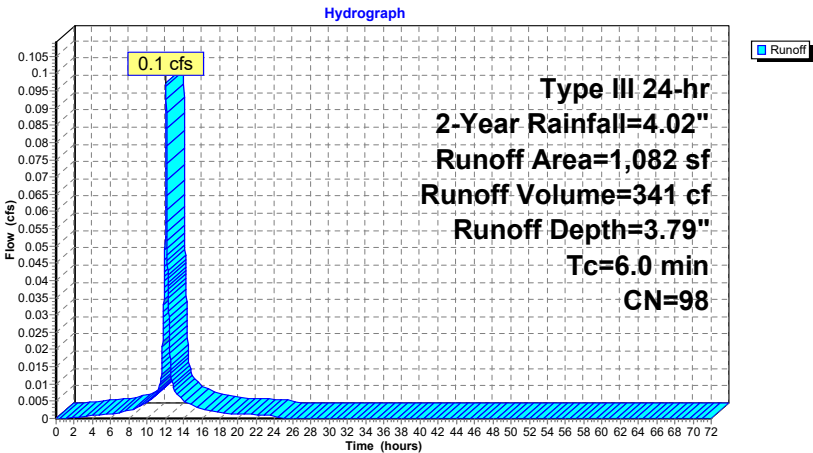
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 341 cf, Depth= 3.79"  
Routed to Pond 105P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,061	98	Paved parking, HSG C
21	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,082	98	Weighted Average
21		1.94% Pervious Area
1,061		98.06% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs

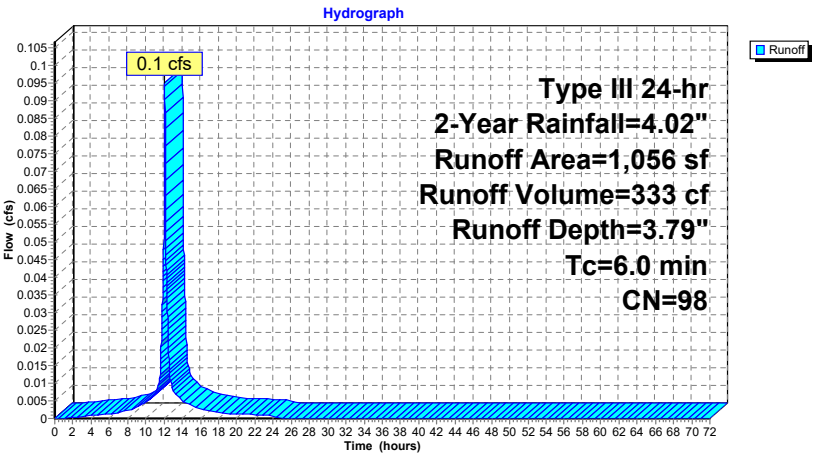
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 333 cf, Depth= 3.79"  
Routed to Pond 106P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,048	98	Paved parking, HSG C
8	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,056	98	Weighted Average
8		0.76% Pervious Area
1,048		99.24% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 5S: TD-1

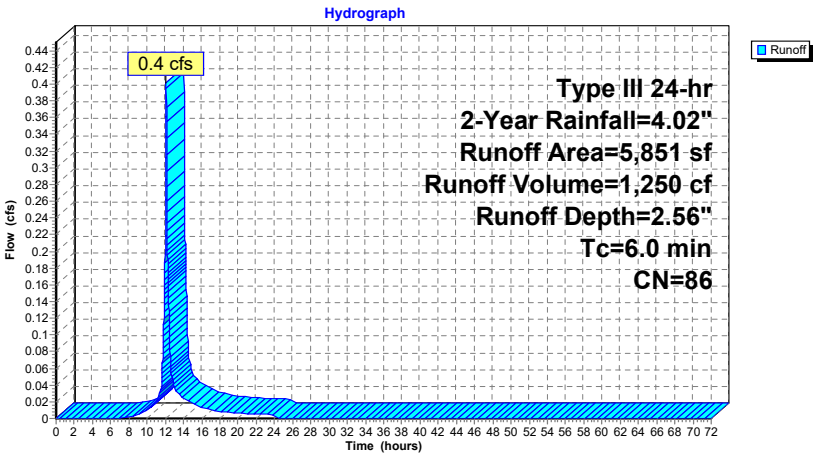
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,250 cf, Depth= 2.56"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,021	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,830	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,851	86	Weighted Average
2,830		48.37% Pervious Area
3,021		51.63% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 5S: TD-1



Summary for Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway

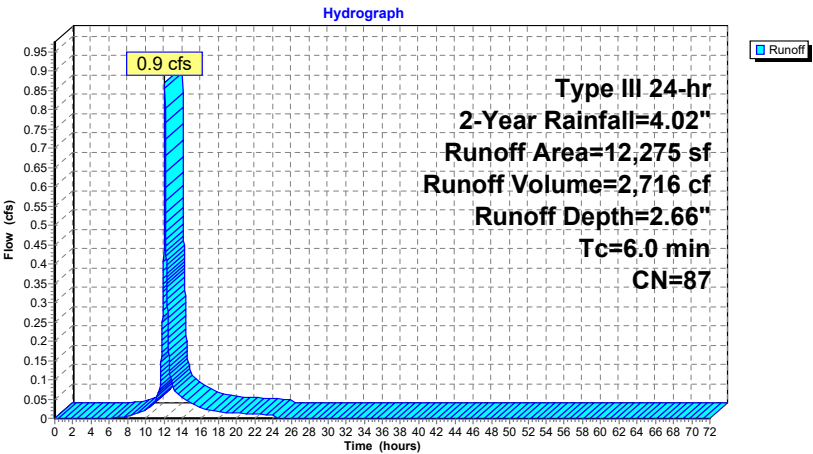
Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,716 cf, Depth= 2.66"  
Routed to Pond 3P : Rain garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,611	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C
12,275	87	Weighted Average
5,831		47.50% Pervious Area
6,444		52.50% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway



Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands

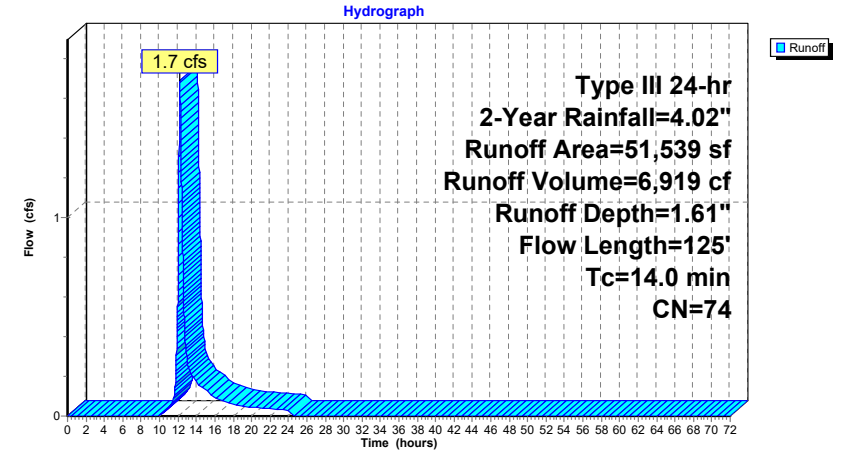
Runoff = 1.7 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 6,919 cf, Depth= 1.61"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
46,447	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
107	98	Roofs, HSG C
51,539	74	Weighted Average
51,432		99.79% Pervious Area
107		0.21% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.8	50	0.0220	0.07		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.2	75	0.0133	0.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.0	125	Total			

Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 7S: To Street

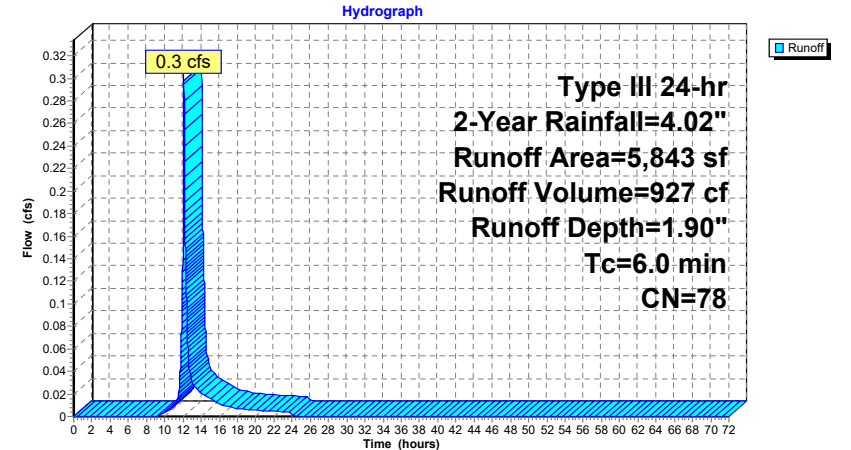
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 927 cf, Depth= 1.90"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,056	98	Paved parking, HSG C
4,787	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,843	78	Weighted Average
4,787		81.93% Pervious Area
1,056		18.07% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 7S: To Street



Summary for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System

Inflow Area = 69,430 sf, 74.25% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.16" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.8 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 18,298 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 18.39 hrs, Volume= 18,298 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 378.0 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 9.48 hrs, Volume= 17,316 cf  
Primary = 0.1 cfs @ 18.39 hrs, Volume= 982 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.62' @ 18.39 hrs Surf.Area= 8,137 sf Storage= 11,323 cf  
Plug-Flow detention time= 1,004.1 min calculated for 18,295 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,003.8 min ( 1,873.3 - 869.5 )

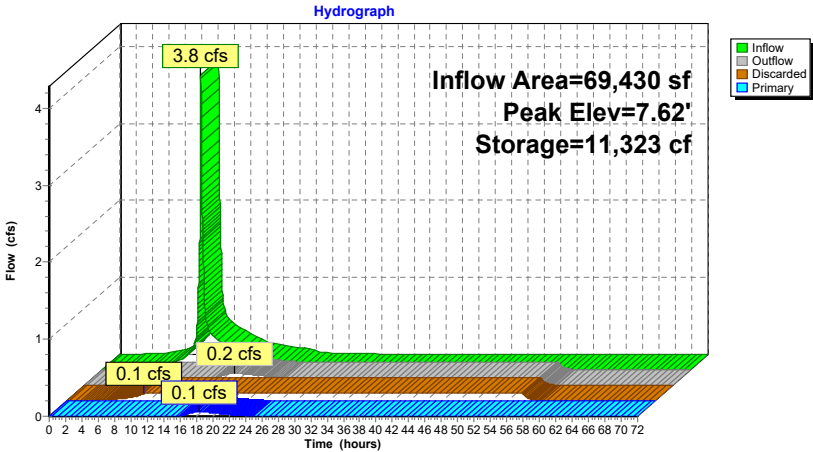
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	6.00'	20,994 cf	6.89'W x 14.06'L x 3.00'H StormTrap ST-1 Units (Irregular Shape)x 84 24,412 cf Overall x 86.0% Voids

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	7.50'	15.0" Round Culvert L= 190.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 7.50' / 6.00' S= 0.0079 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 9.48 hrs HW=6.03' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 18.39 hrs HW=7.62' (Free Discharge)  
2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 0.1 cfs @ 1.49 fps)

Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System



Summary for Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention

Inflow Area = 18,785 sf, 100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.79" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 1.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 5,925 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 5,913 cf, Atten= 89%, Lag= 37.3 min  
Primary = 0.2 cfs @ 12.70 hrs, Volume= 5,913 cf  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3  
Peak Elev= 57.21' @ 12.70 hrs Surf.Area= 15,000 sf Storage= 3,080 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 290.4 min calculated for 5,913 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 289.0 min ( 1,040.8 - 751.9 )

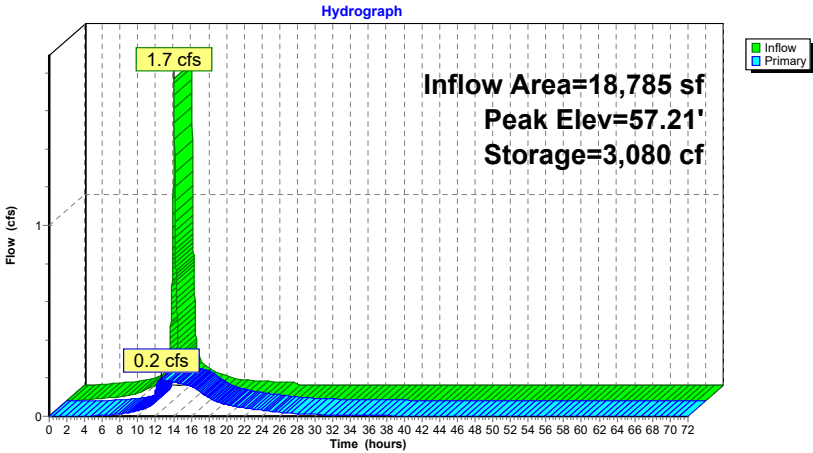
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	57.00'	10,500 cf	<b>Rooftop Detention (Prismatic)</b> Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
57.00	15,000	0	0
57.70	15,000	10,500	10,500

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	8.02'	<b>12.0" Round Roof Drain</b> L= 16.0' CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 8.02' / 7.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	57.00'	<b>4.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.70 hrs HW=57.21' (Free Discharge)  
1=Roof Drain (Passes 0.2 cfs of 23.3 cfs potential flow)  
2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 2.18 fps)

Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention





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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Summary for Pond 3P: Rain garden**

Inflow Area = 12,275 sf, 52.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.66" for 2-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,716 cf  
 Outflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,716 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 411 cf  
 Primary = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,305 cf  
 Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 6.37' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 384 sf Storage= 196 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 80.6 min calculated for 2,715 cf (100% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 80.8 min ( 890.3 - 809.6 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	5.60'	253 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
5.60	125	46.0	0	0	125	
6.00	276	66.0	78	78	305	
6.30	350	73.0	94	172	385	
6.50	460	87.0	81	253	564	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	5.60'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	6.30'	<b>22.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b>
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.37' (Free Discharge)↳ **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.37' (Free Discharge)↳ **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.9 cfs @ 0.60 fps)**2340702-PR**

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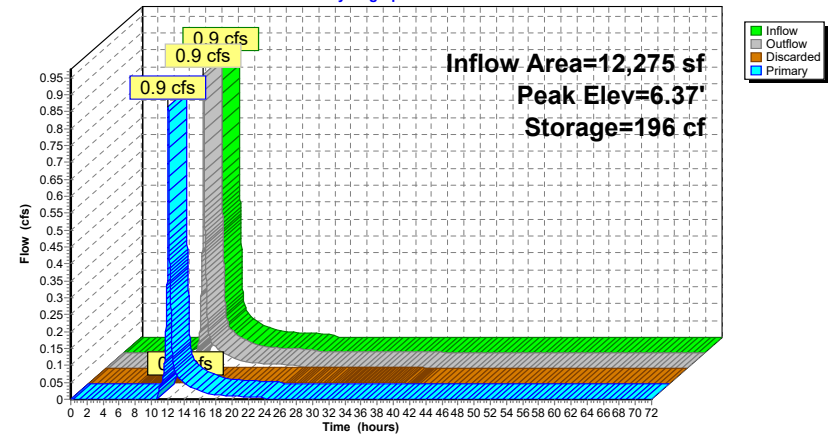
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Pond 3P: Rain garden**

Hydrograph



**2340702-PR**

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Summary for Pond 102P:**

Inflow Area = 1,112 sf, 95.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.67" for 2-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 340 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 10.03 hrs, Volume= 340 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 10.03 hrs, Volume= 340 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 6.71' @ 15.36 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 189 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 481.9 min calculated for 340 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 481.8 min ( 1,242.3 - 760.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 10.03 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)↳ **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)↳ **2=Orifice/Grate** ( Controls 0.0 cfs)**2340702-PR**

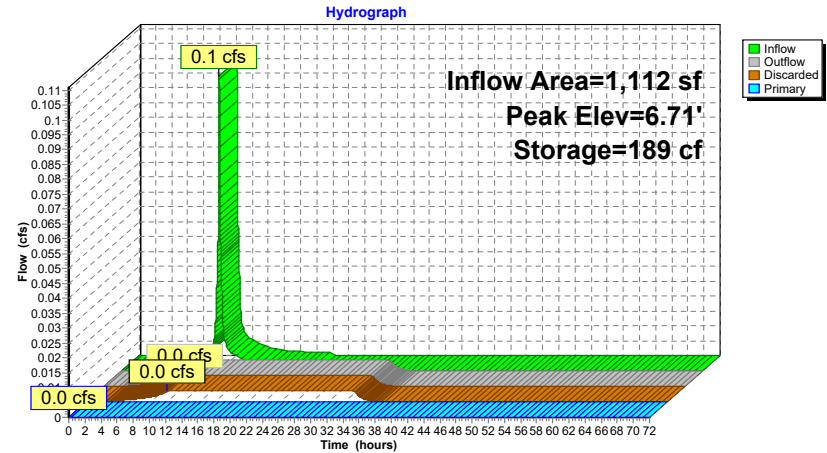
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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Pond 102P:**

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Summary for Pond 103P:**

Inflow Area = 1,105 sf, 97.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.67" for 2-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 338 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs, Volume= 338 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs, Volume= 338 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 6.71' @ 15.34 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 187 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 477.7 min calculated for 338 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 477.7 min ( 1,238.2 - 760.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**2340702-PR**

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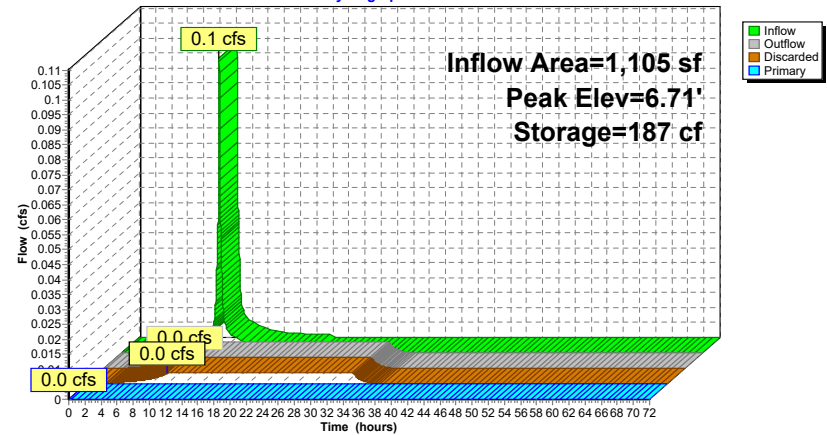
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Pond 103P:**

Hydrograph



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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Summary for Pond 104P:**

Inflow Area = 1,104 sf, 97.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.67" for 2-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 338 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs, Volume= 338 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs, Volume= 338 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 6.71' @ 15.34 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 187 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 477.1 min calculated for 338 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 477.1 min ( 1,237.6 - 760.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 10.05 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**2340702-PR**

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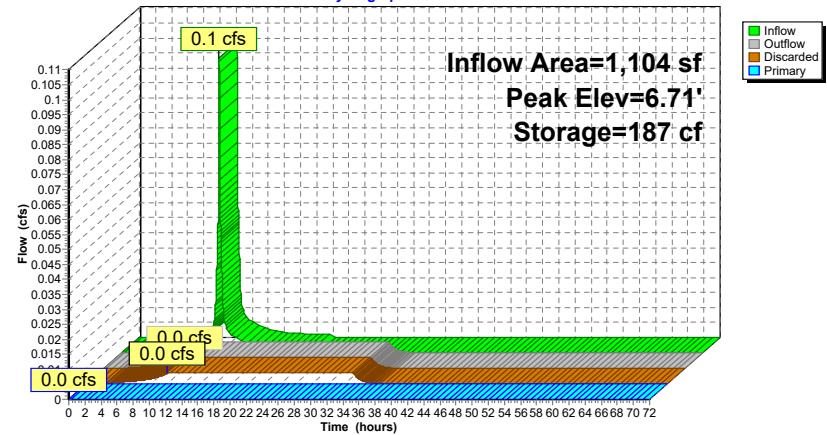
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Pond 104P:**

Hydrograph



Summary for Pond 105P:

Inflow Area = 1,082 sf, 98.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.79" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 341 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 9.90 hrs, Volume= 341 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 9.90 hrs, Volume= 341 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 6.70' @ 15.29 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 186 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 467.2 min calculated for 341 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 467.2 min ( 1,219.1 - 751.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

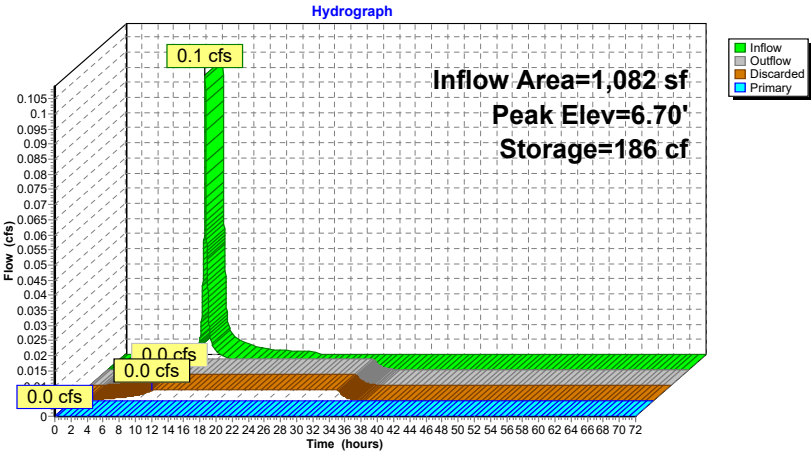
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 9.90 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 105P:



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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Summary for Pond 106P:**

Inflow Area = 1,056 sf, 99.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.79" for 2-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 333 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 9.98 hrs, Volume= 333 cf, Atten= 96%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 9.98 hrs, Volume= 333 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 6.68' @ 15.21 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 180 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 451.9 min calculated for 333 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 451.9 min ( 1,203.8 - 751.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 9.98 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**2340702-PR**

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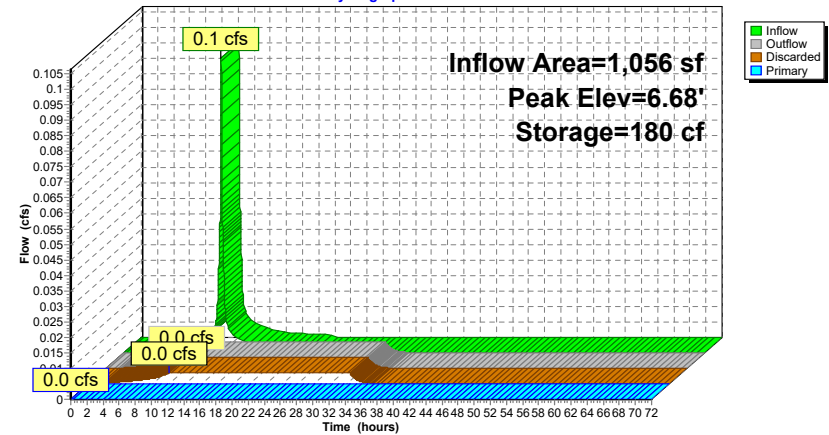
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=4.02"

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**Pond 106P:**

Hydrograph

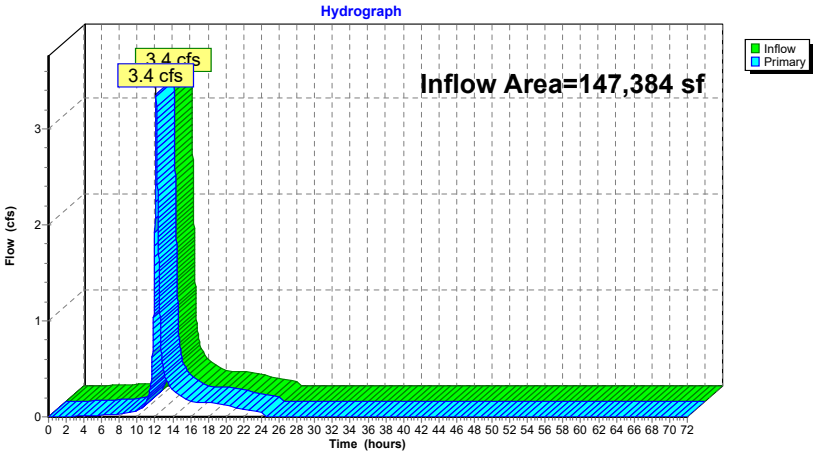


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 147,384 sf, 49.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.19" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.4 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 14,666 cf  
Primary = 3.4 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 14,666 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

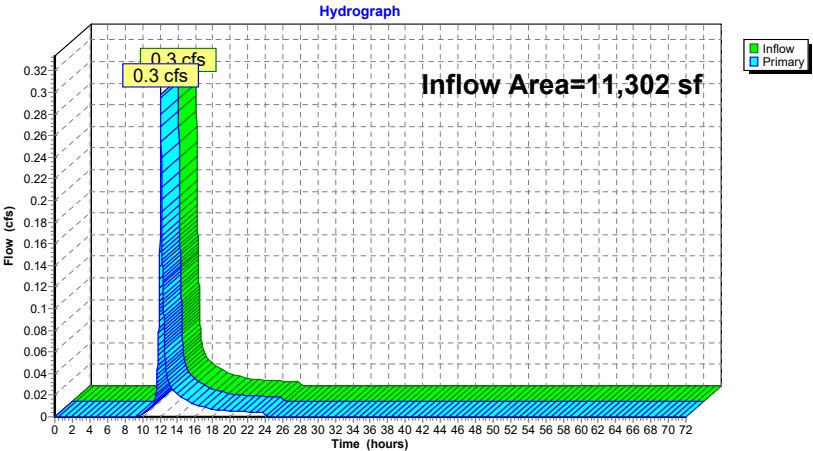


Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 11,302 sf, 56.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.98" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 927 cf  
Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 927 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

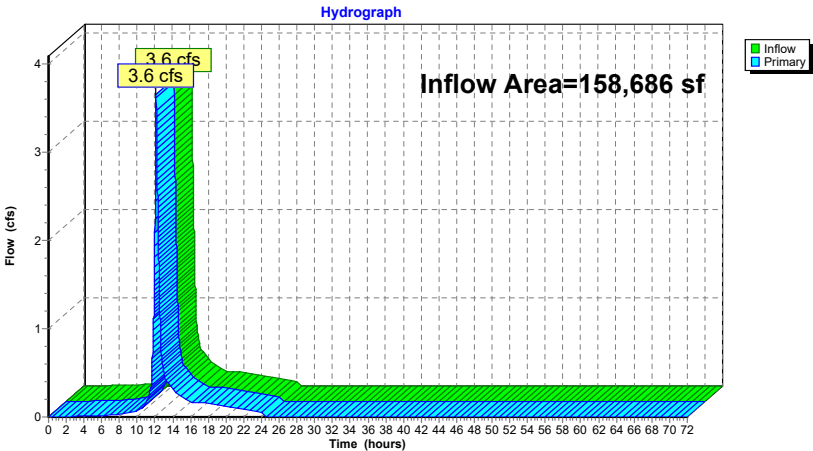


Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 49.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.18" for 2-Year event  
Inflow = 3.6 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 15,592 cf  
Primary = 3.6 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 15,592 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows



Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1	Runoff Area=22,742 sf 72.16% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35" Tc=6.0 min CN=91 Runoff=3.1 cfs 10,138 cf
Subcatchment 2.1S: Building	Runoff Area=14,140 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.16" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.0 cfs 7,260 cf
Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof	Runoff Area=18,785 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.16" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.7 cfs 9,645 cf
Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs	Runoff Area=8,985 sf 3.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.63" Flow Length=147' Tc=10.3 min CN=75 Runoff=0.8 cfs 2,715 cf
Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs	Runoff Area=13,067 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.16" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.9 cfs 6,709 cf
Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,112 sf 95.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.04" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 560 cf
Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,105 sf 97.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.04" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 556 cf
Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,104 sf 97.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.04" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 556 cf
Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,082 sf 98.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.16" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 556 cf
Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,056 sf 99.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.16" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 542 cf
Subcatchment 5S: TD-1	Runoff Area=5,851 sf 51.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.7 cfs 2,336 cf
Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway	Runoff Area=12,275 sf 52.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.90" Tc=6.0 min CN=87 Runoff=1.6 cfs 5,013 cf
Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards	Runoff Area=51,539 sf 0.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.52" Flow Length=125' Tc=14.0 min CN=74 Runoff=3.8 cfs 15,135 cf
Subcatchment 7S: To Street	Runoff Area=5,843 sf 18.07% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.93" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.6 cfs 1,916 cf
Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System	Peak Elev=7.90' Storage=13,318 cf Inflow=6.5 cfs 31,528 cf Discarded=0.1 cfs 18,710 cf Primary=0.7 cfs 12,817 cf Outflow=0.8 cfs 31,527 cf
Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention	Peak Elev=57.34' Storage=5,026 cf Inflow=2.7 cfs 9,645 cf Outflow=0.2 cfs 9,631 cf



Pond 3P: Rain garden	Peak Elev=6.40' Storage=208 cf Inflow=1.6 cfs 5,013 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 442 cf Primary=1.6 cfs 4,571 cf Outflow=1.6 cfs 5,013 cf
Pond 102P:	Peak Elev=7.36' Storage=359 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 560 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 560 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 560 cf
Pond 103P:	Peak Elev=7.35' Storage=356 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 556 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 556 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 556 cf
Pond 104P:	Peak Elev=7.35' Storage=356 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 556 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 556 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 556 cf
Pond 105P:	Peak Elev=7.33' Storage=351 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 556 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 556 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 556 cf
Pond 106P:	Peak Elev=7.29' Storage=340 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 542 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 542 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 542 cf
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands	Inflow=6.5 cfs 39,784 cf Primary=6.5 cfs 39,784 cf
Link 2L: Towards Street	Inflow=0.6 cfs 1,916 cf Primary=0.6 cfs 1,916 cf
Link 100L: Total Flows	Inflow=7.1 cfs 41,700 cf Primary=7.1 cfs 41,700 cf

Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf   Runoff Volume = 63,637 cf   Average Runoff Depth = 4.81"  
50.45% Pervious = 80,060 sf   49.55% Impervious = 78,626 sf

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: CB-1

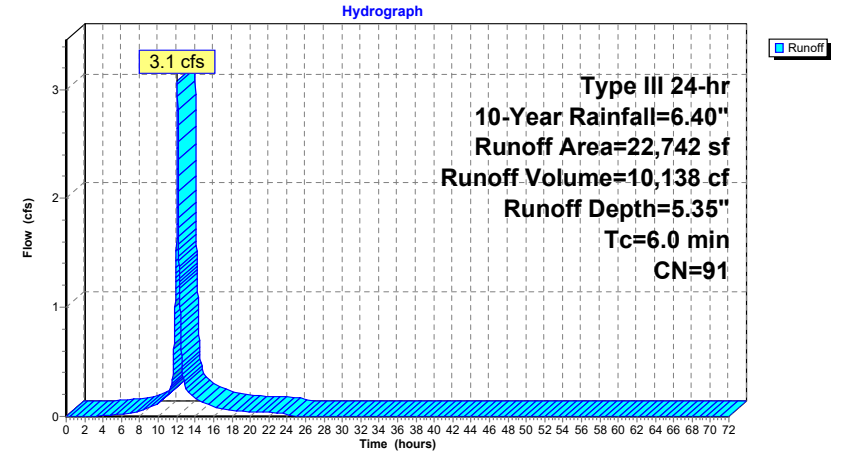
Runoff = 3.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,138 cf, Depth= 5.35"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,410	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,332	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
22,742	91	Weighted Average
6,332		27.84% Pervious Area
16,410		72.16% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast

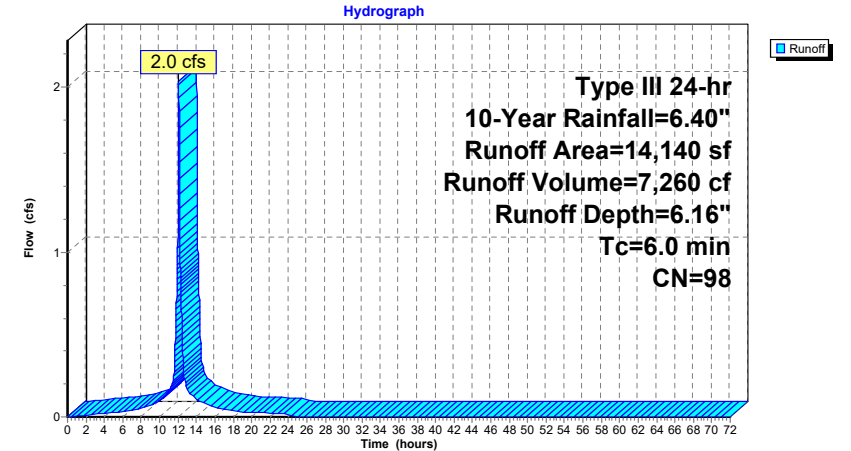
Runoff = 2.0 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 7,260 cf, Depth= 6.16"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,140	98	Roofs, HSG C
14,140		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof

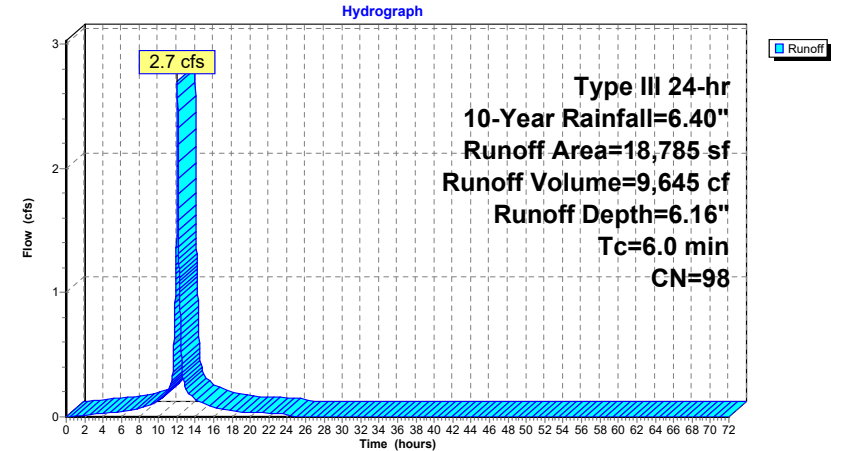
Runoff = 2.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 9,645 cf, Depth= 6.16"  
Routed to Pond 2P : Rooftop Detention

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,785	98	Roofs, HSG C
18,785		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof



Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs

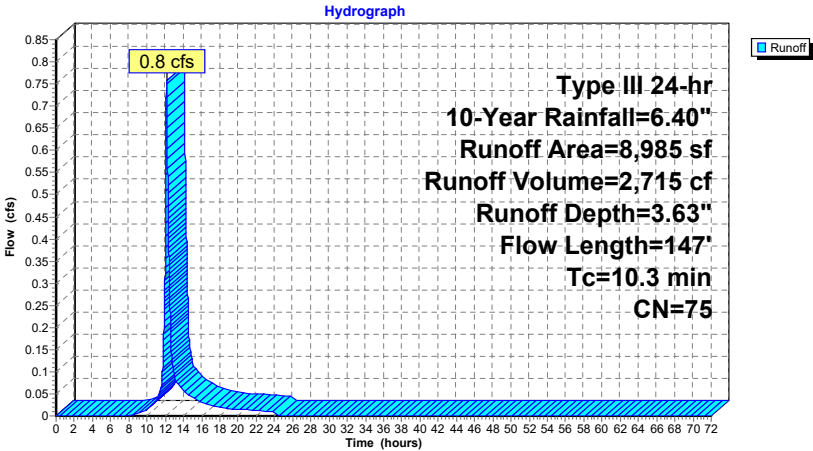
Runoff = 0.8 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 2,715 cf, Depth= 3.63"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C
8,302	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C
8,985	75	Weighted Average
8,713		96.97% Pervious Area
272		3.03% Impervious Area
272		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.4	50	0.0142	0.09		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.23"
0.9	97	0.0154	1.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
10.3	147	Total			

Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs

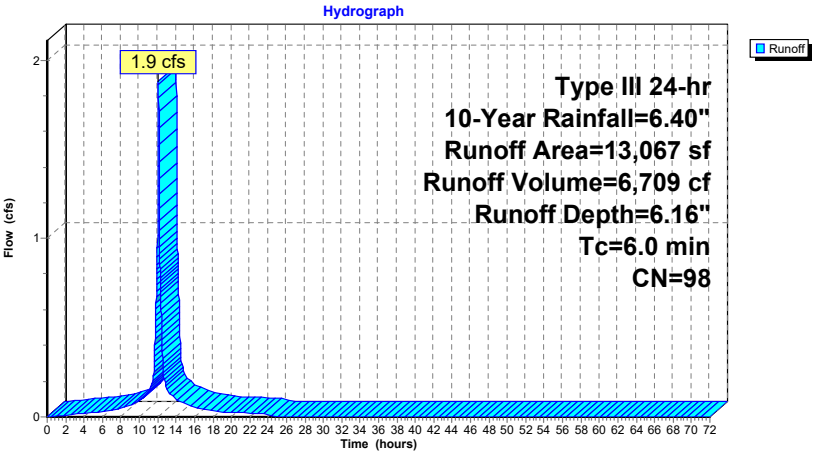
Runoff = 1.9 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 6,709 cf, Depth= 6.16"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,067	98	Roofs, HSG C
13,067		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs

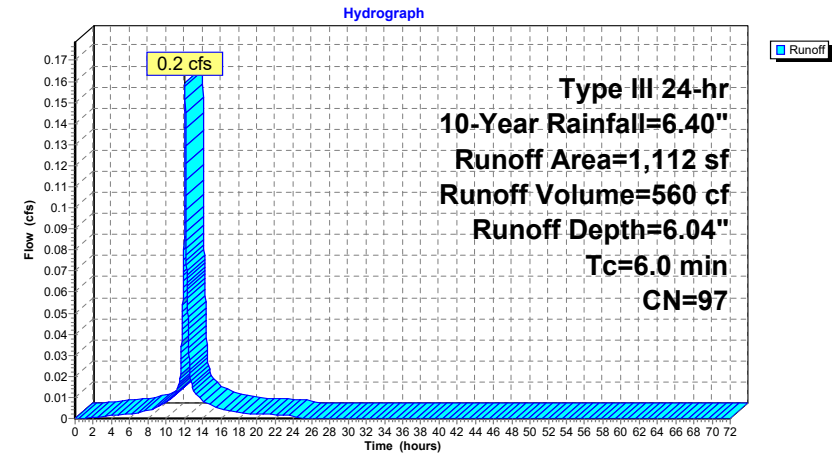
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 560 cf, Depth= 6.04"  
Routed to Pond 102P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,064	98	Paved parking, HSG C
48	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,112	97	Weighted Average
48		4.32% Pervious Area
1,064		95.68% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs

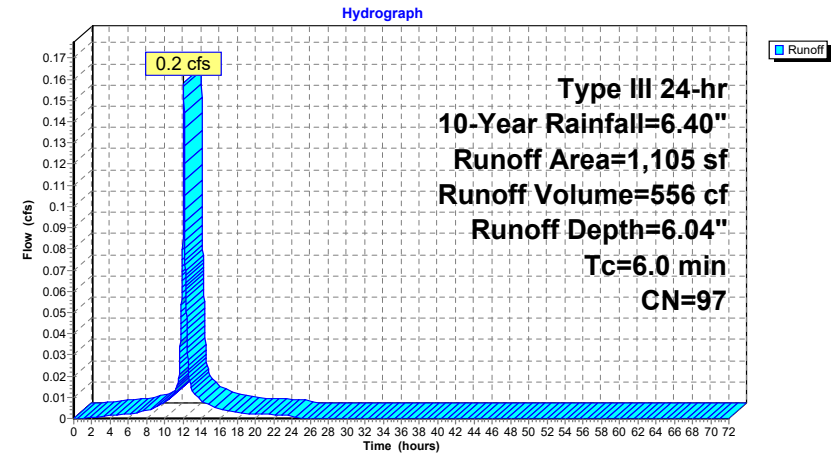
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Depth= 6.04"  
Routed to Pond 103P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C
30	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,105	97	Weighted Average
30		2.71% Pervious Area
1,075		97.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs

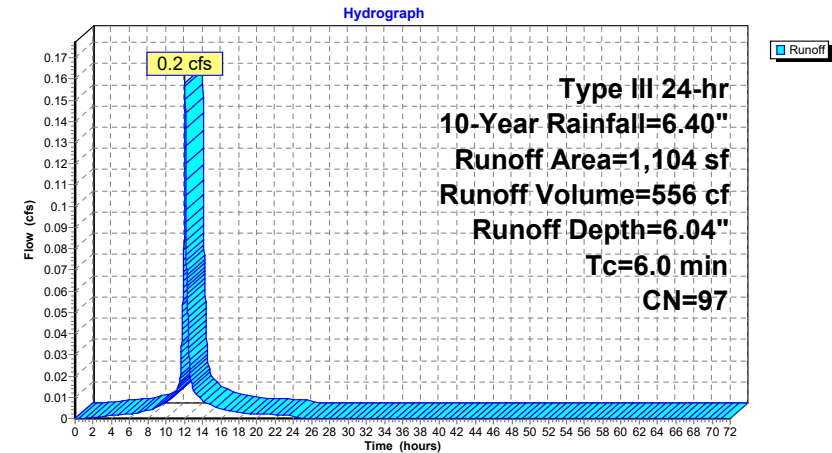
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Depth= 6.04"  
Routed to Pond 104P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,076	98	Paved parking, HSG C
28	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,104	97	Weighted Average
28		2.54% Pervious Area
1,076		97.46% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs

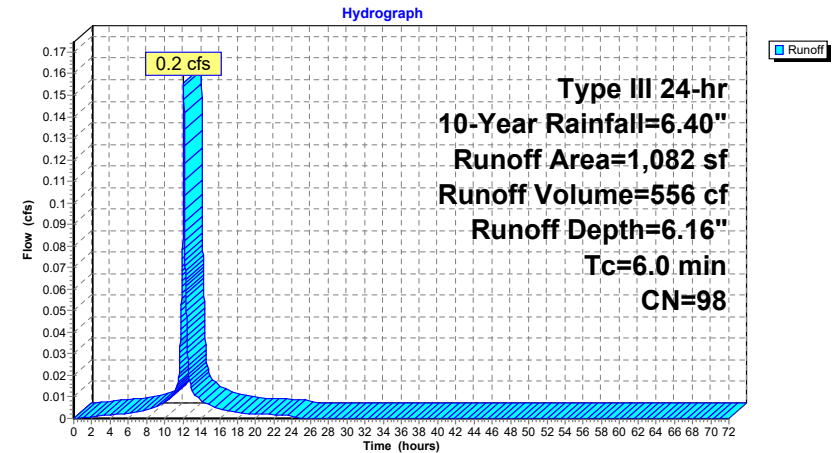
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Depth= 6.16"  
Routed to Pond 105P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,061	98	Paved parking, HSG C
21	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,082	98	Weighted Average
21		1.94% Pervious Area
1,061		98.06% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs

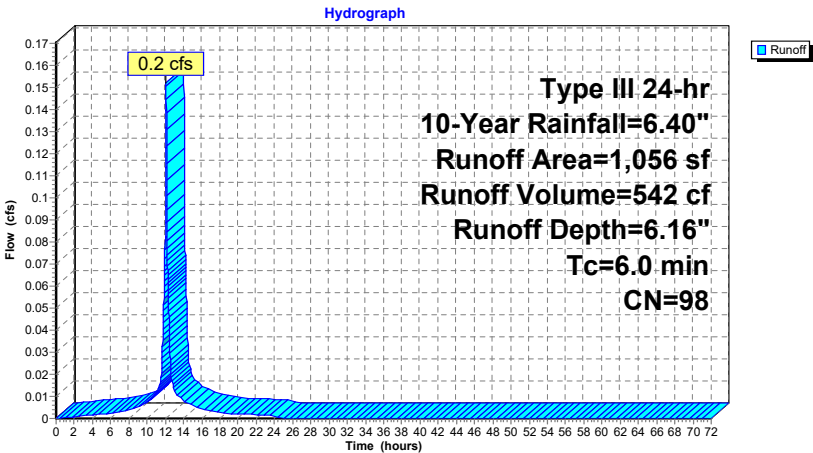
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 542 cf, Depth= 6.16"  
Routed to Pond 106P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,048	98	Paved parking, HSG C
8	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,056	98	Weighted Average
8		0.76% Pervious Area
1,048		99.24% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 5S: TD-1

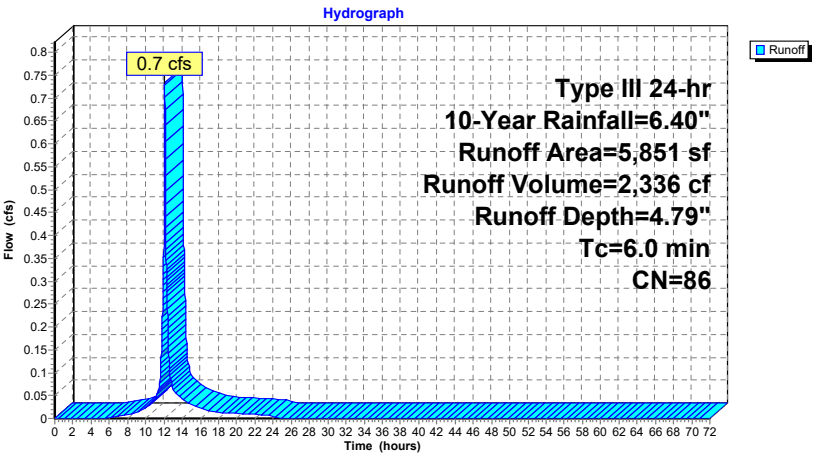
Runoff = 0.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,336 cf, Depth= 4.79"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,021	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,830	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,851	86	Weighted Average
2,830		48.37% Pervious Area
3,021		51.63% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 5S: TD-1



Summary for Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway

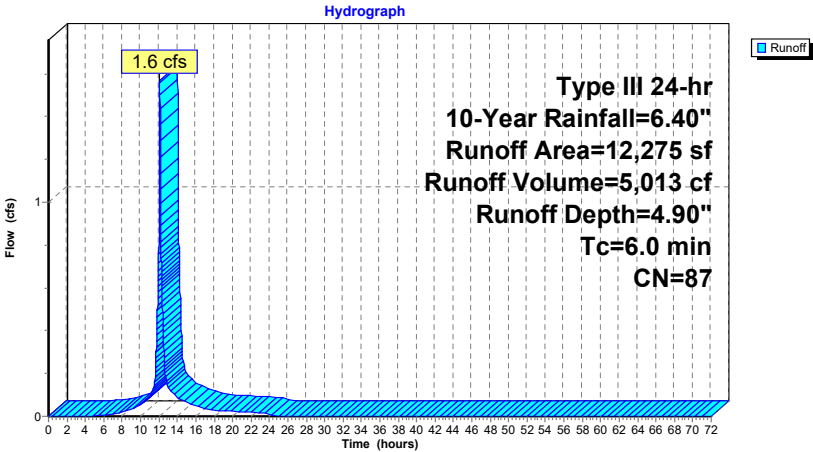
Runoff = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,013 cf, Depth= 4.90"  
Routed to Pond 3P : Rain garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,611	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C
12,275	87	Weighted Average
5,831		47.50% Pervious Area
6,444		52.50% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway



Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands

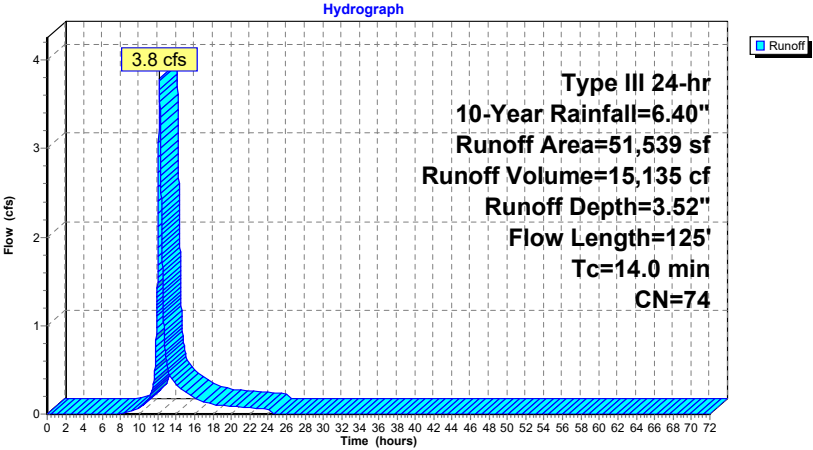
Runoff = 3.8 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 15,135 cf, Depth= 3.52"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
46,447	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
107	98	Roofs, HSG C
51,539	74	Weighted Average
51,432		99.79% Pervious Area
107		0.21% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.8	50	0.0220	0.07		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.2	75	0.0133	0.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.0	125	Total			

Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 7S: To Street

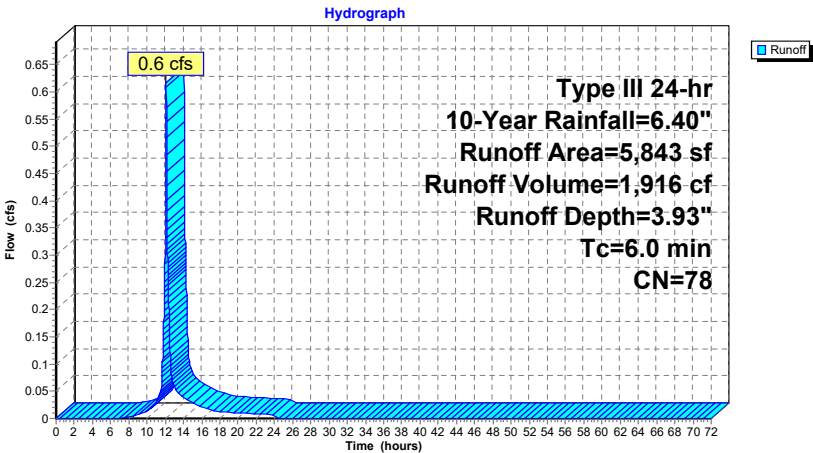
Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,916 cf, Depth= 3.93"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=6.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,056	98	Paved parking, HSG C
4,787	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,843	78	Weighted Average
4,787		81.93% Pervious Area
1,056		18.07% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 7S: To Street



Summary for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System

Inflow Area = 69,430 sf, 74.25% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.45" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 6.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 31,528 cf  
Outflow = 0.8 cfs @ 13.03 hrs, Volume= 31,527 cf, Atten= 88%, Lag= 56.7 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 7.72 hrs, Volume= 18,710 cf  
Primary = 0.7 cfs @ 13.03 hrs, Volume= 12,817 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.90' @ 13.03 hrs Surf.Area= 8,137 sf Storage= 13,318 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 676.6 min calculated for 31,527 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 676.5 min ( 1,535.2 - 858.7 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	6.00'	20,994 cf	6.89'W x 14.06'L x 3.00'H StormTrap ST-1 Units (Irregular Shape)x 84 24,412 cf Overall x 86.0% Voids

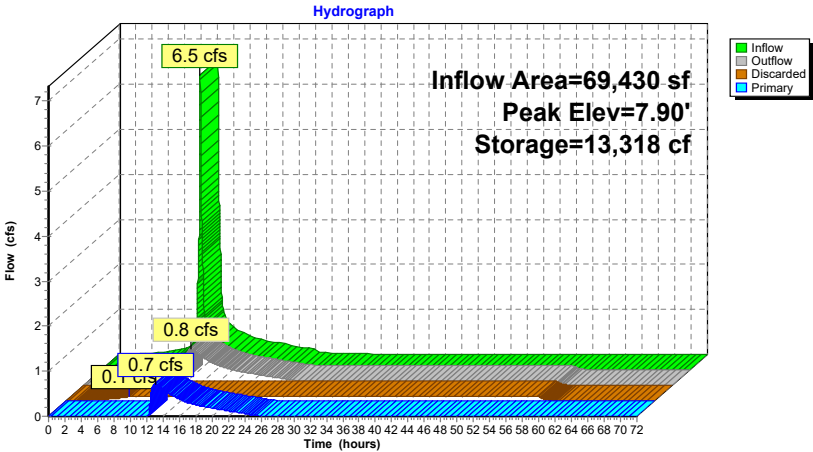
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	7.50'	15.0" Round Culvert L= 190.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 7.50' / 6.00' S= 0.0079 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 7.72 hrs HW=6.03' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.7 cfs @ 13.03 hrs HW=7.90' (Free Discharge)  
2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 0.7 cfs @ 3.08 fps)



Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System



Summary for Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention

Inflow Area = 18,785 sf, 100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 2.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 9,645 cf  
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.93 hrs, Volume= 9,631 cf, Atten= 91%, Lag= 51.1 min  
Primary = 0.2 cfs @ 12.93 hrs, Volume= 9,631 cf  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3  
Peak Elev= 57.34' @ 12.93 hrs Surf.Area= 15,000 sf Storage= 5,026 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 302.8 min calculated for 9,629 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 302.1 min ( 1,046.3 - 744.2 )

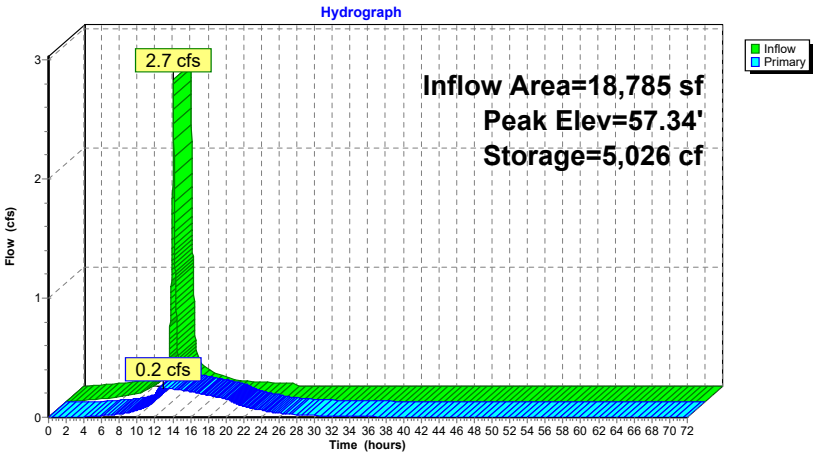
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	57.00'	10,500 cf	<b>Rooftop Detention (Prismatic)</b> Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
57.00	15,000	0	0
57.70	15,000	10,500	10,500

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	8.02'	<b>12.0" Round Roof Drain</b> L= 16.0' CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 8.02' / 7.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	57.00'	<b>4.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 12.93 hrs HW=57.34' (Free Discharge)  
1=Roof Drain (Passes 0.2 cfs of 23.3 cfs potential flow)  
2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 2.79 fps)

Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention



Summary for Pond 3P: Rain garden

Inflow Area = 12,275 sf, 52.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.90" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,013 cf  
Outflow = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 5,013 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 442 cf  
Primary = 1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,571 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 6.40' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 402 sf Storage= 208 cf

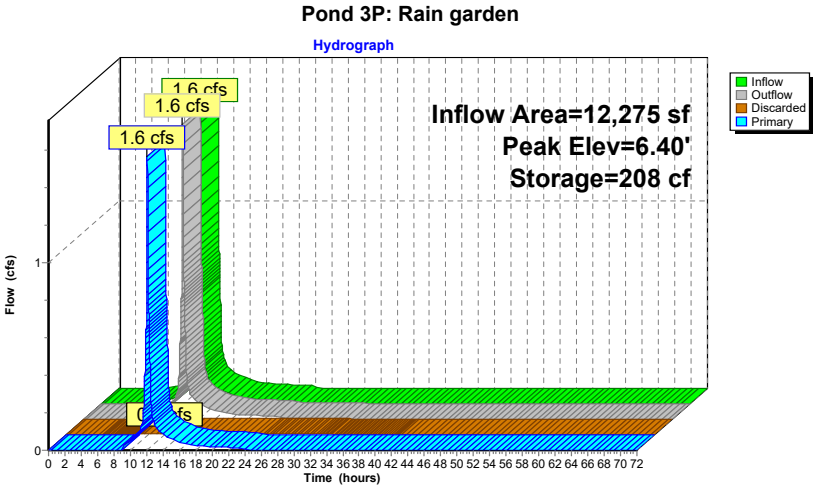
Plug-Flow detention time= 47.7 min calculated for 5,012 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 47.9 min ( 840.3 - 792.4 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	5.60'	253 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
5.60	125	46.0	0	0	125	
6.00	276	66.0	78	78	305	
6.30	350	73.0	94	172	385	
6.50	460	87.0	81	253	564	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	5.60'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	6.30'	22.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00			
2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50			
Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65			
2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.40' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.40' (Free Discharge)  
2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.6 cfs @ 0.73 fps)



Summary for Pond 102P:

Inflow Area = 1,112 sf, 95.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.04" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 560 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 8.46 hrs, Volume= 560 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 8.46 hrs, Volume= 560 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.36' @ 16.99 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 359 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 898.0 min calculated for 560 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 897.9 min ( 1,648.9 - 751.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

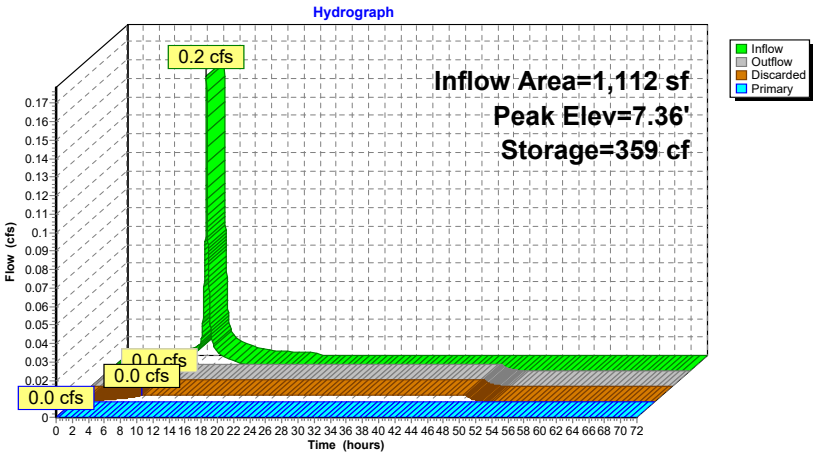
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 8.46 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 102P:



Summary for Pond 103P:

Inflow Area = 1,105 sf, 97.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.04" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.35' @ 16.96 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 356 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 890.5 min calculated for 556 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 890.7 min ( 1,641.6 - 751.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

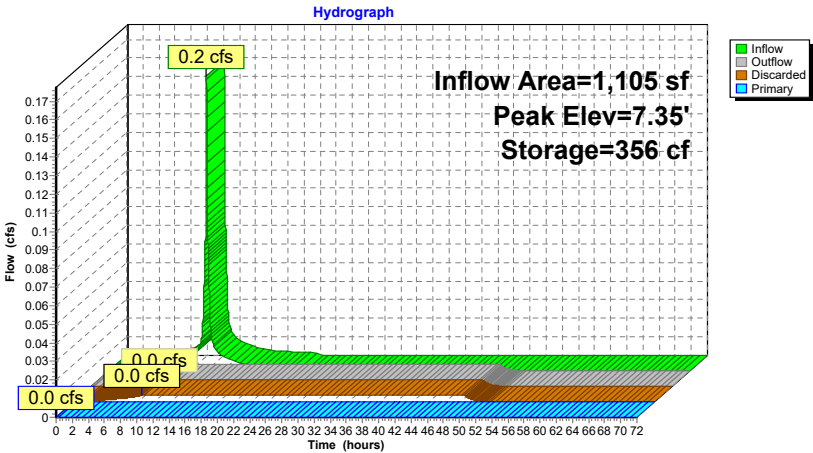
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 103P:



Summary for Pond 104P:

Inflow Area = 1,104 sf, 97.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.04" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.35' @ 16.96 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 356 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 889.7 min calculated for 556 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 889.6 min ( 1,640.6 - 751.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

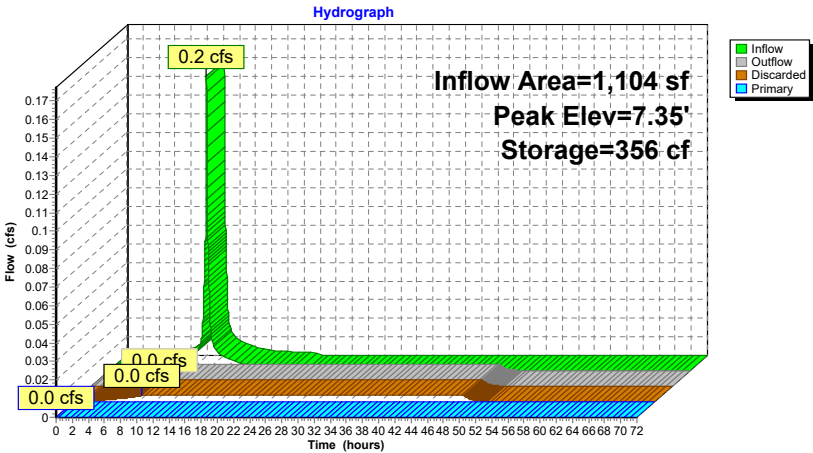
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 8.48 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 104P:



Summary for Pond 105P:

Inflow Area = 1,082 sf, 98.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 8.36 hrs, Volume= 556 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 8.36 hrs, Volume= 556 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.33' @ 16.87 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 351 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 868.2 min calculated for 555 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 868.3 min ( 1,612.5 - 744.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

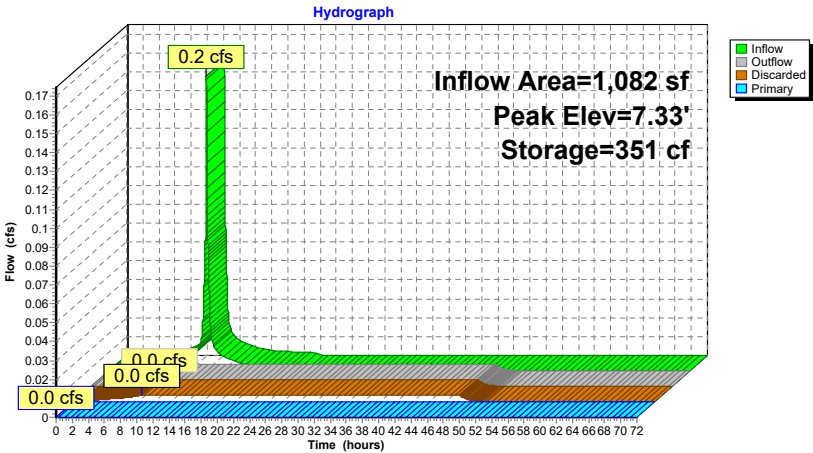
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 8.36 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 105P:



Summary for Pond 106P:

Inflow Area = 1,056 sf, 99.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 542 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 8.44 hrs, Volume= 542 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 8.44 hrs, Volume= 542 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.29' @ 16.77 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 340 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 841.5 min calculated for 542 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 841.5 min ( 1,585.7 - 744.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

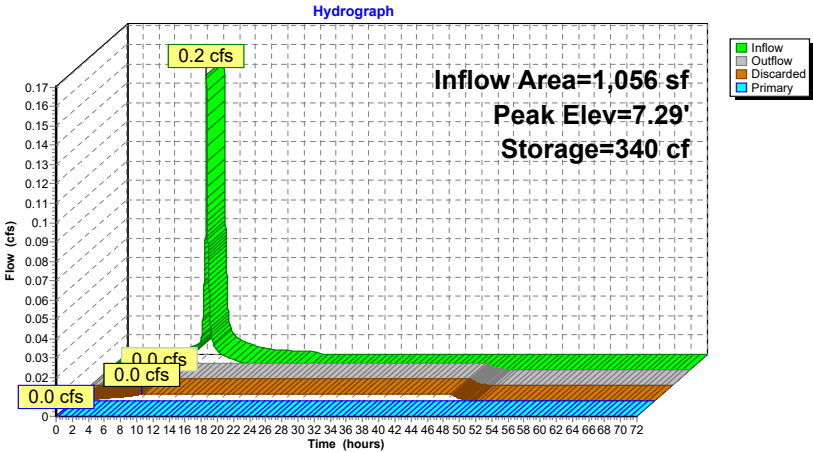
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 8.44 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 106P:

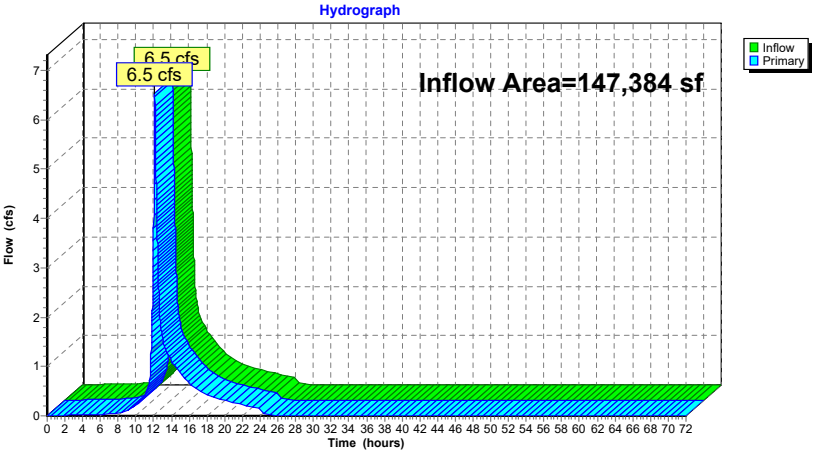


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 147,384 sf, 49.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.24" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 6.5 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 39,784 cf  
Primary = 6.5 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 39,784 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands



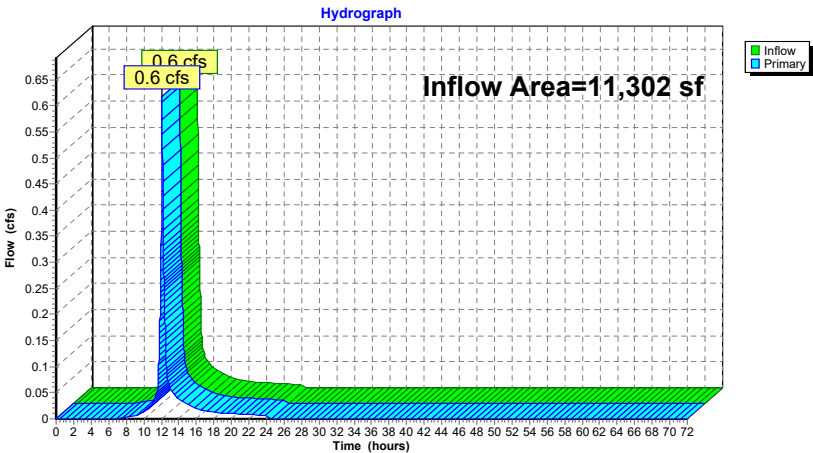


Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 11,302 sf, 56.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.03" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,916 cf  
Primary = 0.6 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 1,916 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

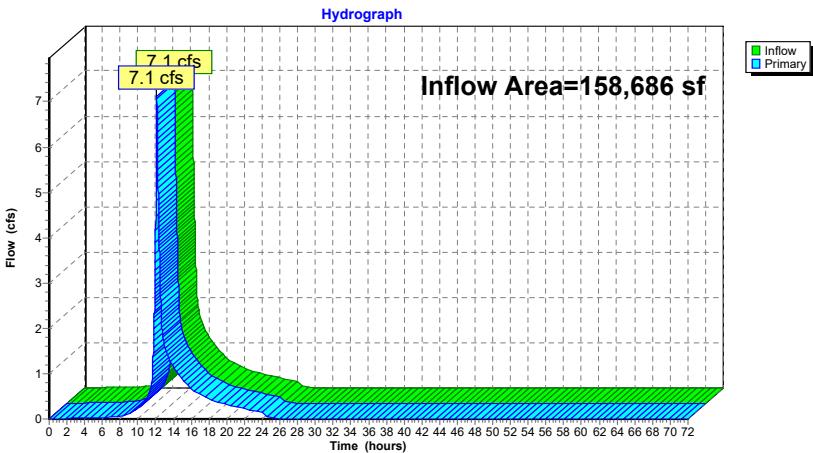


Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 49.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.15" for 10-Year event  
Inflow = 7.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 41,700 cf  
Primary = 7.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 41,700 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows



Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1	Runoff Area=22,742 sf 72.16% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.22" Tc=6.0 min CN=91 Runoff=4.1 cfs 13,685 cf
Subcatchment 2.1S: Building	Runoff Area=14,140 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.06" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.6 cfs 9,497 cf
Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof	Runoff Area=18,785 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.06" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.5 cfs 12,617 cf
Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs	Runoff Area=8,985 sf 3.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.31" Flow Length=147' Tc=10.3 min CN=75 Runoff=1.1 cfs 3,978 cf
Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs	Runoff Area=13,067 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.06" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.4 cfs 8,777 cf
Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,112 sf 95.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.94" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 736 cf
Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,105 sf 97.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.94" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 731 cf
Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,104 sf 97.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.94" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 730 cf
Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,082 sf 98.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.06" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 727 cf
Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,056 sf 99.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.06" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 709 cf
Subcatchment 5S: TD-1	Runoff Area=5,851 sf 51.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.62" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.0 cfs 3,229 cf
Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway	Runoff Area=12,275 sf 52.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.74" Tc=6.0 min CN=87 Runoff=2.1 cfs 6,897 cf
Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards	Runoff Area=51,539 sf 0.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.19" Flow Length=125' Tc=14.0 min CN=74 Runoff=5.6 cfs 22,311 cf
Subcatchment 7S: To Street	Runoff Area=5,843 sf 18.07% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.67" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.9 cfs 2,760 cf
Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System	Peak Elev=8.26' Storage=15,848 cf Inflow=8.7 cfs 42,269 cf Discarded=0.1 cfs 19,582 cf Primary=2.3 cfs 22,686 cf Outflow=2.4 cfs 42,269 cf
Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention	Peak Elev=57.44' Storage=6,622 cf Inflow=3.5 cfs 12,617 cf Outflow=0.3 cfs 12,601 cf

Pond 3P: Rain garden	Peak Elev=6.42' Storage=217 cf Inflow=2.1 cfs 6,897 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 459 cf Primary=2.1 cfs 6,438 cf Outflow=2.1 cfs 6,897 cf
Pond 102P:	Peak Elev=7.91' Storage=506 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 736 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 736 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 736 cf
Pond 103P:	Peak Elev=7.90' Storage=502 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 731 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 731 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 731 cf
Pond 104P:	Peak Elev=7.90' Storage=502 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 730 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 730 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 730 cf
Pond 105P:	Peak Elev=7.87' Storage=493 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 727 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 727 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 727 cf
Pond 106P:	Peak Elev=7.81' Storage=478 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 709 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 709 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 709 cf
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands	Inflow=9.7 cfs 60,933 cf Primary=9.7 cfs 60,933 cf
Link 2L: Towards Street	Inflow=0.9 cfs 2,760 cf Primary=0.9 cfs 2,760 cf
Link 100L: Total Flows	Inflow=10.4 cfs 63,693 cf Primary=10.4 cfs 63,693 cf
Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf Runoff Volume = 87,385 cf Average Runoff Depth = 6.61" 50.45% Pervious = 80,060 sf 49.55% Impervious = 78,626 sf	

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: CB-1

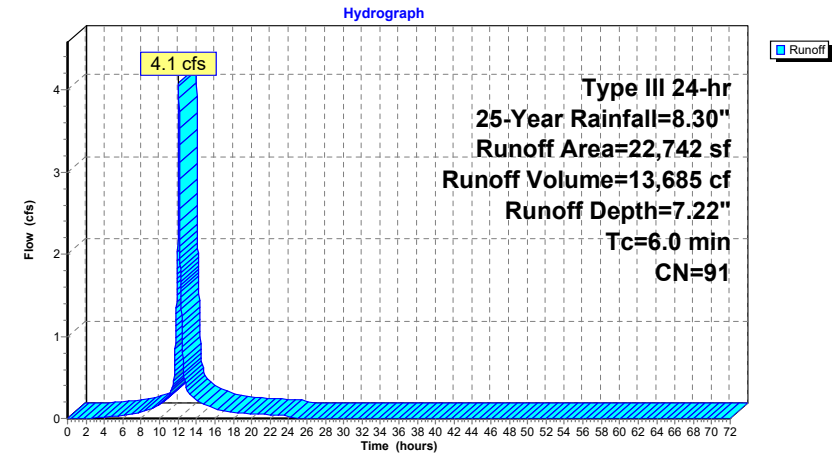
Runoff = 4.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 13,685 cf, Depth= 7.22"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,410	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,332	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
22,742	91	Weighted Average
6,332		27.84% Pervious Area
16,410		72.16% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast

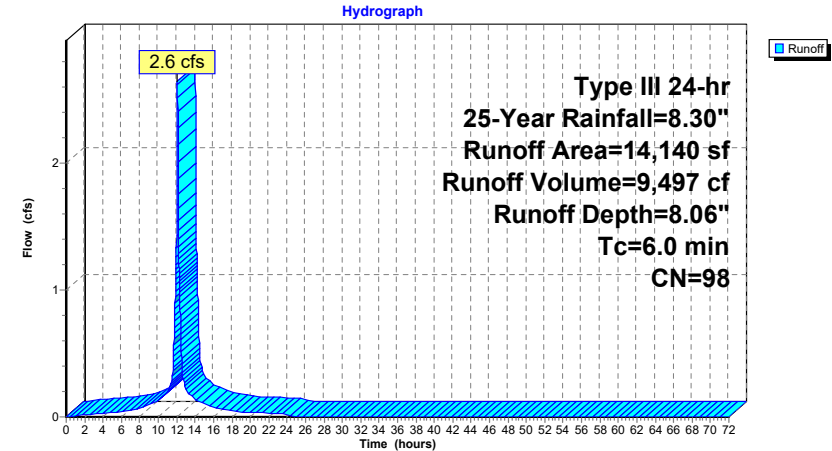
Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 9,497 cf, Depth= 8.06"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,140	98	Roofs, HSG C
14,140		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof

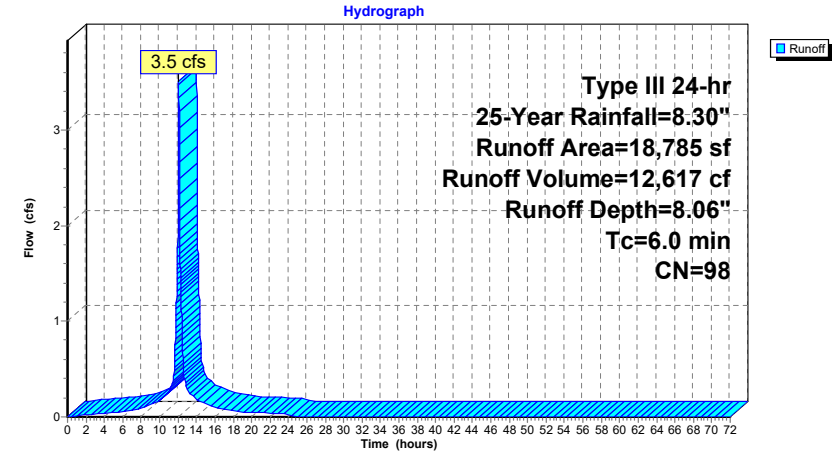
Runoff = 3.5 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 12,617 cf, Depth= 8.06"  
Routed to Pond 2P : Rooftop Detention

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,785	98	Roofs, HSG C
18,785		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof



Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs

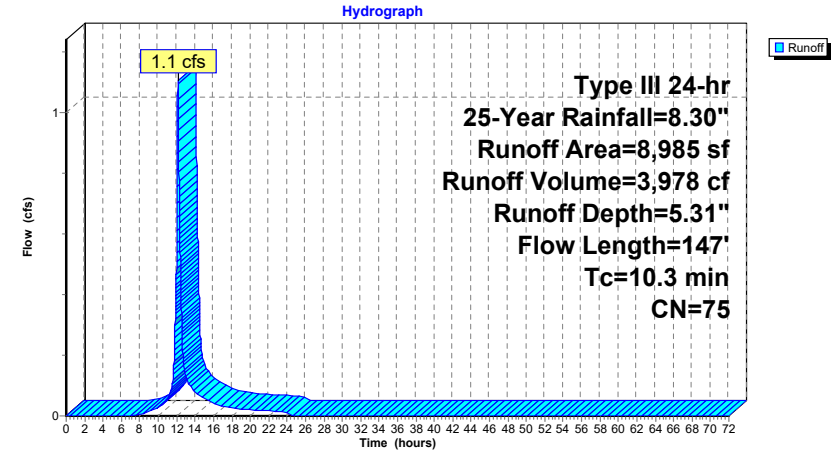
Runoff = 1.1 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 3,978 cf, Depth= 5.31"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C
8,302	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C
8,985	75	Weighted Average
8,713		96.97% Pervious Area
272		3.03% Impervious Area
272		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.4	50	0.0142	0.09		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.23"
0.9	97	0.0154	1.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
10.3	147				Total

Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs

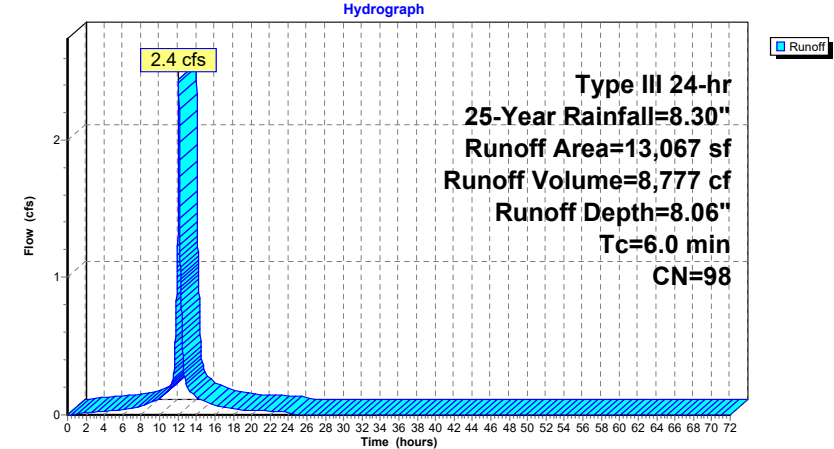
Runoff = 2.4 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 8,777 cf, Depth= 8.06"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,067	98	Roofs, HSG C
13,067		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs

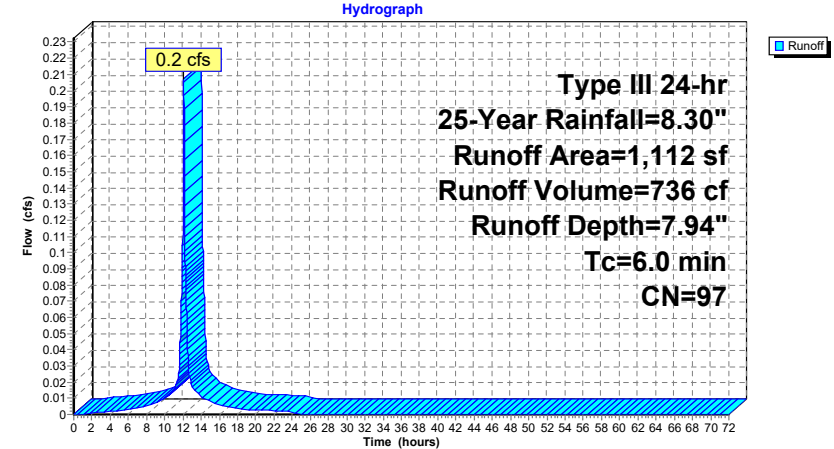
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 736 cf, Depth= 7.94"  
Routed to Pond 102P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,064	98	Paved parking, HSG C
48	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,112	97	Weighted Average
48		4.32% Pervious Area
1,064		95.68% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs

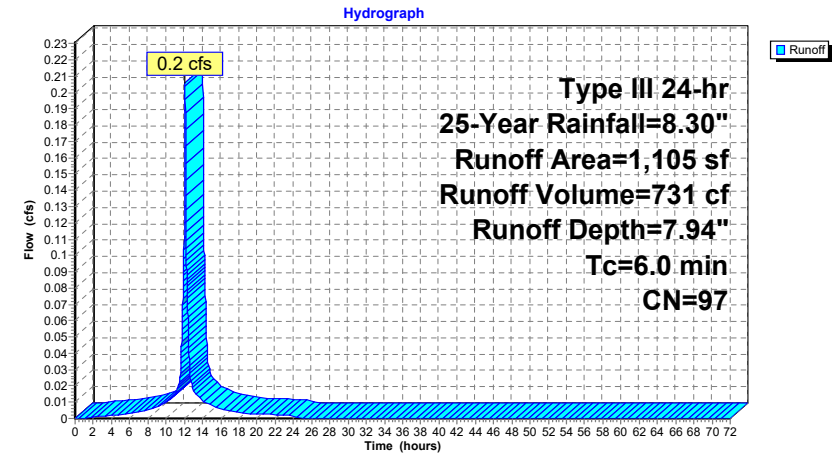
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 731 cf, Depth= 7.94"  
Routed to Pond 103P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C
30	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,105	97	Weighted Average
30		2.71% Pervious Area
1,075		97.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs

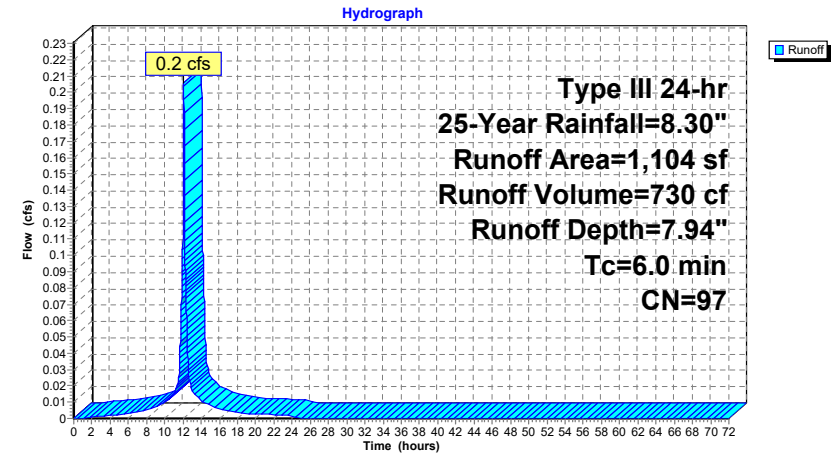
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 730 cf, Depth= 7.94"  
Routed to Pond 104P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,076	98	Paved parking, HSG C
28	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,104	97	Weighted Average
28		2.54% Pervious Area
1,076		97.46% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs

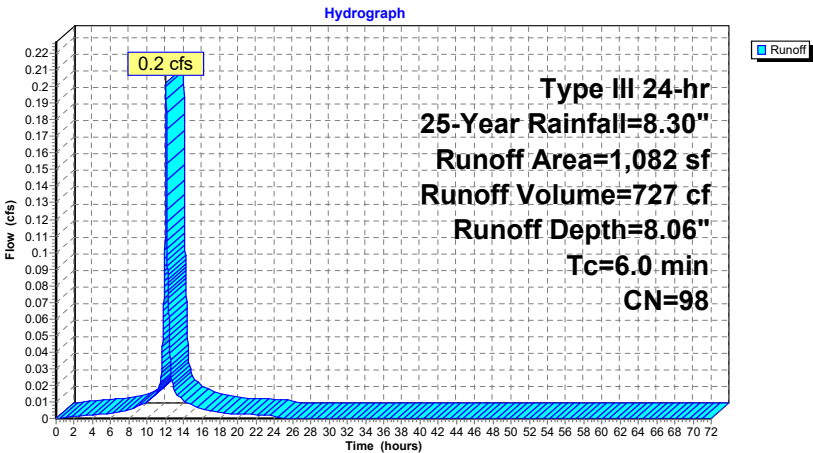
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 727 cf, Depth= 8.06"  
Routed to Pond 105P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,061	98	Paved parking, HSG C
21	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,082	98	Weighted Average
21		1.94% Pervious Area
1,061		98.06% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs

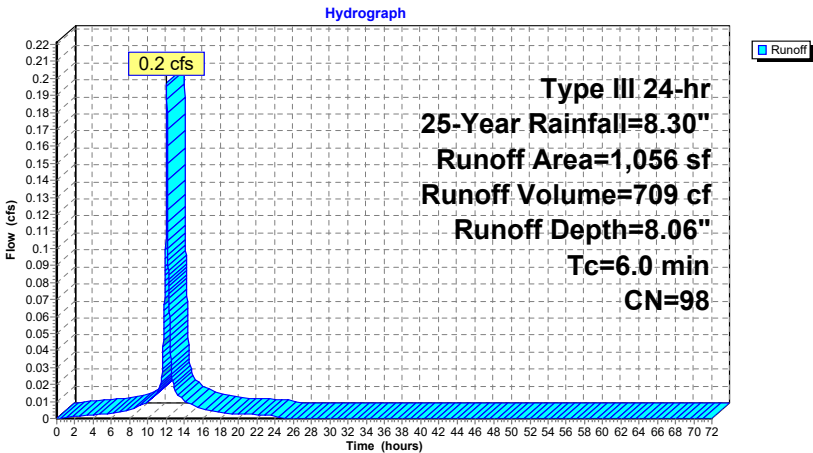
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 709 cf, Depth= 8.06"  
Routed to Pond 106P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,048	98	Paved parking, HSG C
8	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,056	98	Weighted Average
8		0.76% Pervious Area
1,048		99.24% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 5S: TD-1

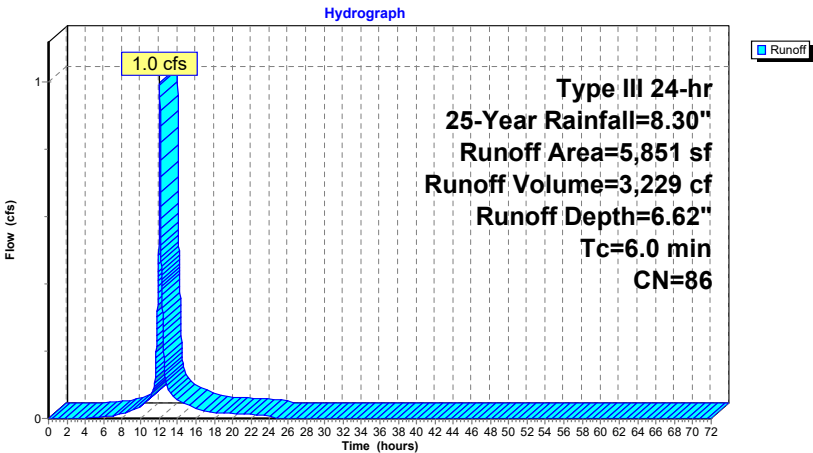
Runoff = 1.0 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 3,229 cf, Depth= 6.62"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,021	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,830	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,851	86	Weighted Average
2,830		48.37% Pervious Area
3,021		51.63% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 5S: TD-1



Summary for Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway

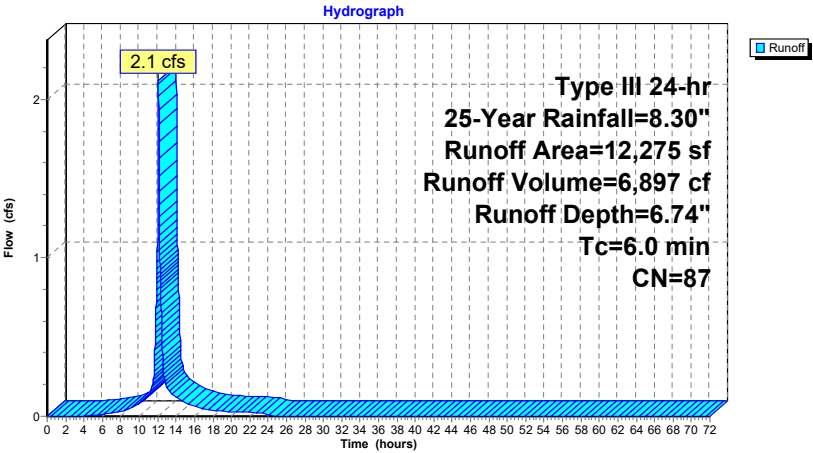
Runoff = 2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 6,897 cf, Depth= 6.74"  
Routed to Pond 3P : Rain garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,611	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C
12,275	87	Weighted Average
5,831		47.50% Pervious Area
6,444		52.50% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway





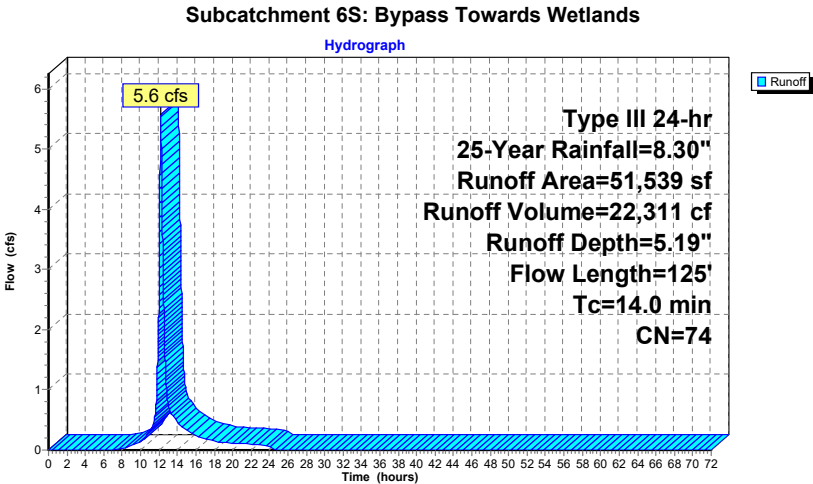
Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands

Runoff = 5.6 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 22,311 cf, Depth= 5.19"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
46,447	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
107	98	Roofs, HSG C
51,539	74	Weighted Average
51,432		99.79% Pervious Area
107		0.21% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.8	50	0.0220	0.07		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.2	75	0.0133	0.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.0	125	Total			



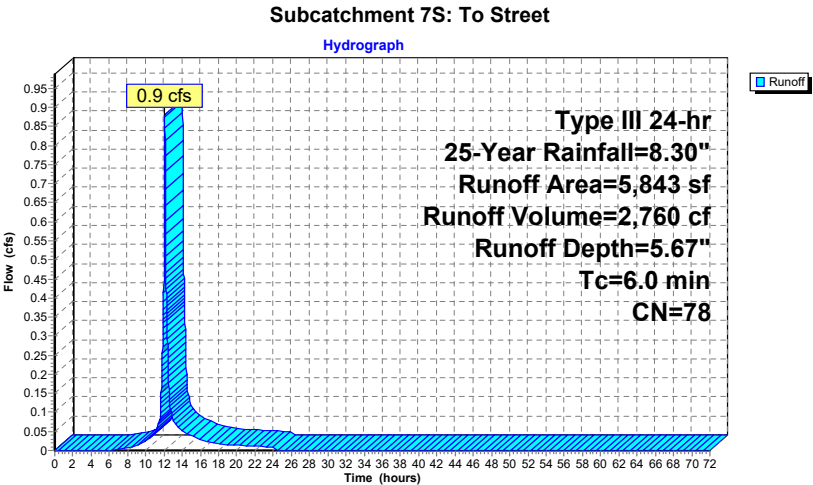
Summary for Subcatchment 7S: To Street

Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,760 cf, Depth= 5.67"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,056	98	Paved parking, HSG C
4,787	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,843	78	Weighted Average
4,787		81.93% Pervious Area
1,056		18.07% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc



Summary for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System

Inflow Area = 69,430 sf, 74.25% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.31" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 8.7 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 42,269 cf  
Outflow = 2.4 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 42,269 cf, Atten= 73%, Lag= 23.5 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 6.59 hrs, Volume= 19,582 cf  
Primary = 2.3 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= 22,686 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.26' @ 12.48 hrs Surf.Area= 8,137 sf Storage= 15,848 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 543.3 min calculated for 42,263 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 543.2 min ( 1,400.8 - 857.6 )

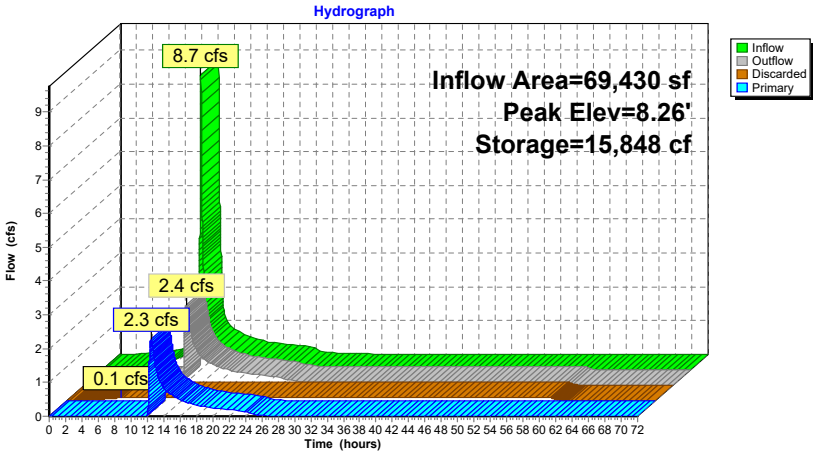
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	6.00'	20,994 cf	6.89'W x 14.06'L x 3.00'H StormTrap ST-1 Units (Irregular Shape)x 84 24,412 cf Overall x 86.0% Voids

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	7.50'	15.0" Round Culvert L= 190.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 7.50' / 6.00' S= 0.0079 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 6.59 hrs HW=6.03' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.3 cfs @ 12.48 hrs HW=8.26' (Free Discharge)  
2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 2.3 cfs @ 4.16 fps)

Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System



Summary for Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention

Inflow Area = 18,785 sf, 100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.06" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 3.5 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 12,617 cf  
Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 13.05 hrs, Volume= 12,601 cf, Atten= 92%, Lag= 57.7 min  
Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 13.05 hrs, Volume= 12,601 cf  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3  
Peak Elev= 57.44' @ 13.05 hrs Surf.Area= 15,000 sf Storage= 6,622 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 323.4 min calculated for 12,599 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 322.8 min ( 1,063.6 - 740.8 )

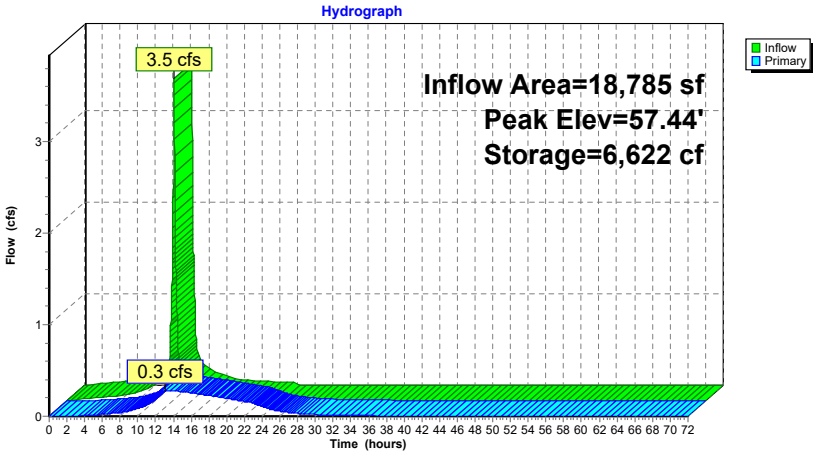
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	57.00'	10,500 cf	<b>Rooftop Detention (Prismatic)</b> Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
57.00	15,000	0	0
57.70	15,000	10,500	10,500

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	8.02'	<b>12.0" Round Roof Drain</b> L= 16.0' CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 8.02' / 7.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	57.00'	<b>4.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 13.05 hrs HW=57.44' (Free Discharge)  
1=Roof Drain (Passes 0.3 cfs of 23.3 cfs potential flow)  
2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.3 cfs @ 3.20 fps)

Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention



2340702-PR

Prepared by BSC Group

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

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**Summary for Pond 3P: Rain garden**

Inflow Area = 12,275 sf, 52.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.74" for 25-Year event  
 Inflow = 2.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 6,897 cf  
 Outflow = 2.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 6,897 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 459 cf  
 Primary = 2.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 6,438 cf  
 Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 6.42' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 414 sf Storage= 217 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 36.5 min calculated for 6,896 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 36.7 min ( 820.5 - 783.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	5.60'	253 cf	<b>Custom Stage Data (Irregular)</b> Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
5.60	125	46.0	0	0	125	
6.00	276	66.0	78	78	305	
6.30	350	73.0	94	172	385	
6.50	460	87.0	81	253	564	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	5.60'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	6.30'	<b>22.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir</b>
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.42' (Free Discharge)  
 ↳1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=2.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.42' (Free Discharge)  
 ↳2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.1 cfs @ 0.81 fps)

2340702-PR

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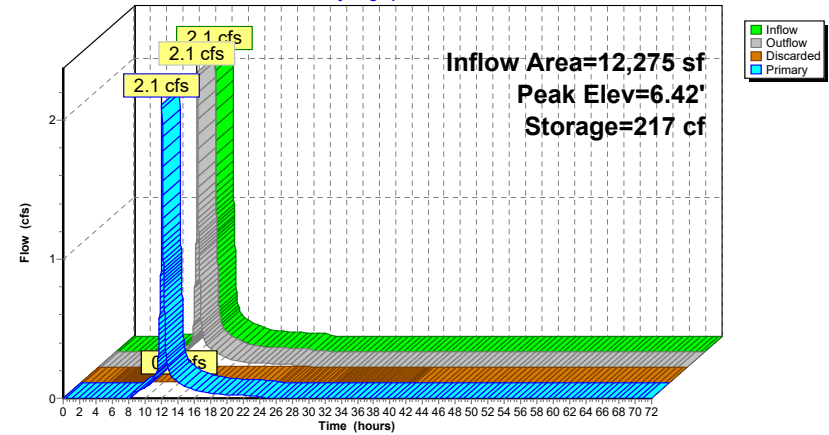
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

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**Pond 3P: Rain garden**

Hydrograph



Summary for Pond 102P:

Inflow Area = 1,112 sf, 95.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.94" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 736 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 7.35 hrs, Volume= 736 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 7.35 hrs, Volume= 736 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.91' @ 17.98 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 506 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,250.3 min calculated for 736 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,250.3 min ( 1,996.8 - 746.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

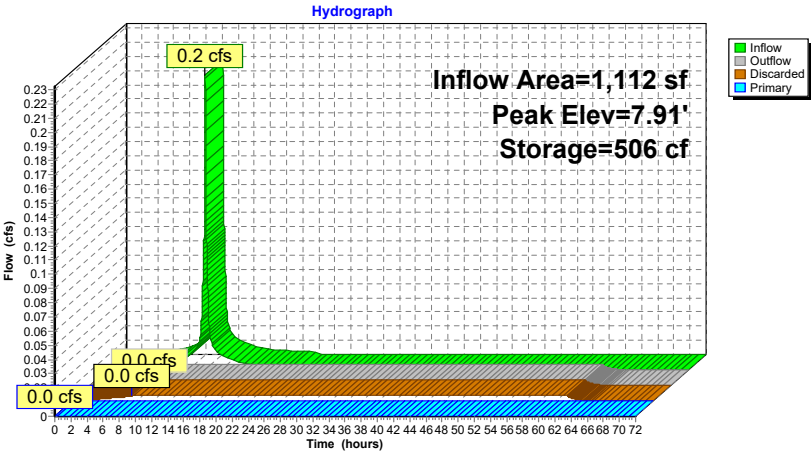
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.35 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 102P:



Summary for Pond 103P:

Inflow Area = 1,105 sf, 97.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.94" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 731 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs, Volume= 731 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs, Volume= 731 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.90' @ 17.96 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 502 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,240.3 min calculated for 731 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,240.5 min ( 1,987.0 - 746.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

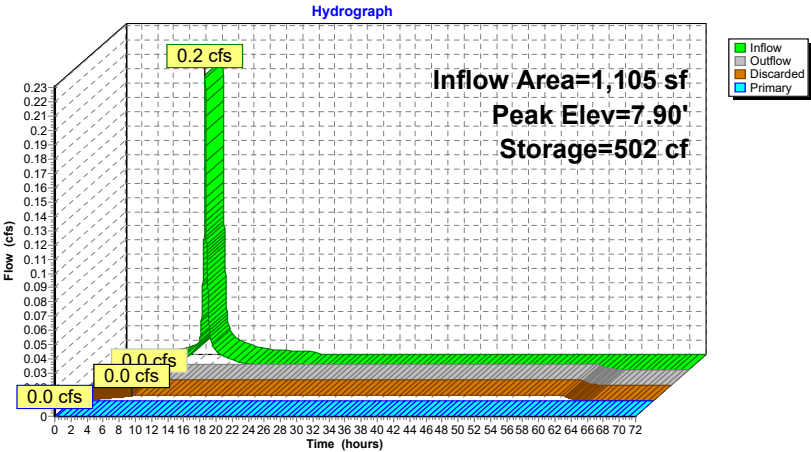
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 103P:



Summary for Pond 104P:

Inflow Area = 1,104 sf, 97.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.94" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 730 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs, Volume= 730 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs, Volume= 730 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.90' @ 17.95 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 502 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,238.9 min calculated for 730 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,239.1 min ( 1,985.6 - 746.5 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

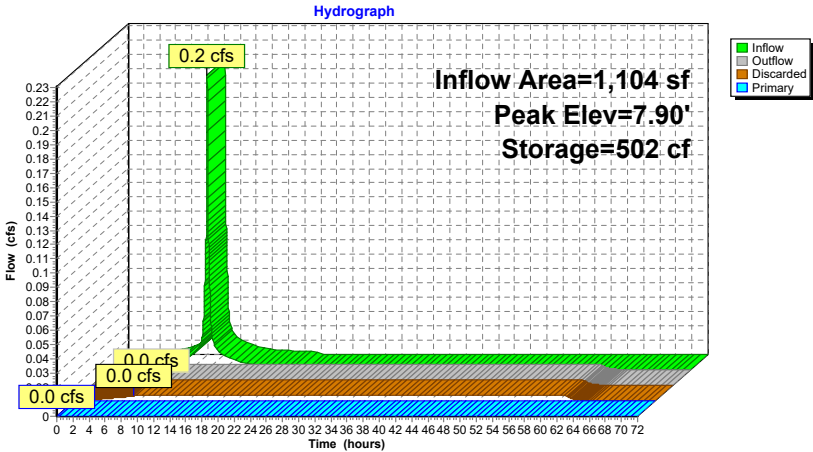
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.37 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 104P:



Summary for Pond 105P:

Inflow Area = 1,082 sf, 98.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.06" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 727 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 7.22 hrs, Volume= 727 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 7.22 hrs, Volume= 727 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 7.87' @ 17.89 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 493 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,209.3 min calculated for 727 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,209.3 min ( 1,950.1 - 740.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

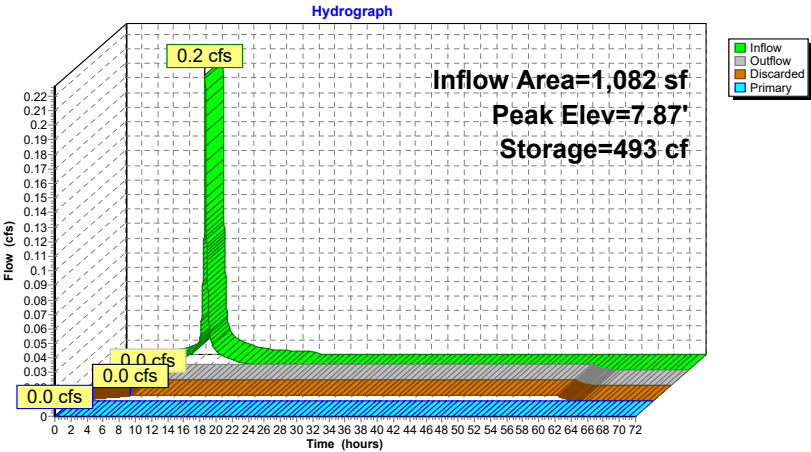
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.22 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 105P:





**2340702-PR**

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

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**Summary for Pond 106P:**

Inflow Area = 1,056 sf, 99.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.06" for 25-Year event  
 Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 709 cf  
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 7.32 hrs, Volume= 709 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
 Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 7.32 hrs, Volume= 709 cf  
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
 Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
 Peak Elev= 7.81' @ 17.80 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 478 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,172.6 min calculated for 709 cf (100% of inflow)  
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,172.7 min ( 1,913.5 - 740.8 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.32 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

**2340702-PR**

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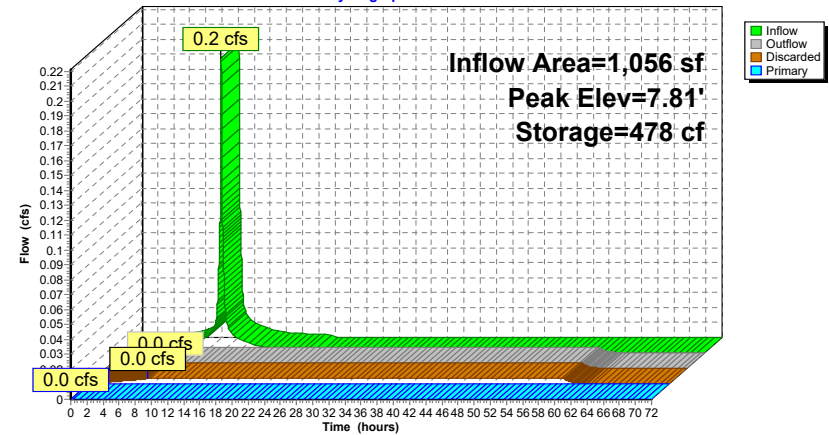
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=8.30"

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**Pond 106P:**

Hydrograph

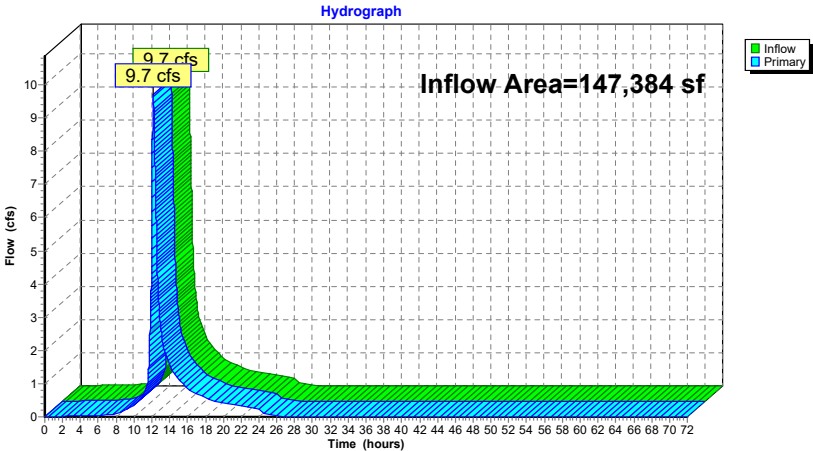


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 147,384 sf, 49.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.96" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 9.7 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 60,933 cf  
Primary = 9.7 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 60,933 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

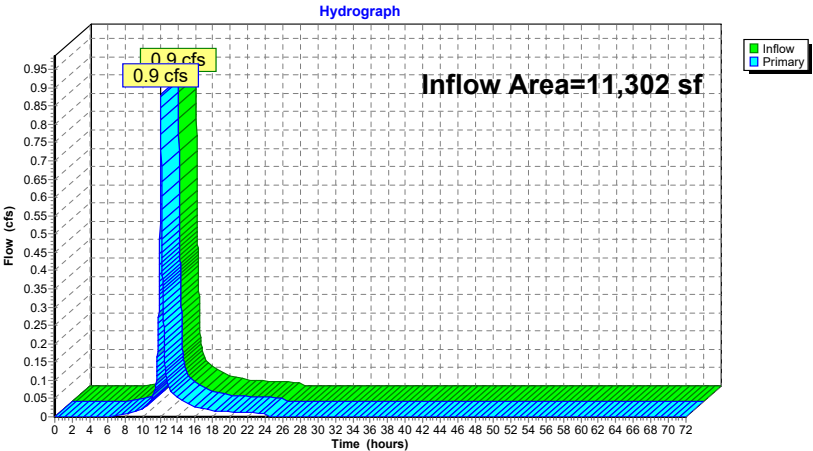


Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 11,302 sf, 56.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.93" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,760 cf  
Primary = 0.9 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 2,760 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

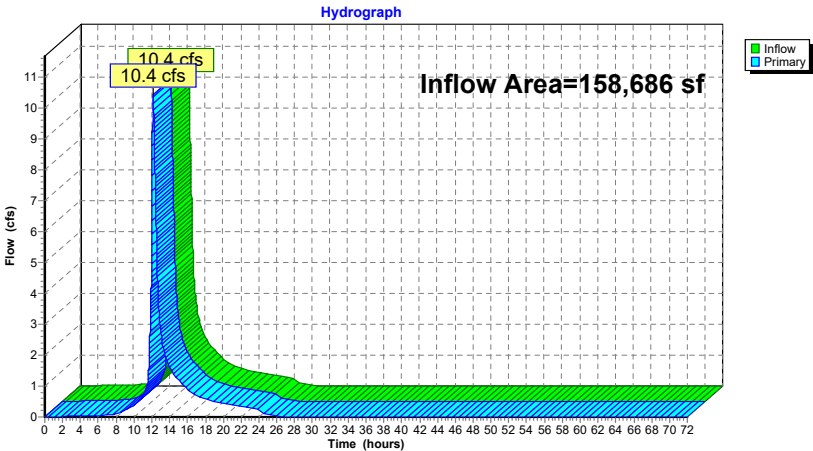


Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 49.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.82" for 25-Year event  
Inflow = 10.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 63,693 cf  
Primary = 10.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 63,693 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows



Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1	Runoff Area=22,742 sf 72.16% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.58" Tc=6.0 min CN=91 Runoff=4.8 cfs 16,254 cf
Subcatchment 2.1S: Building	Runoff Area=14,140 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.43" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.1 cfs 11,111 cf
Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof	Runoff Area=18,785 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.43" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.1 cfs 14,761 cf
Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs	Runoff Area=8,985 sf 3.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.57" Flow Length=147' Tc=10.3 min CN=75 Runoff=1.4 cfs 4,920 cf
Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs	Runoff Area=13,067 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.43" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.9 cfs 10,268 cf
Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,112 sf 95.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.31" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 863 cf
Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,105 sf 97.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.31" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 857 cf
Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,104 sf 97.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.31" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.2 cfs 856 cf
Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,082 sf 98.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.43" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 850 cf
Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,056 sf 99.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.43" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 830 cf
Subcatchment 5S: TD-1	Runoff Area=5,851 sf 51.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.96" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.2 cfs 3,880 cf
Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway	Runoff Area=12,275 sf 52.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.08" Tc=6.0 min CN=87 Runoff=2.5 cfs 8,268 cf
Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards	Runoff Area=51,539 sf 0.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.44" Flow Length=125' Tc=14.0 min CN=74 Runoff=6.9 cfs 27,672 cf
Subcatchment 7S: To Street	Runoff Area=5,843 sf 18.07% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.95" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.1 cfs 3,385 cf
Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System	Peak Elev=8.51' Storage=17,597 cf Inflow=10.3 cfs 50,065 cf Discarded=0.1 cfs 20,187 cf Primary=3.6 cfs 29,877 cf Outflow=3.7 cfs 50,064 cf
Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention	Peak Elev=57.52' Storage=7,804 cf Inflow=4.1 cfs 14,761 cf Outflow=0.3 cfs 14,743 cf

Pond 3P: Rain garden	Peak Elev=6.43' Storage=223 cf Inflow=2.5 cfs 8,268 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 469 cf Primary=2.5 cfs 7,799 cf Outflow=2.5 cfs 8,268 cf
Pond 102P:	Peak Elev=8.33' Storage=617 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 863 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 860 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 860 cf
Pond 103P:	Peak Elev=8.31' Storage=612 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 857 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 856 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 856 cf
Pond 104P:	Peak Elev=8.31' Storage=611 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 856 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 855 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 855 cf
Pond 105P:	Peak Elev=8.27' Storage=600 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 850 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 850 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 850 cf
Pond 106P:	Peak Elev=8.20' Storage=582 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 830 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 830 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 830 cf
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands	Inflow=13.3 cfs 76,458 cf Primary=13.3 cfs 76,458 cf
Link 2L: Towards Street	Inflow=1.1 cfs 3,385 cf Primary=1.1 cfs 3,385 cf
Link 100L: Total Flows	Inflow=14.1 cfs 79,844 cf Primary=14.1 cfs 79,844 cf
Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf Runoff Volume = 104,774 cf Average Runoff Depth = 7.92" 50.45% Pervious = 80,060 sf 49.55% Impervious = 78,626 sf	

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: CB-1

Runoff = 4.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 16,254 cf, Depth= 8.58"

Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

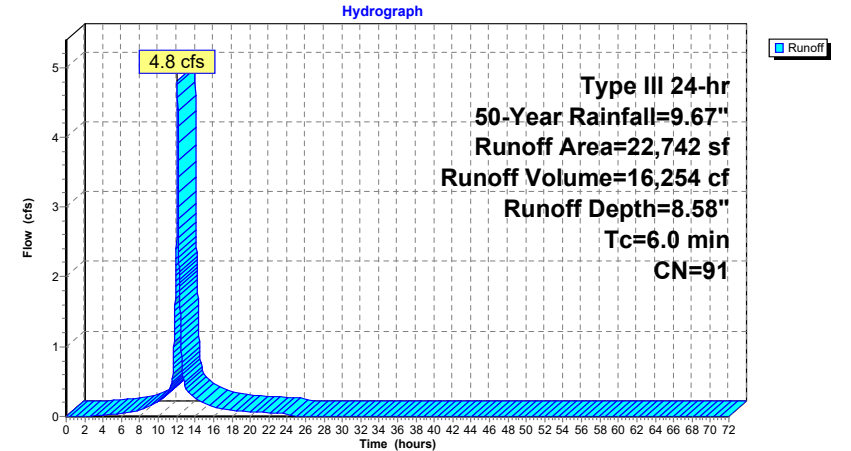
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,410	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,332	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
22,742	91	Weighted Average
6,332		27.84% Pervious Area
16,410		72.16% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast

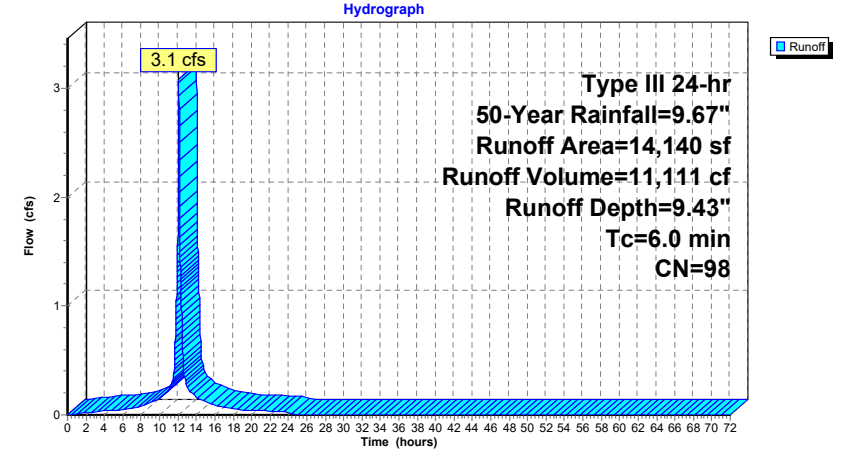
Runoff = 3.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 11,111 cf, Depth= 9.43"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,140	98	Roofs, HSG C
14,140		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof

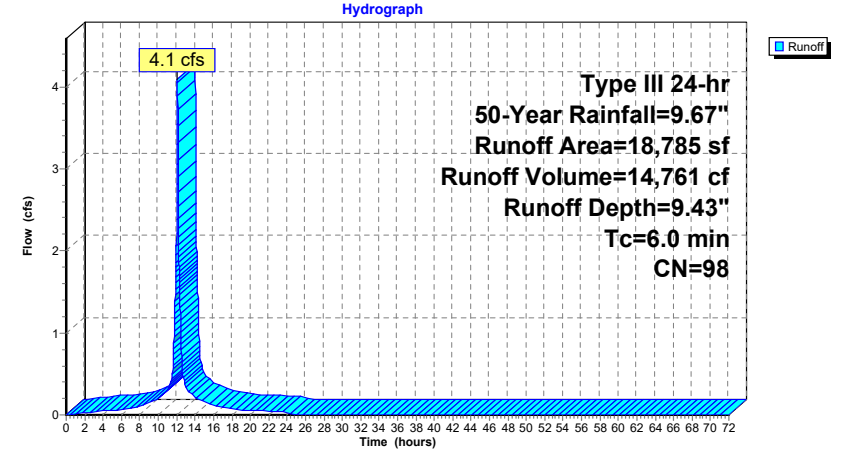
Runoff = 4.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 14,761 cf, Depth= 9.43"  
Routed to Pond 2P : Rooftop Detention

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,785	98	Roofs, HSG C
18,785		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof



Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs

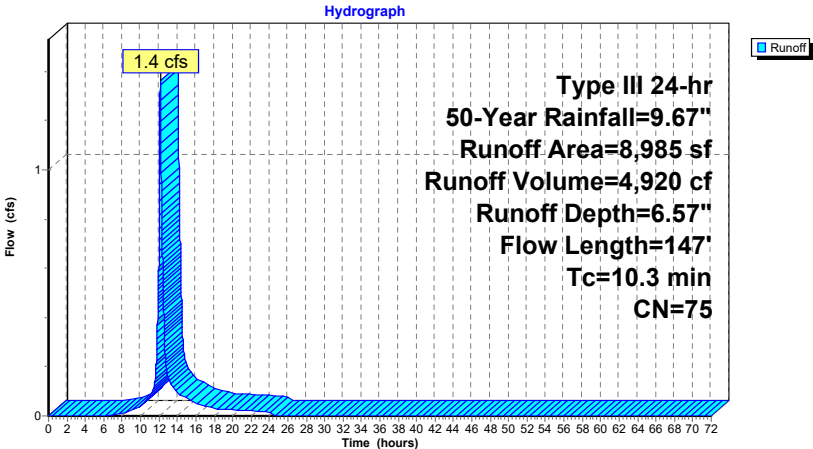
Runoff = 1.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 4,920 cf, Depth= 6.57"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C
8,302	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C
8,985	75	Weighted Average
8,713		96.97% Pervious Area
272		3.03% Impervious Area
272		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.4	50	0.0142	0.09		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.23"
0.9	97	0.0154	1.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
10.3	147	Total			

Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs

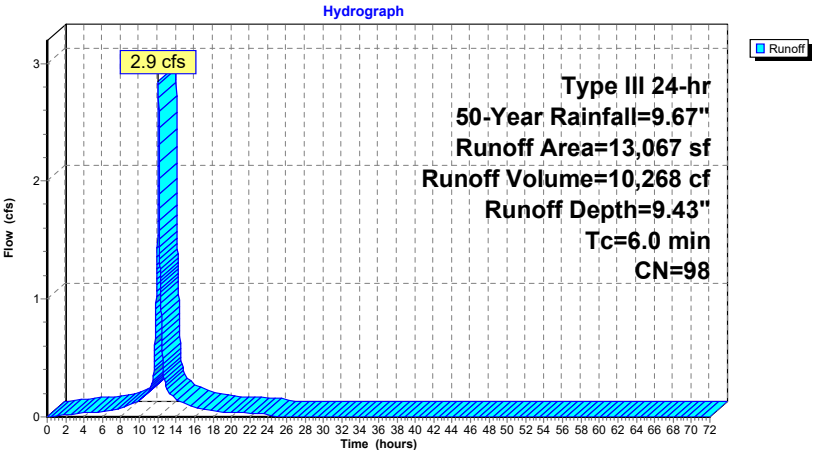
Runoff = 2.9 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,268 cf, Depth= 9.43"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,067	98	Roofs, HSG C
13,067		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs

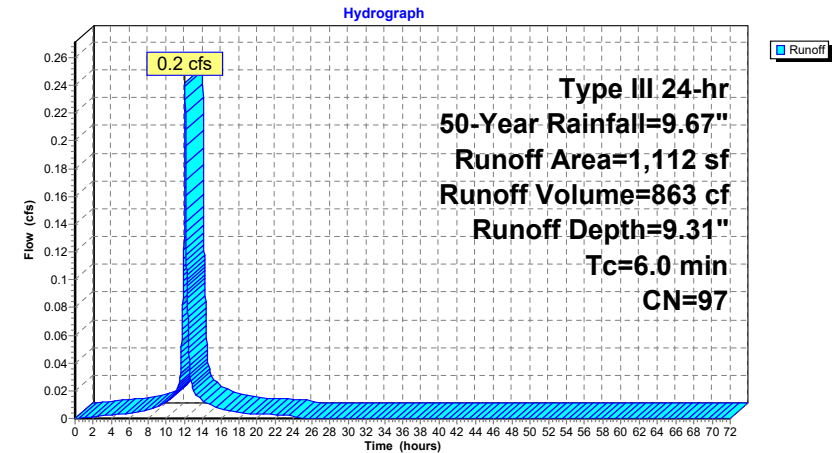
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 863 cf, Depth= 9.31"  
Routed to Pond 102P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,064	98	Paved parking, HSG C
48	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,112	97	Weighted Average
48		4.32% Pervious Area
1,064		95.68% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs

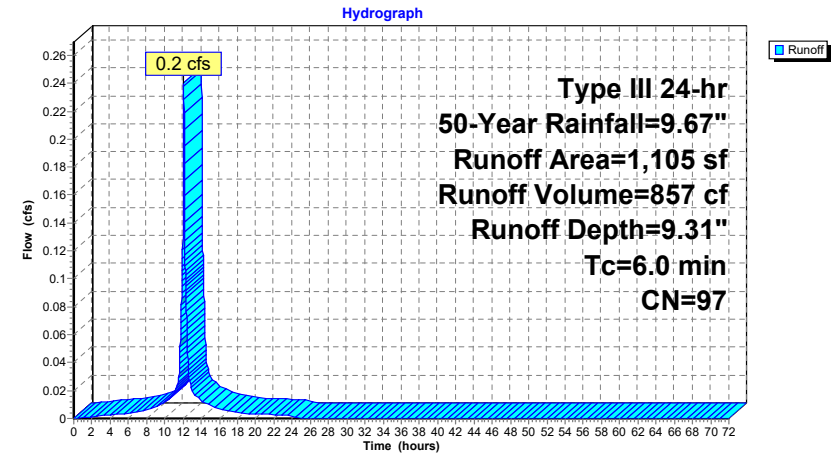
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 857 cf, Depth= 9.31"  
Routed to Pond 103P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C
30	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,105	97	Weighted Average
30		2.71% Pervious Area
1,075		97.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs

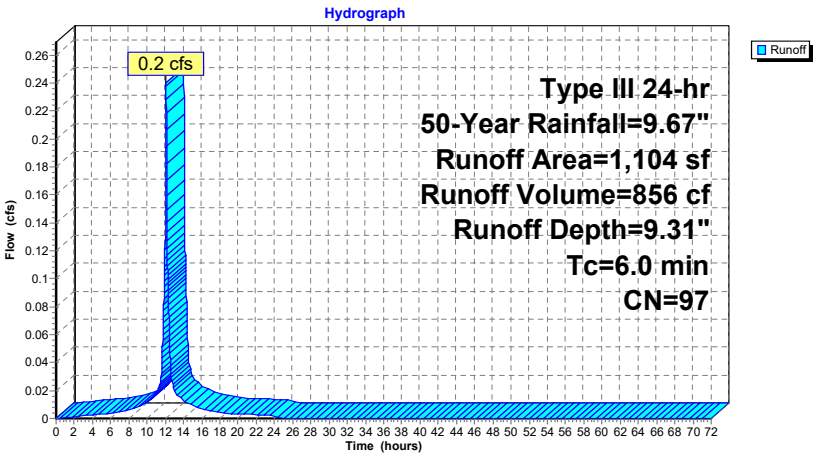
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 856 cf, Depth= 9.31"  
Routed to Pond 104P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,076	98	Paved parking, HSG C
28	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,104	97	Weighted Average
28		2.54% Pervious Area
1,076		97.46% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs

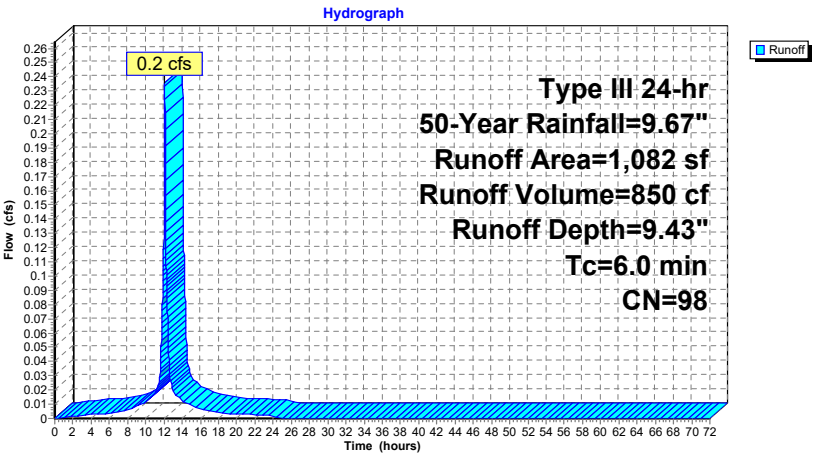
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 850 cf, Depth= 9.43"  
Routed to Pond 105P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,061	98	Paved parking, HSG C
21	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,082	98	Weighted Average
21		1.94% Pervious Area
1,061		98.06% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs





Summary for Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs

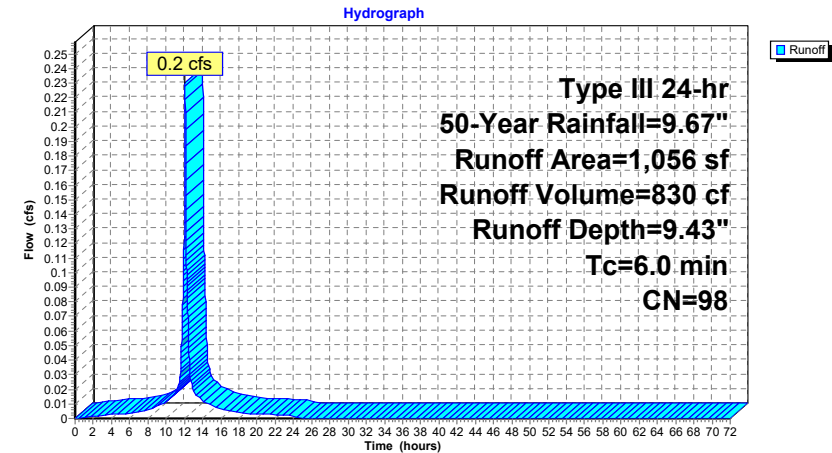
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 830 cf, Depth= 9.43"  
Routed to Pond 106P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,048	98	Paved parking, HSG C
8	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,056	98	Weighted Average
8		0.76% Pervious Area
1,048		99.24% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 5S: TD-1

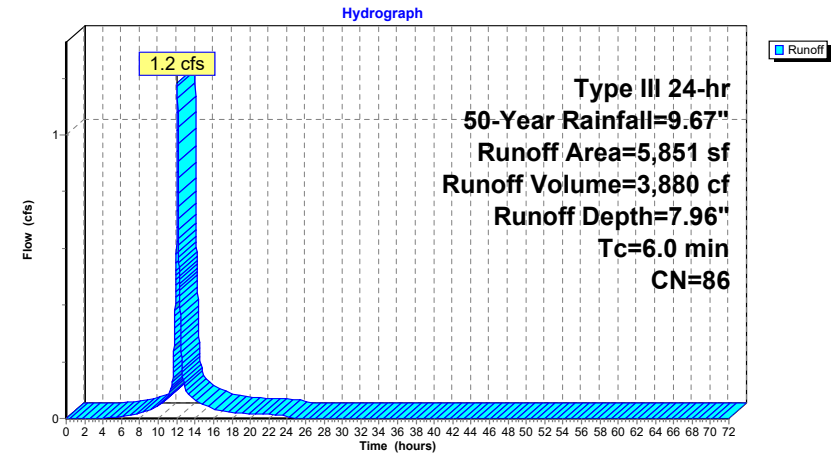
Runoff = 1.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 3,880 cf, Depth= 7.96"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,021	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,830	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,851	86	Weighted Average
2,830		48.37% Pervious Area
3,021		51.63% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 5S: TD-1



Summary for Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway

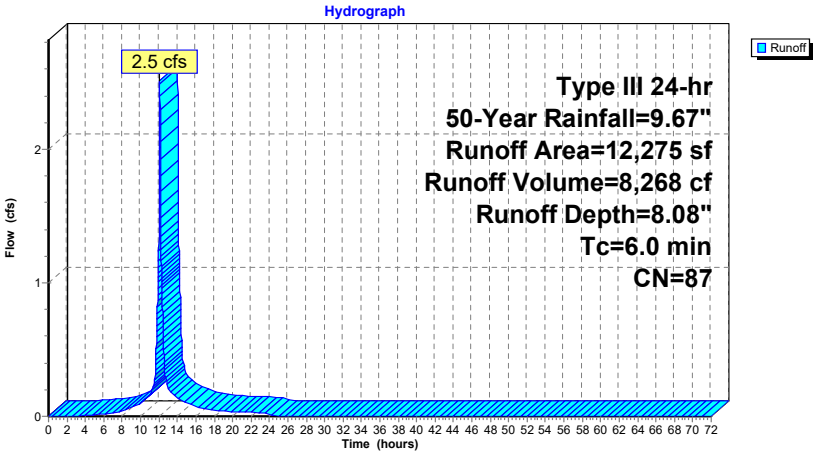
Runoff = 2.5 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 8,268 cf, Depth= 8.08"  
Routed to Pond 3P : Rain garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,611	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C
12,275	87	Weighted Average
5,831		47.50% Pervious Area
6,444		52.50% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway



Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands

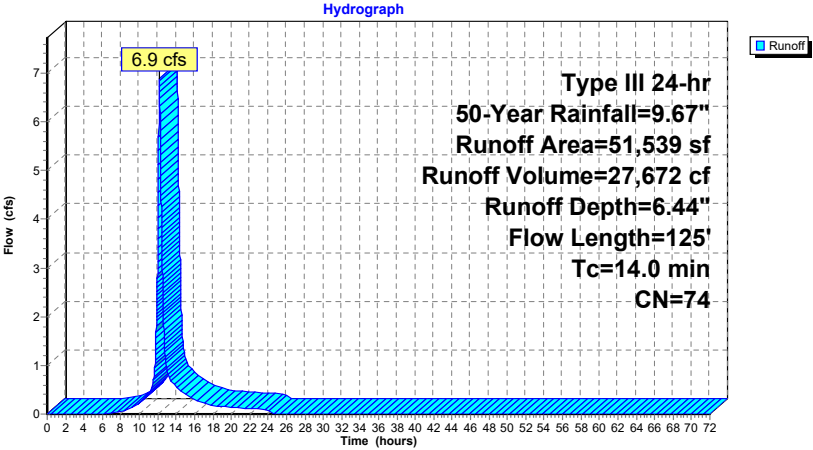
Runoff = 6.9 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 27,672 cf, Depth= 6.44"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
46,447	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
107	98	Roofs, HSG C
51,539	74	Weighted Average
51,432		99.79% Pervious Area
107		0.21% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.8	50	0.0220	0.07		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.2	75	0.0133	0.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.0	125	Total			

Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 7S: To Street

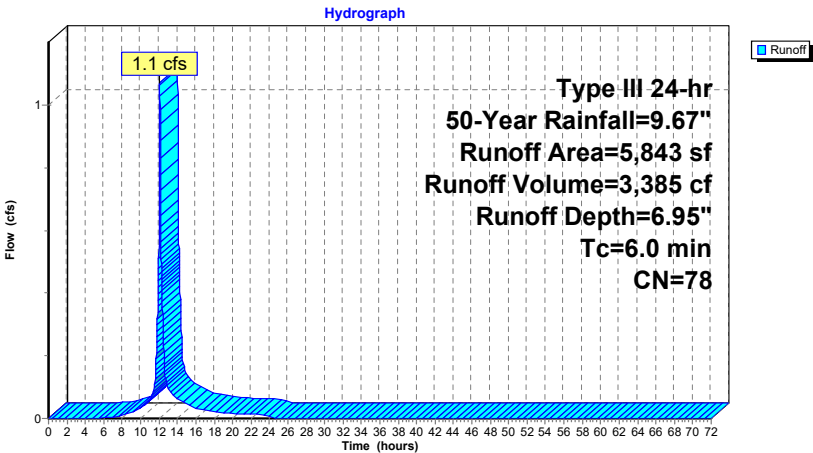
Runoff = 1.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,385 cf, Depth= 6.95"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 50-Year Rainfall=9.67"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,056	98	Paved parking, HSG C
4,787	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,843	78	Weighted Average
4,787		81.93% Pervious Area
1,056		18.07% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 7S: To Street



Summary for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System

Inflow Area = 69,430 sf, 74.25% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.65" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 10.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 50,065 cf  
Outflow = 3.7 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 50,064 cf, Atten= 64%, Lag= 17.8 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 5.77 hrs, Volume= 20,187 cf  
Primary = 3.6 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 29,877 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.51' @ 12.39 hrs Surf.Area= 8,137 sf Storage= 17,597 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 483.2 min calculated for 50,057 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 483.1 min ( 1,341.8 - 858.8 )

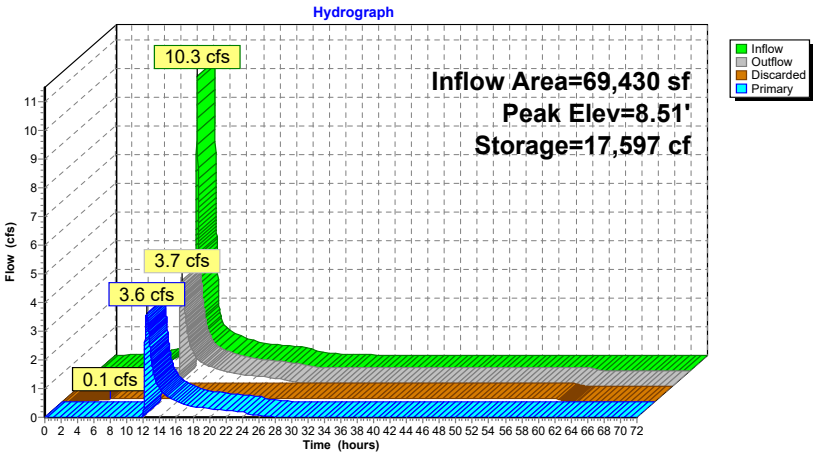
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	6.00'	20,994 cf	6.89'W x 14.06'L x 3.00'H StormTrap ST-1 Units (Irregular Shape)x 84 24,412 cf Overall x 86.0% Voids

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	7.50'	15.0" Round Culvert L= 190.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 7.50' / 6.00' S= 0.0079 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 5.77 hrs HW=6.03' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=3.6 cfs @ 12.39 hrs HW=8.51' (Free Discharge)  
2=Culvert (Barrel Controls 3.6 cfs @ 4.61 fps)

Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System



Summary for Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention

Inflow Area = 18,785 sf, 100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.43" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 4.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 14,761 cf  
Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 13.14 hrs, Volume= 14,743 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 63.6 min  
Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 13.14 hrs, Volume= 14,743 cf  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3  
Peak Elev= 57.52' @ 13.14 hrs Surf.Area= 15,000 sf Storage= 7,804 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 340.7 min calculated for 14,741 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 340.2 min ( 1,079.2 - 739.0 )

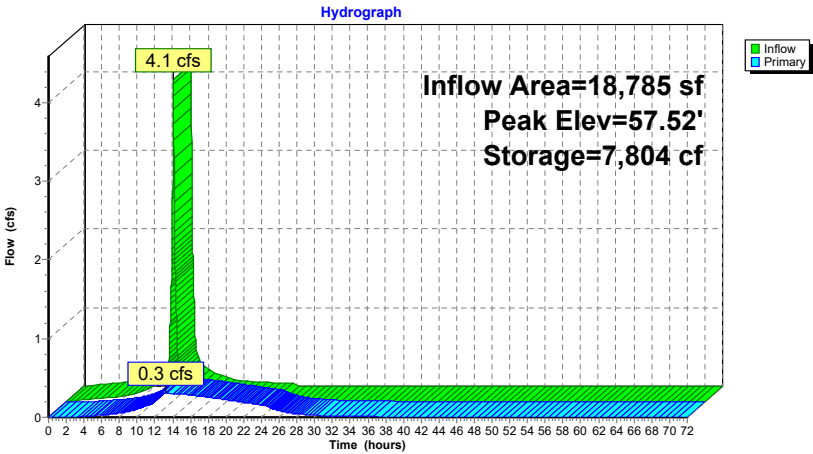
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	57.00'	10,500 cf	Rooftop Detention (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
57.00	15,000	0	0
57.70	15,000	10,500	10,500

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	8.02'	12.0" Round Roof Drain L= 16.0' CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 8.02' / 7.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	57.00'	4.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 13.14 hrs HW=57.52' (Free Discharge)  
1=Roof Drain (Passes 0.3 cfs of 23.4 cfs potential flow)  
2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.3 cfs @ 3.47 fps)

Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention



Summary for Pond 3P: Rain garden

Inflow Area = 12,275 sf, 52.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.08" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 2.5 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 8,268 cf  
Outflow = 2.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 8,268 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 469 cf  
Primary = 2.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 7,799 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 6.43' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 422 sf Storage= 223 cf

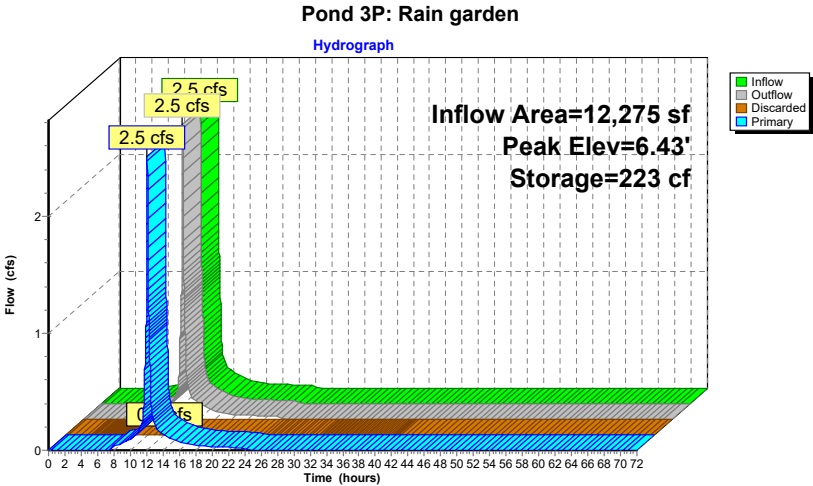
Plug-Flow detention time= 31.4 min calculated for 8,266 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 31.5 min ( 810.6 - 779.1 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	5.60'	253 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
5.60	125	46.0	0	0	125	
6.00	276	66.0	78	78	305	
6.30	350	73.0	94	172	385	
6.50	460	87.0	81	253	564	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	5.60'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	6.30'	22.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00			
2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50			
Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65			
2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88			

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.43' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.5 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.43' (Free Discharge)  
2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.5 cfs @ 0.85 fps)



Summary for Pond 102P:

Inflow Area = 1,112 sf, 95.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.31" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 863 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 6.66 hrs, Volume= 860 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.66 hrs, Volume= 860 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.33' @ 19.27 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 617 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,509.2 min calculated for 860 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,507.4 min ( 2,251.7 - 744.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

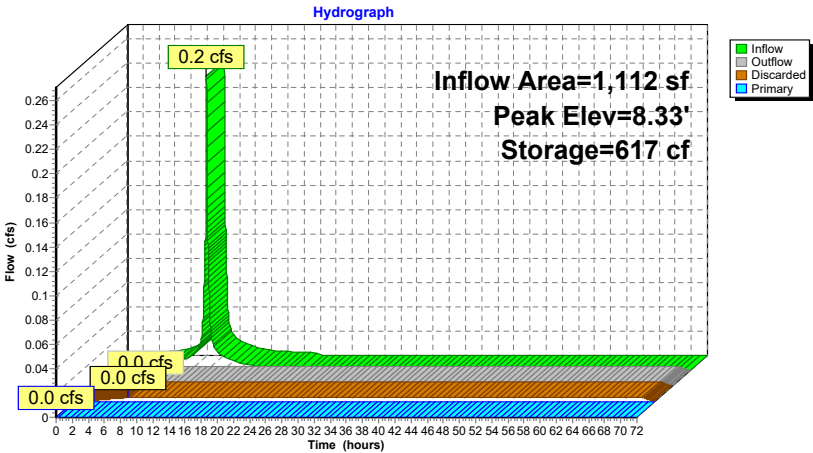
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.66 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 102P:



Summary for Pond 103P:

Inflow Area = 1,105 sf, 97.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.31" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 857 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs, Volume= 856 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs, Volume= 856 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.31' @ 19.22 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 612 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,498.6 min calculated for 856 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,497.7 min ( 2,242.0 - 744.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

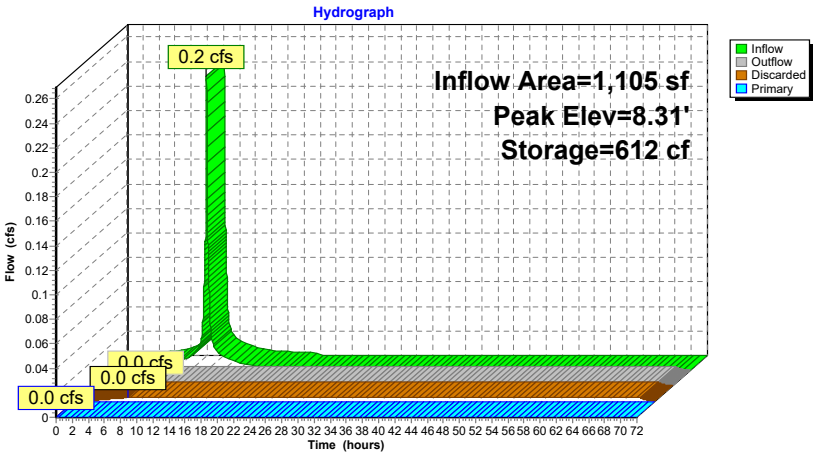
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 103P:



Summary for Pond 104P:

Inflow Area = 1,104 sf, 97.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.31" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 856 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs, Volume= 855 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs, Volume= 855 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.31' @ 19.21 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 611 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,497.1 min calculated for 855 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,496.3 min ( 2,240.5 - 744.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

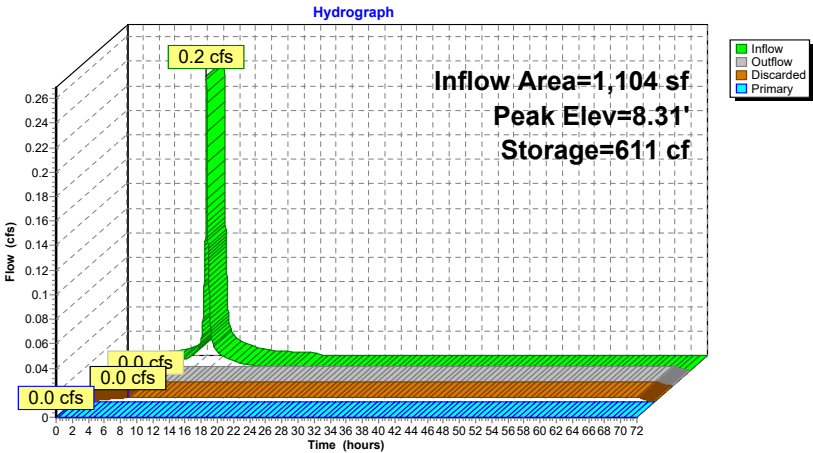
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.69 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)



Pond 104P:



Summary for Pond 105P:

Inflow Area = 1,082 sf, 98.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.43" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 850 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 6.51 hrs, Volume= 850 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.51 hrs, Volume= 850 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.27' @ 19.02 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 600 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,462.7 min calculated for 850 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,462.5 min ( 2,201.5 - 739.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

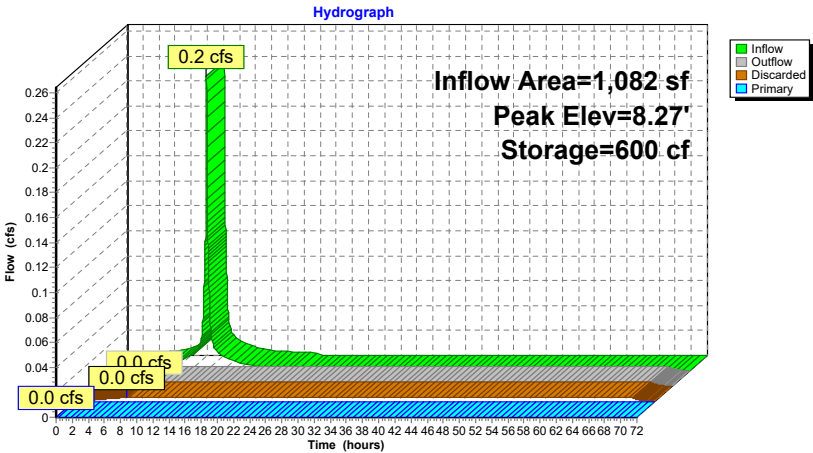
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.51 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 105P:



Summary for Pond 106P:

Inflow Area = 1,056 sf, 99.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.43" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 830 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 6.62 hrs, Volume= 830 cf, Atten= 98%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 6.62 hrs, Volume= 830 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.20' @ 18.78 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 582 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,419.6 min calculated for 830 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,419.8 min ( 2,158.8 - 739.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91</b> Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97'L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97'L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

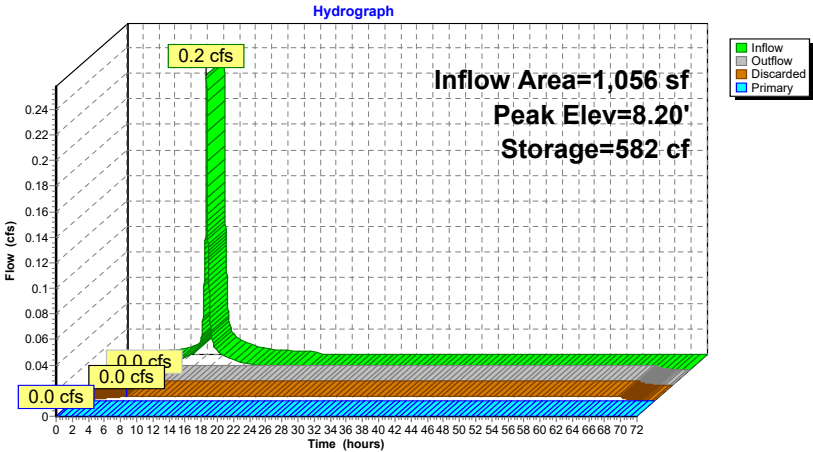
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

**Discarded OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 6.62 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 106P:

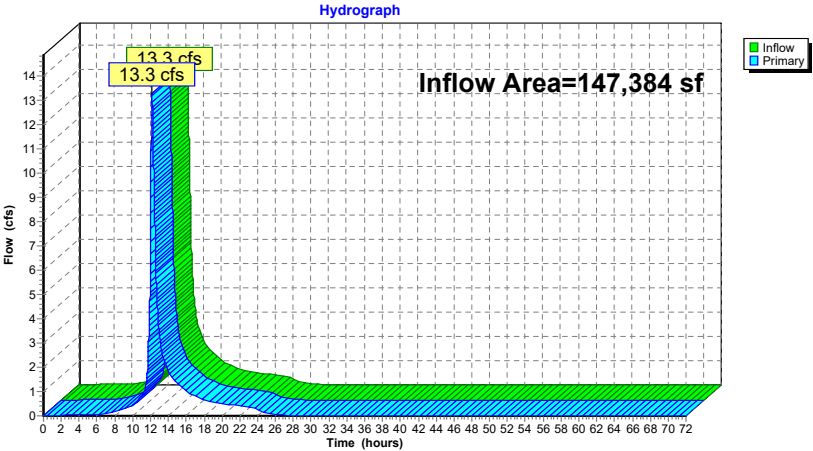


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 147,384 sf, 49.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.23" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 13.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 76,458 cf  
Primary = 13.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 76,458 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands



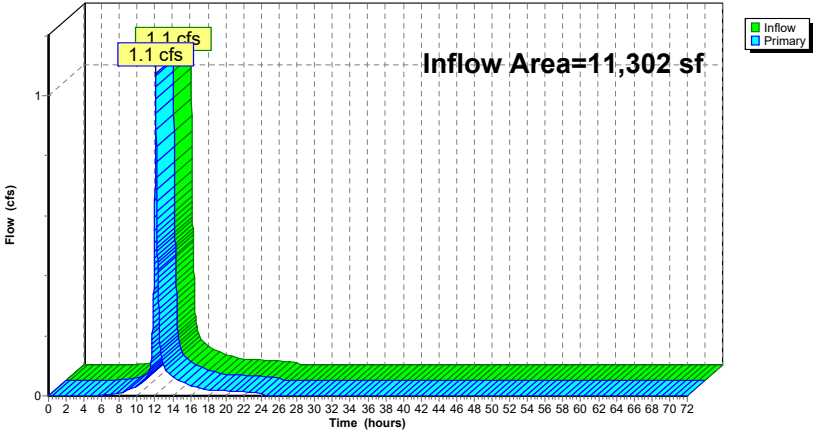
Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 11,302 sf, 56.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.59" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 1.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,385 cf  
Primary = 1.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 3,385 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

Hydrograph



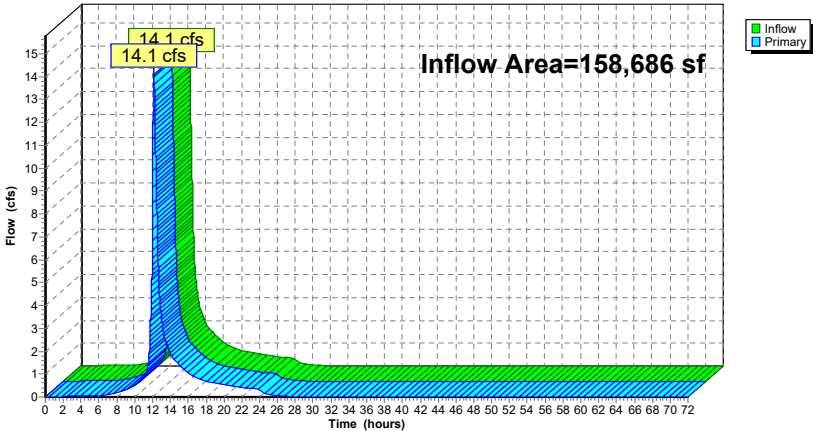
Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 49.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.04" for 50-Year event  
Inflow = 14.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 79,844 cf  
Primary = 14.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 79,844 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows

Hydrograph



Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7201 points  
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN  
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1	Runoff Area=22,742 sf 72.16% Impervious Runoff Depth=10.39" Tc=6.0 min CN=91 Runoff=5.8 cfs 19,696 cf
Subcatchment 2.1S: Building	Runoff Area=14,140 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.7 cfs 13,266 cf
Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof	Runoff Area=18,785 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.9 cfs 17,625 cf
Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs	Runoff Area=8,985 sf 3.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.28" Flow Length=147' Tc=10.3 min CN=75 Runoff=1.7 cfs 6,203 cf
Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs	Runoff Area=13,067 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.4 cfs 12,260 cf
Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,112 sf 95.68% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.14" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,032 cf
Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,105 sf 97.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.14" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,026 cf
Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,104 sf 97.46% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.14" Tc=6.0 min CN=97 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,025 cf
Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,082 sf 98.06% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,015 cf
Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs	Runoff Area=1,056 sf 99.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=11.26" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.3 cfs 991 cf
Subcatchment 5S: TD-1	Runoff Area=5,851 sf 51.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.75" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.4 cfs 4,756 cf
Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway	Runoff Area=12,275 sf 52.50% Impervious Runoff Depth=9.88" Tc=6.0 min CN=87 Runoff=3.0 cfs 10,109 cf
Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards	Runoff Area=51,539 sf 0.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.15" Flow Length=125' Tc=14.0 min CN=74 Runoff=8.7 cfs 34,988 cf
Subcatchment 7S: To Street	Runoff Area=5,843 sf 18.07% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.69" Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.3 cfs 4,233 cf
Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System	Peak Elev=8.86' Storage=20,001 cf Inflow=12.3 cfs 60,519 cf Discarded=0.1 cfs 20,937 cf Primary=5.1 cfs 39,581 cf Outflow=5.2 cfs 60,518 cf
Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention	Peak Elev=57.63' Storage=9,434 cf Inflow=4.9 cfs 17,625 cf Outflow=0.3 cfs 17,604 cf

Pond 3P: Rain garden	Peak Elev=6.45' Storage=231 cf Inflow=3.0 cfs 10,109 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 480 cf Primary=3.0 cfs 9,630 cf Outflow=3.0 cfs 10,109 cf
Pond 102P:	Peak Elev=8.91' Storage=770 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 1,032 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 878 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 878 cf
Pond 103P:	Peak Elev=8.89' Storage=764 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 1,026 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 878 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 878 cf
Pond 104P:	Peak Elev=8.88' Storage=763 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 1,025 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 878 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 878 cf
Pond 105P:	Peak Elev=8.83' Storage=749 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 1,015 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 883 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 883 cf
Pond 106P:	Peak Elev=8.75' Storage=726 cf Inflow=0.3 cfs 991 cf Discarded=0.0 cfs 882 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 882 cf
Link 1L: Towards Wetlands	Inflow=17.9 cfs 97,465 cf Primary=17.9 cfs 97,465 cf
Link 2L: Towards Street	Inflow=1.3 cfs 4,233 cf Primary=1.3 cfs 4,233 cf
Link 100L: Total Flows	Inflow=19.0 cfs 101,698 cf Primary=19.0 cfs 101,698 cf
Total Runoff Area = 158,686 sf Runoff Volume = 128,224 cf Average Runoff Depth = 9.70" 50.45% Pervious = 80,060 sf 49.55% Impervious = 78,626 sf	

Summary for Subcatchment 1S: CB-1

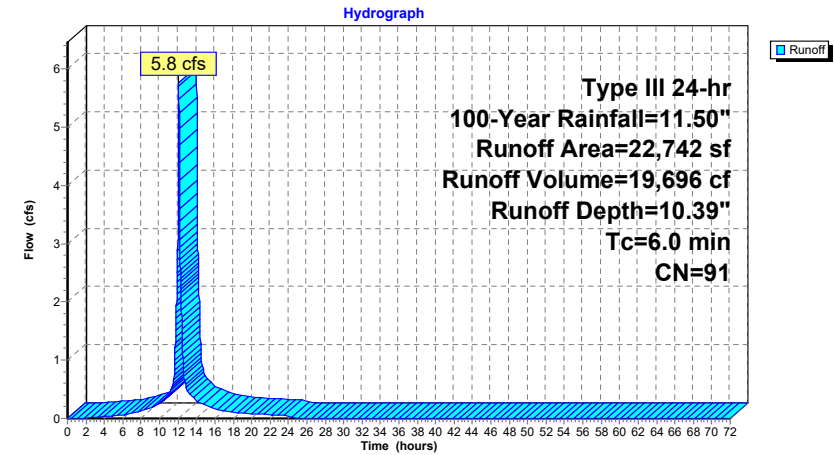
Runoff = 5.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 19,696 cf, Depth=10.39"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
16,410	98	Paved parking, HSG C
6,332	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
22,742	91	Weighted Average
6,332		27.84% Pervious Area
16,410		72.16% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 1S: CB-1



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast

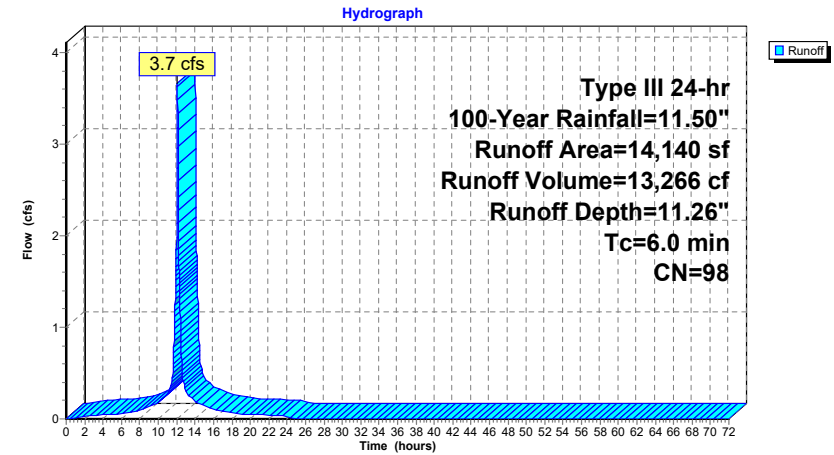
Runoff = 3.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 13,266 cf, Depth=11.26"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
14,140	98	Roofs, HSG C
14,140		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2.1S: Building Roof-Southeast



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof

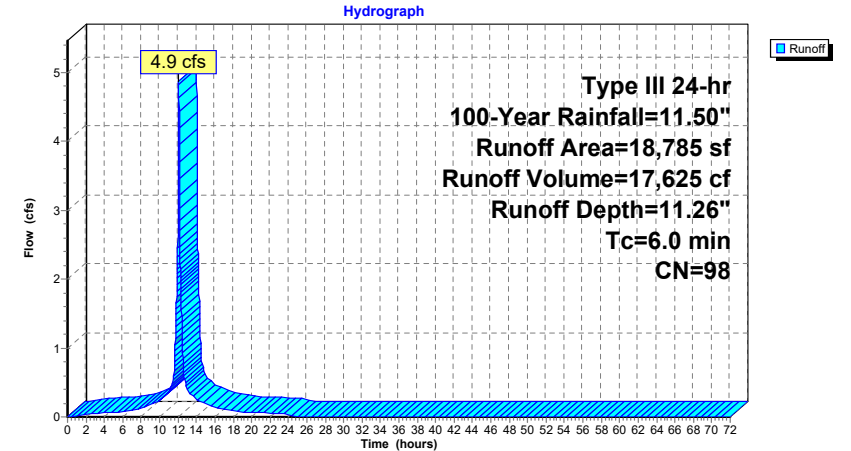
Runoff = 4.9 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 17,625 cf, Depth=11.26"  
Routed to Pond 2P : Rooftop Detention

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,785	98	Roofs, HSG C
18,785		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 2S: Building Roof



Summary for Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs

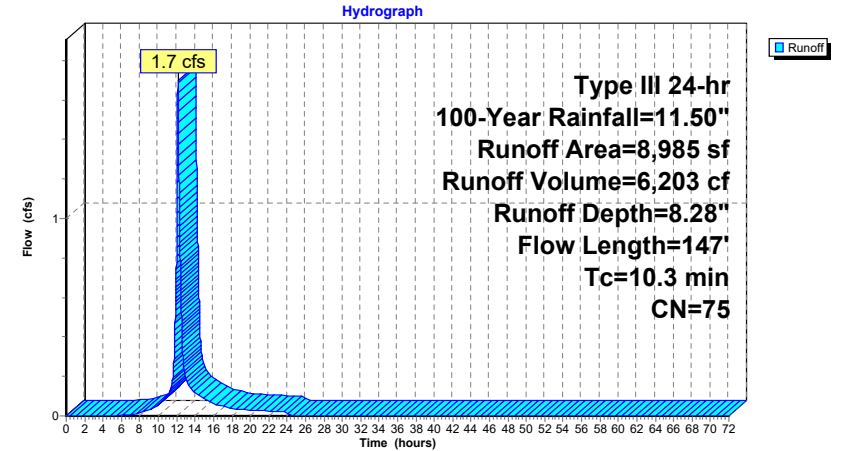
Runoff = 1.7 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 6,203 cf, Depth= 8.28"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
272	98	Unconnected pavement, HSG C
8,302	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
411	89	Gravel sidewalk, HSG C
8,985	75	Weighted Average
8,713		96.97% Pervious Area
272		3.03% Impervious Area
272		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
9.4	50	0.0142	0.09		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.23"
0.9	97	0.0154	1.86		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
10.3	147				Total

Subcatchment 3.1S: Backyard ADs



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs

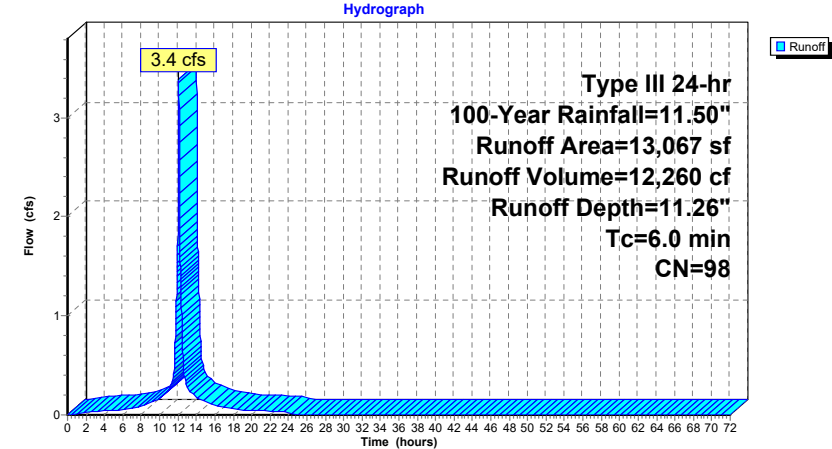
Runoff = 3.4 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 12,260 cf, Depth=11.26"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
13,067	98	Roofs, HSG C
13,067		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 3S: Townhouse Roofs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs

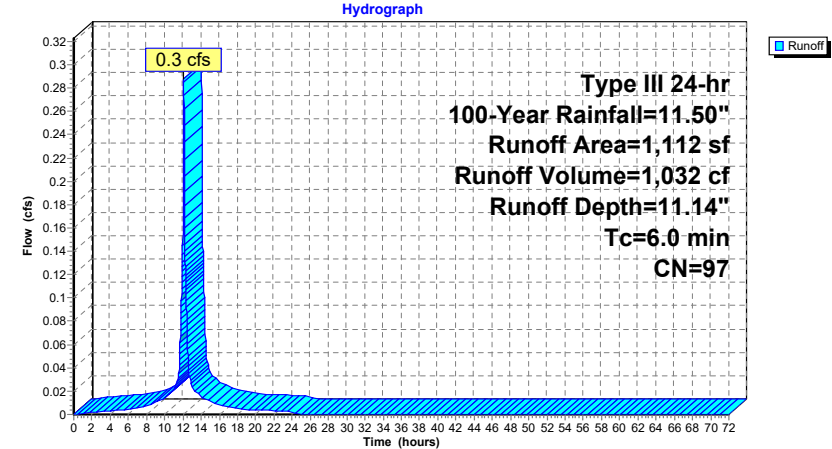
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,032 cf, Depth=11.14"  
Routed to Pond 102P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,064	98	Paved parking, HSG C
48	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,112	97	Weighted Average
48		4.32% Pervious Area
1,064		95.68% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.2S: Townhouse TDs





Summary for Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs

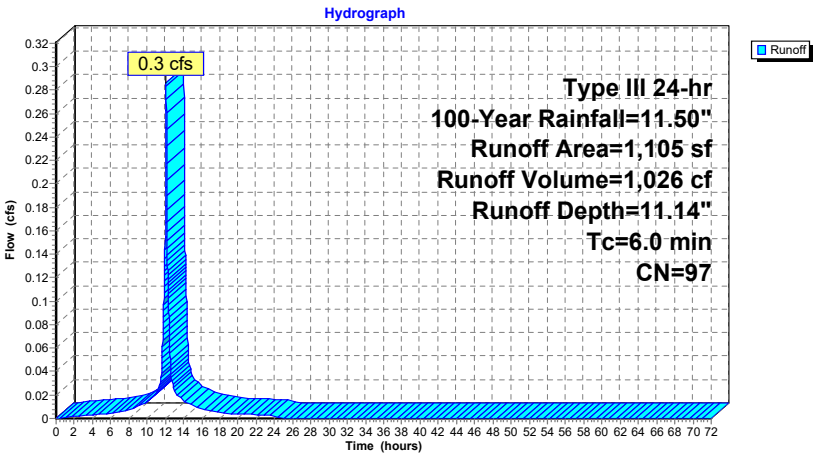
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,026 cf, Depth=11.14"  
Routed to Pond 103P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,075	98	Paved parking, HSG C
30	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,105	97	Weighted Average
30		2.71% Pervious Area
1,075		97.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.3S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs

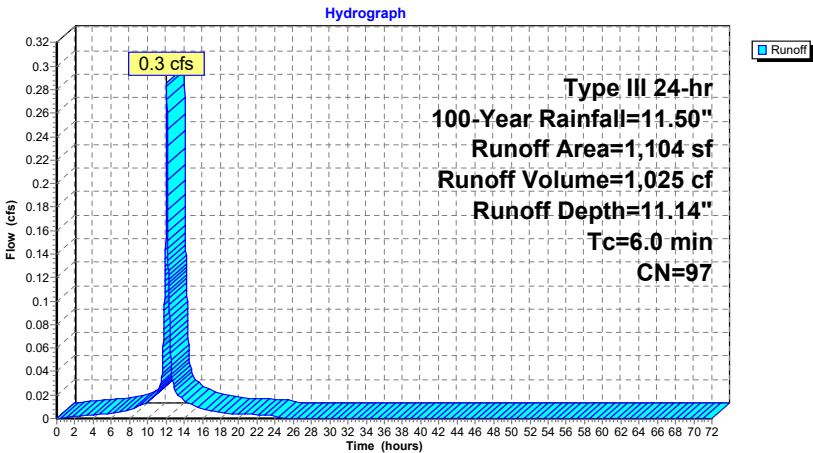
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,025 cf, Depth=11.14"  
Routed to Pond 104P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,076	98	Paved parking, HSG C
28	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,104	97	Weighted Average
28		2.54% Pervious Area
1,076		97.46% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.4S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs

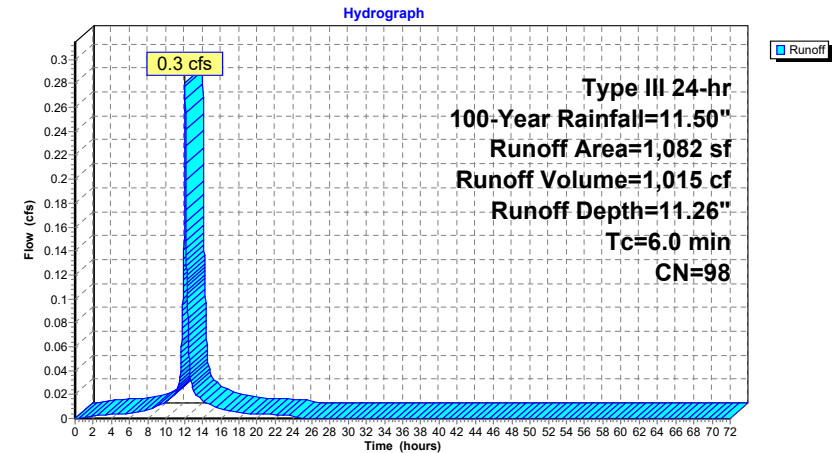
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,015 cf, Depth=11.26"  
Routed to Pond 105P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,061	98	Paved parking, HSG C
21	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,082	98	Weighted Average
21		1.94% Pervious Area
1,061		98.06% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.5S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs

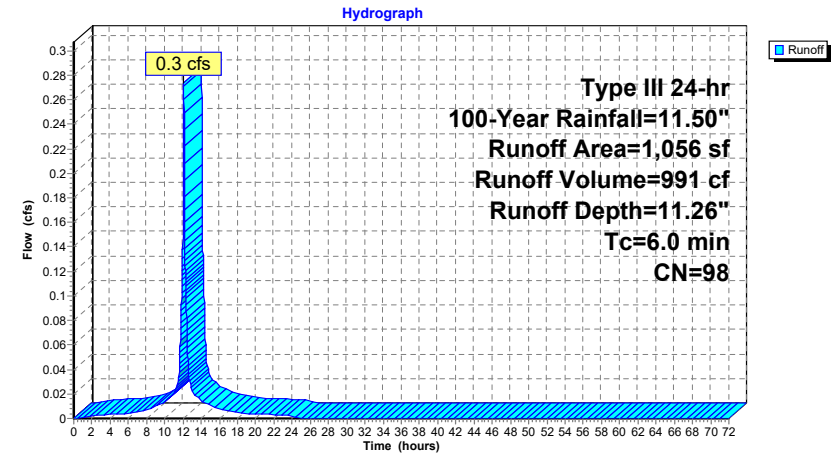
Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 991 cf, Depth=11.26"  
Routed to Pond 106P :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,048	98	Paved parking, HSG C
8	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
1,056	98	Weighted Average
8		0.76% Pervious Area
1,048		99.24% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 4.6S: Townhouse TDs



Summary for Subcatchment 5S: TD-1

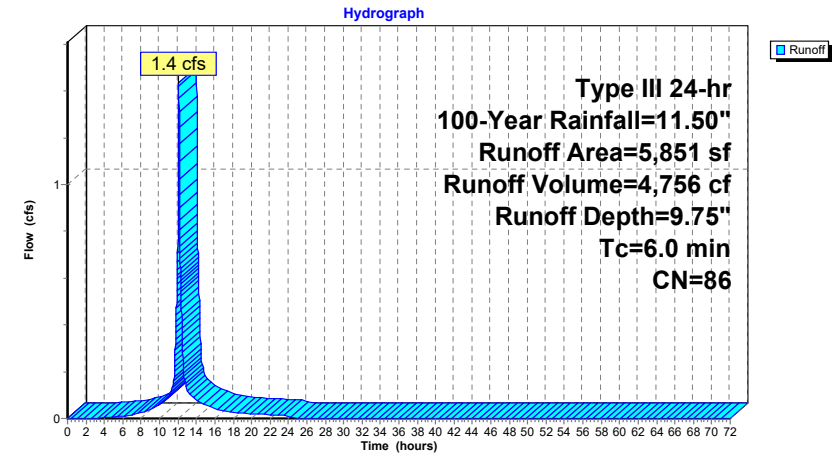
Runoff = 1.4 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 4,756 cf, Depth= 9.75"  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
3,021	98	Paved parking, HSG C
2,830	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,851	86	Weighted Average
2,830		48.37% Pervious Area
3,021		51.63% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 5S: TD-1



Summary for Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway

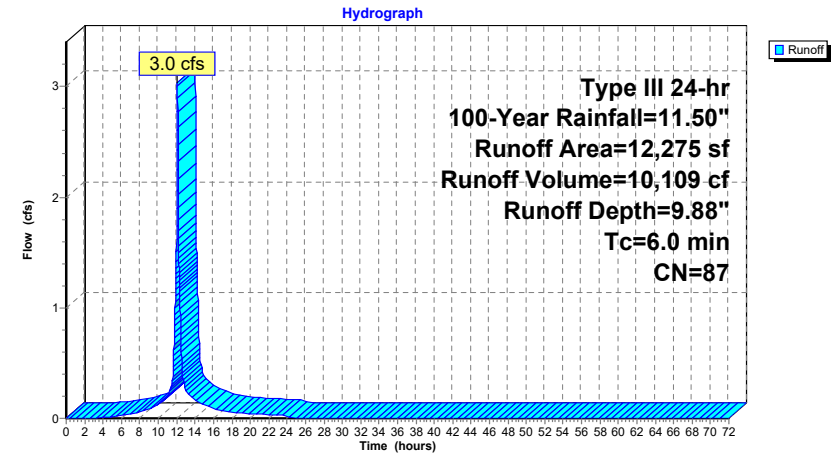
Runoff = 3.0 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,109 cf, Depth= 9.88"  
Routed to Pond 3P : Rain garden

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,611	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
6,444	98	Paved roads w/curbs & sewers, HSG C
220	89	Gravel roads, HSG C
12,275	87	Weighted Average
5,831		47.50% Pervious Area
6,444		52.50% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 6.1S: East driveway



Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands

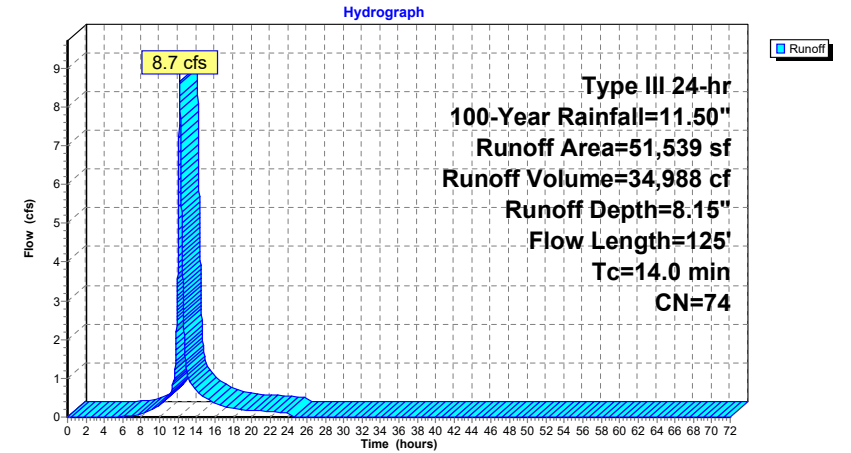
Runoff = 8.7 cfs @ 12.18 hrs, Volume= 34,988 cf, Depth= 8.15"  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
4,985	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
46,447	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
107	98	Roofs, HSG C
51,539	74	Weighted Average
51,432		99.79% Pervious Area
107		0.21% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
11.8	50	0.0220	0.07		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.2	75	0.0133	0.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
14.0	125	Total			

Subcatchment 6S: Bypass Towards Wetlands



Summary for Subcatchment 7S: To Street

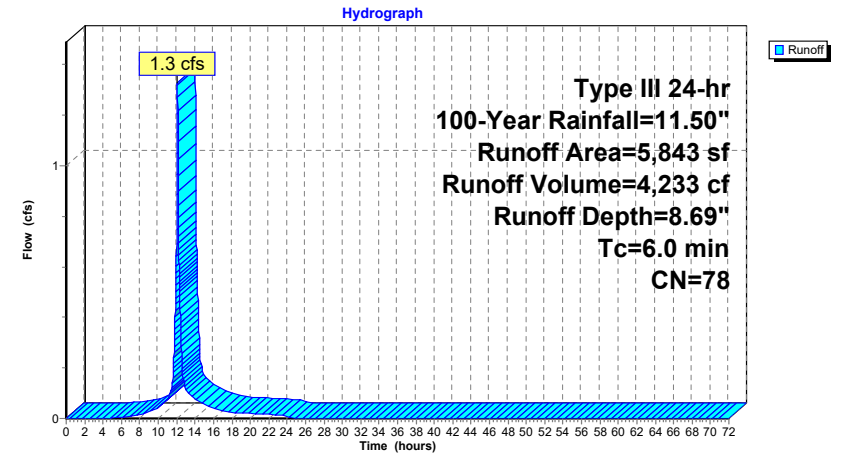
Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,233 cf, Depth= 8.69"  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,056	98	Paved parking, HSG C
4,787	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
5,843	78	Weighted Average
4,787		81.93% Pervious Area
1,056		18.07% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry, Min. Tc

Subcatchment 7S: To Street



Summary for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System

Inflow Area = 69,430 sf, 74.25% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 10.46" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 12.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 60,519 cf  
Outflow = 5.2 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 60,518 cf, Atten= 58%, Lag= 14.3 min  
Discarded = 0.1 cfs @ 4.84 hrs, Volume= 20,937 cf  
Primary = 5.1 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 39,581 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.86' @ 12.33 hrs Surf.Area= 8,137 sf Storage= 20,001 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 427.6 min calculated for 60,509 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 427.5 min ( 1,289.1 - 861.5 )

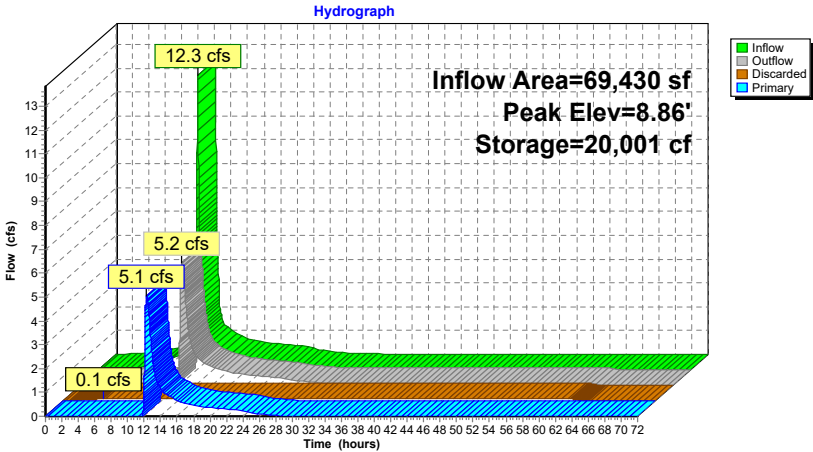
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	6.00'	20,994 cf	6.89'W x 14.06'L x 3.00'H StormTrap ST-1 Units (Irregular Shape)x 84 24,412 cf Overall x 86.0% Voids

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	7.50'	15.0" Round Culvert L= 190.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 7.50' / 6.00' S= 0.0079 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 1.23 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 4.84 hrs HW=6.03' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=5.1 cfs @ 12.33 hrs HW=8.86' (Free Discharge)  
2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 5.1 cfs @ 4.12 fps)

Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System



Summary for Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention

Inflow Area = 18,785 sf, 100.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.26" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 4.9 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 17,625 cf  
Outflow = 0.3 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 17,604 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 76.4 min  
Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 17,604 cf  
Routed to Pond 1P : Underground Infiltration System

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 3  
Peak Elev= 57.63' @ 13.36 hrs Surf.Area= 15,000 sf Storage= 9,434 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 365.0 min calculated for 17,604 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 364.1 min ( 1,101.4 - 737.2 )

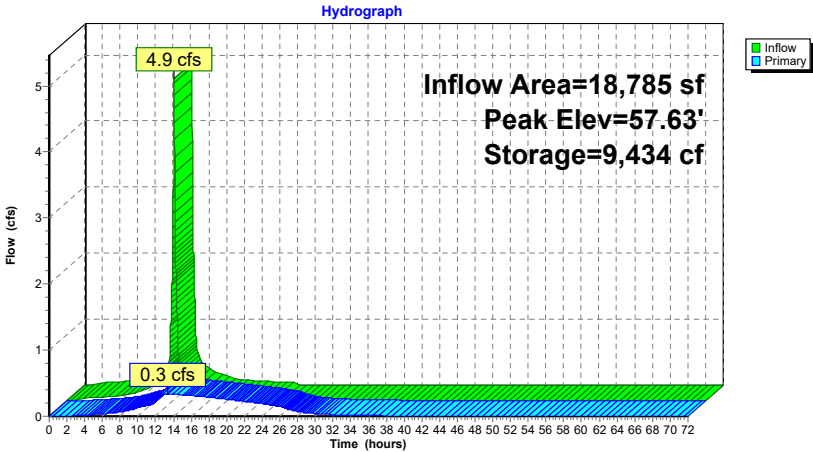
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	57.00'	10,500 cf	<b>Rooftop Detention (Prismatic)</b> Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
57.00	15,000	0	0
57.70	15,000	10,500	10,500

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	8.02'	<b>12.0" Round Roof Drain</b> L= 16.0' CPP, mitered to conform to fill, Ke= 0.700 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 8.02' / 7.70' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	57.00'	<b>4.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Primary OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 13.36 hrs HW=57.63' (Free Discharge)  
1=Roof Drain (Passes 0.3 cfs of 23.4 cfs potential flow)  
2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.3 cfs @ 3.82 fps)

Pond 2P: Rooftop Detention



Summary for Pond 3P: Rain garden

Inflow Area = 12,275 sf, 52.50% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 9.88" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 3.0 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,109 cf  
Outflow = 3.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 10,109 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 480 cf  
Primary = 3.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 9,630 cf  
Routed to Link 1L : Towards Wetlands

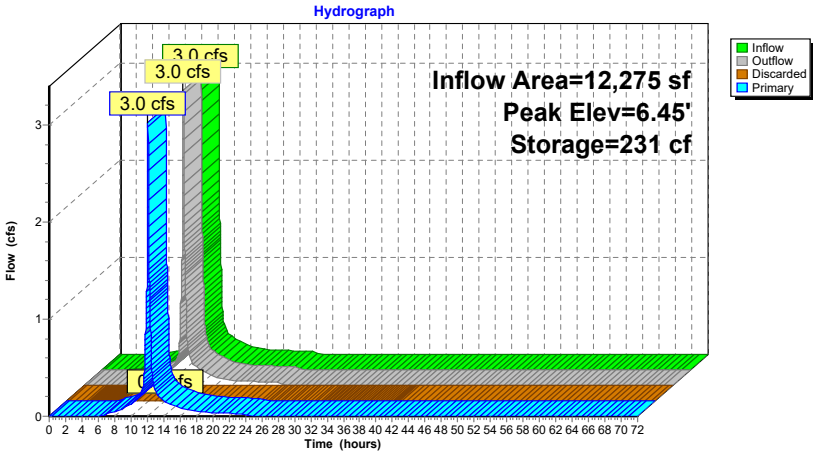
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 6.45' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 432 sf Storage= 231 cf  
Plug-Flow detention time= 26.5 min calculated for 10,108 cf (100% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 26.6 min ( 800.6 - 774.0 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description			
#1	5.60'	253 cf	Custom Stage Data (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
5.60	125	46.0	0	0	125	
6.00	276	66.0	78	78	305	
6.30	350	73.0	94	172	385	
6.50	460	87.0	81	253	564	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	5.60'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	6.30'	22.0' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.45' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)  
Primary OutFlow Max=3.0 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=6.45' (Free Discharge)  
2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 3.0 cfs @ 0.91 fps)

Pond 3P: Rain garden



Summary for Pond 102P:

Inflow Area = 1,112 sf, 95.68% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.14" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,032 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 5.54 hrs, Volume= 878 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 5.54 hrs, Volume= 878 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.91' @ 21.02 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 770 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,574.6 min calculated for 878 cf (85% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,509.1 min ( 2,251.0 - 741.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

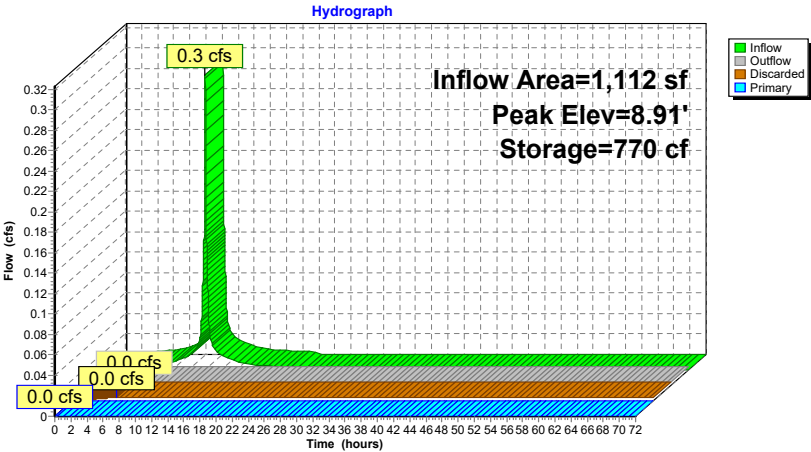
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 5.54 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 102P:





Summary for Pond 103P:

Inflow Area = 1,105 sf, 97.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.14" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,026 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 5.58 hrs, Volume= 878 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 5.58 hrs, Volume= 878 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.89' @ 20.95 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 764 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,573.6 min calculated for 878 cf (86% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,509.6 min ( 2,251.5 - 741.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

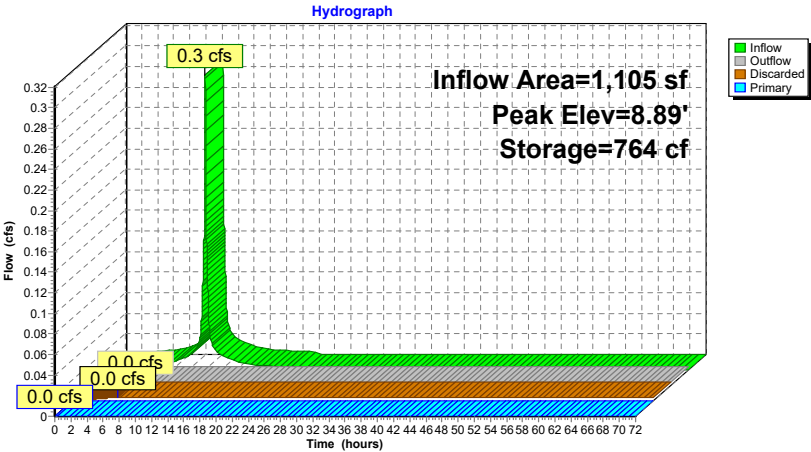
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 5.58 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 103P:



Summary for Pond 104P:

Inflow Area = 1,104 sf, 97.46% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.14" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,025 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 5.59 hrs, Volume= 878 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 5.59 hrs, Volume= 878 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.88' @ 20.94 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 763 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,573.5 min calculated for 878 cf (86% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,509.6 min ( 2,251.5 - 741.9 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

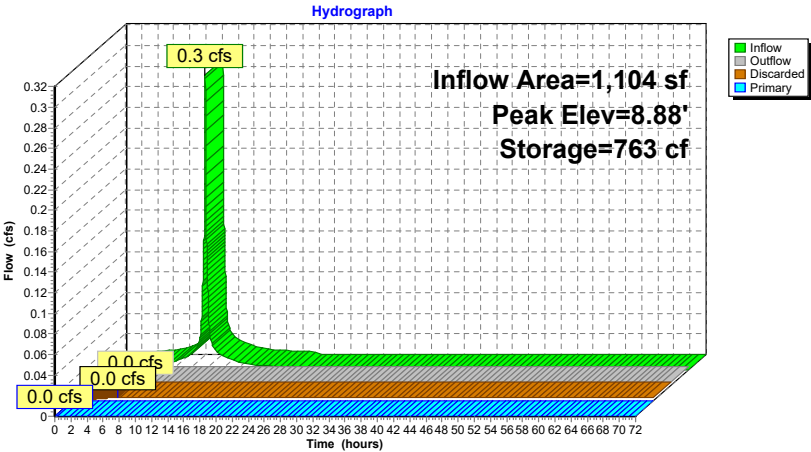
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 5.59 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 104P:



Summary for Pond 105P:

Inflow Area = 1,082 sf, 98.06% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.26" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 1,015 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 5.25 hrs, Volume= 883 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 5.25 hrs, Volume= 883 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.83' @ 20.73 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 749 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,562.1 min calculated for 883 cf (87% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,501.9 min ( 2,239.1 - 737.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1 Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

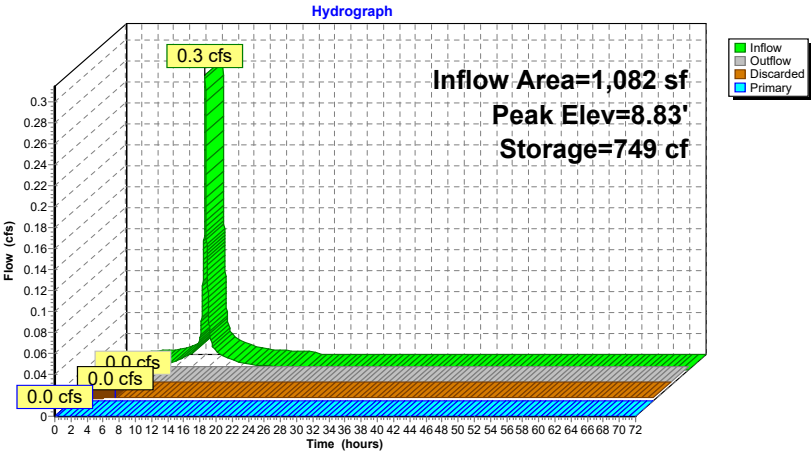
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	10.00'	6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 5.25 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 105P:



Summary for Pond 106P:

Inflow Area = 1,056 sf, 99.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 11.26" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 991 cf  
Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 5.41 hrs, Volume= 882 cf, Atten= 99%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Discarded = 0.0 cfs @ 5.41 hrs, Volume= 882 cf  
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf  
Routed to Link 2L : Towards Street

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs  
Peak Elev= 8.75' @ 20.46 hrs Surf.Area= 294 sf Storage= 726 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,557.7 min calculated for 882 cf (89% of inflow)  
Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,503.8 min ( 2,241.0 - 737.2 )

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	6.00'	0 cf	<b>21.33'W x 13.78'L x 2.95'H Field A</b> 868 cf Overall - 868 cf Embedded = 0 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	6.00'	781 cf	<b>Ferguson R-Tank XD 18 x 91 Inside #1</b> Inside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.36 sf x 1.97"L = 8.6 cf Outside= 19.7"W x 35.4"H => 4.84 sf x 1.97"L = 9.5 cf 91 Chambers in 13 Rows
		781 cf	Total Available Storage

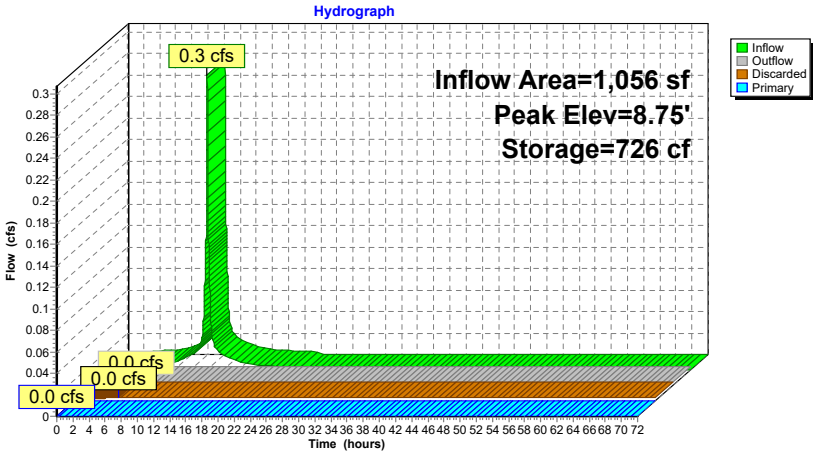
Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	6.00'	<b>0.520 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area</b>
#2	Primary	10.00'	<b>6.0" x 240.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 5.41 hrs HW=6.04' (Free Discharge)  
1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=6.00' (Free Discharge)  
2=Orifice/Grate ( Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 106P:

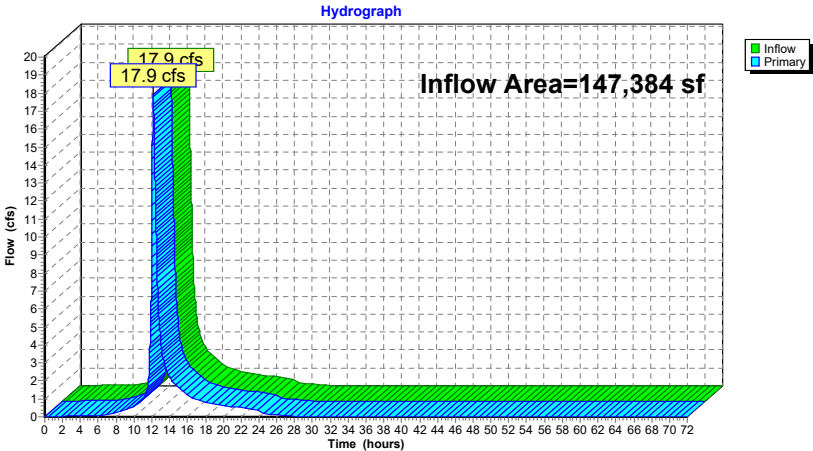


Summary for Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

Inflow Area = 147,384 sf, 49.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.94" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 17.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 97,465 cf  
Primary = 17.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 97,465 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 1L: Towards Wetlands

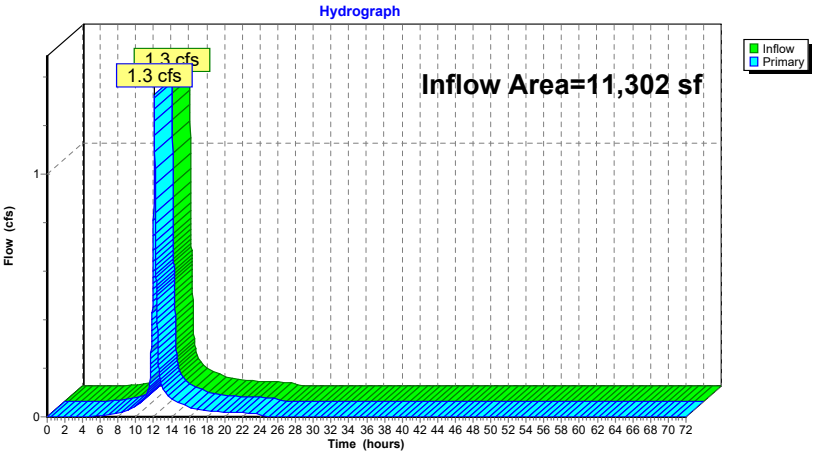


Summary for Link 2L: Towards Street

Inflow Area = 11,302 sf, 56.45% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.49" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,233 cf  
Primary = 1.3 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 4,233 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min  
Routed to Link 100L : Total Flows

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 2L: Towards Street

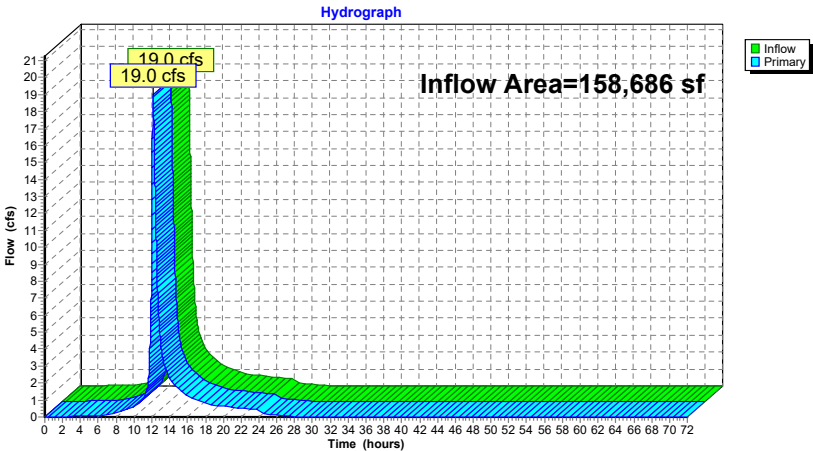


Summary for Link 100L: Total Flows

Inflow Area = 158,686 sf, 49.55% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.69" for 100-Year event  
Inflow = 19.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 101,698 cf  
Primary = 19.0 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 101,698 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link 100L: Total Flows



## **SECTION 6.0**

### **ADDITIONAL DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS**

## **6.01 TSS REMOVAL CALCULATIONS**



# TSS Removal Calculation Worksheet

Location: Thorndike Place, Arlington, MA

Project: 23407.00



Prepared By: C. Thomas

Date: 8/18/2021

## AREA 1 - CB-1

**Total Impervious Area, Acres= 0.377**

A	B	C	D	E
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (BxC)	Remaining Load (C-D)
Deep Sump and Hooded Catchbasins	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Hydrodynamic Separator	0.7	0.75	0.53	0.23
Infiltration Basin	0.8	0.23	0.18	0.05

TSS Removal = 0.96

## AREA 2 - TD-1

**Total Impervious Area, Acres= 0.069**

A	B	C	D	E
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (BxC)	Remaining Load (C-D)
Hydrodynamic Separator	0.7	1.00	0.70	0.30
Infiltration Basin	0.8	0.30	0.24	0.06

TSS Removal = 0.94

## AREA 3 - TD-2-6

**Total Impervious Area, Acres= 0.056**

A	B	C	D	E
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (BxC)	Remaining Load (C-D)
Infiltration Basin	0.8	1.00	0.80	0.20

TSS Removal = 0.80

**AREA 4 - Bypass to Street****Total Impervious Area, Acres= 0.021**

A	B	C	D	E
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (BxC)	Remaining Load (C-D)
		1.00		

TSS Removal =

**AREA 5 - East Driveway****Total Impervious Area, Acres= 0.148**

A	B	C	D	E
BMP	TSS Removal Rate	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (BxC)	Remaining Load (C-D)
Rain Garden	0.8	1.00	0.80	0.20

TSS Removal =

0.80

**Weighted Annual Average TSS Removal Rate**
$$[\text{TSS Removal-1 (Area-1)} + \text{TSS Removal-2 (Area-2)} + \dots] / [\text{Area-1} + \text{Area-2} + \dots] = 0.88$$
**Project Site TSS Removal =****0.88**

## **6.02 GROUNDWATER RECHARGE VOLUME CALCULATIONS**

### Required Recharge Volume

$$Rv = F \times \text{Impervious Area}$$

Where:

Rv = Recharge Volume

F=Target Depth Factor associated with each Hydrologic Soil Group

(F=0.25-inch for Soil Type C)

Impervious Area = Proposed Pavement and Rooftop area on-site

$$Rv = \left( \frac{0.25 \text{ in}}{12} \right) (78,629 \text{ sft}) =$$

$$Rv = 1,638 \text{ cf (required recharge volume)}$$

As not all impervious surfaces are directed to an infiltration BMP, an adjusted Required Volume must be provided. The adjusted Required Volume (Rva) is calculated as:

$$Rva = \frac{\text{Total Imp.Area}}{\text{Imp.Area to BMP}} (Rv) =$$

$$Rva = \left( \frac{78,629 \text{ sft}}{62,920 \text{ sft}} \right) (1,638 \text{ cf}) =$$

$$Rva = 2,047 \text{ cf}$$

### Storage Provided

- Underground Infiltration System = 10,497 cubic feet provided.  
Rain garden & duplex infiltration systems not required to meet volume, but provide additional infiltration above and beyond that required.  
Refer to the HydroCAD storage table provided for more information.

**2340702-PR**

Prepared by BSC Group

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Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=11.50"

Printed 8/15/2023

**Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 1P: Underground Infiltration System**

Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
6.00	8,137	0	8.65	8,137	18,545
6.05	8,137	350	8.70	8,137	18,895
6.10	8,137	700	8.75	8,137	19,245
6.15	8,137	1,050	8.80	8,137	19,595
6.20	8,137	1,400	8.85	8,137	19,945
6.25	8,137	1,750	8.90	8,137	20,295
6.30	8,137	2,099	8.95	8,137	20,644
6.35	8,137	2,449	9.00	8,137	20,994
6.40	8,137	2,799			
6.45	8,137	3,149			
6.50	8,137	3,499			
6.55	8,137	3,849			
6.60	8,137	4,199			
6.65	8,137	4,549			
6.70	8,137	4,899			
6.75	8,137	5,249			
6.80	8,137	5,599			
6.85	8,137	5,948			
6.90	8,137	6,298			
6.95	8,137	6,648			
7.00	8,137	6,998			
7.05	8,137	7,348			
7.10	8,137	7,698			
7.15	8,137	8,048			
7.20	8,137	8,398			
7.25	8,137	8,748			
7.30	8,137	9,098			
7.35	8,137	9,447			
7.40	8,137	9,797			
7.45	8,137	10,147			
7.50	8,137	10,497			
7.55	8,137	10,847			
7.60	8,137	11,197			
7.65	8,137	11,547			
7.70	8,137	11,897			
7.75	8,137	12,247			
7.80	8,137	12,597			
7.85	8,137	12,947			
7.90	8,137	13,296			
7.95	8,137	13,646			
8.00	8,137	13,996			
8.05	8,137	14,346			
8.10	8,137	14,696			
8.15	8,137	15,046			
8.20	8,137	15,396			
8.25	8,137	15,746			
8.30	8,137	16,096			
8.35	8,137	16,446			
8.40	8,137	16,796			
8.45	8,137	17,145			
8.50	8,137	17,495			
8.55	8,137	17,845			
8.60	8,137	18,195			

System outlet at elevation 7.50  
10,497 cu. ft. > 2,047 cu. ft.

Drawdown Within 72-Hours

Pond 1P

Rv = Recharge Volume, cu.ft. (see above)

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity, in/hr (from Rawls Table)

Bottom Area = Area of Infiltration System Bottom, sq.ft.

$$Time = \frac{Rv}{(K)(Bottom\ Area)}$$

$$Time = \left( \frac{10,497\ cu.\ ft.}{(0.043\ ft/hr)(8,137\ sq.\ ft.)} \right) =$$

$$Time = 30\ hours$$

- 30 hours < 72 hours

Pond TD2 to TD6

Rv = Recharge Volume, 770 cu.ft. (see HydroCAD)

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity, in/hr (from Rawls Table)

Bottom Area = Area of Infiltration System Bottom, sq.ft.

$$Time = \frac{Rv}{(K)(Bottom\ Area)}$$

$$Time = \left( \frac{770\ cu.\ ft.}{(0.043\ ft/hr)(294\ sq.\ ft.)} \right) =$$

$$Time = 61\ hours$$

- 61 hours < 72 hours

Pond 3P (Rain Garden)

Rv = Recharge Volume, 172 cu.ft. (see HydroCAD)

K = Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity, in/hr (from Rawls Table)

Bottom Area = Area of Infiltration System Bottom, sq.ft.

$$Time = \frac{Rv}{(K)(Bottom\ Area)}$$

$$Time = \left( \frac{172\ cu.\ ft.}{(0.043\ ft/hr)(125\ sq.\ ft.)} \right) =$$

$$Time = 32\ hours$$

- 32 hours < 72 hours

## **6.03 WATER QUALITY VOLUME CALCULATIONS**



Water Quality Volume Calculation

$$V_{WQ} = (D_{WQ}/12 \text{ inches/foot}) * (A_{IMP} \text{ square feet})$$

$V_{WQ}$  = Required Water Quality Volume (in cubic feet)

$D_{WQ}$  = Water Quality Depth: **0.5-inch**

$A_{IMP}$  = Total Impervious Area (in acres) used for driveways, parking, etc.

Underground Infiltration Systems and Bio-Retention Areas

$$A_{IMP} = 78,629 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

$$V_{WQ} = (0.5 \text{ inches}/12 \text{ inches/foot}) * (78,629 \text{ sq.ft.})$$

**$V_{WQ} = 3,276$  cubic feet (required volume), provided volume = 10,497 cubic feet in Underground Infiltration System (refer to the HydroCAD storage tables provided in groundwater recharge section). Additional water quality volume provided in duplex infiltration systems and rain garden above and beyond the water quality volume required.**

## **6.04 RIP-RAP OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING**

# OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING



Project No. 23407.02  
 Subject Outlet Protection Sizing Calcs  
 Location Arlington, MA

Calc By EAD  
 Date 8/15/2023  
 Checked by DRR  
 Date 8/15/2023

## FES-1

Q=Design Discharge, (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	=	5.1 cfs	
D=Culvert Diameter, (ft)	=	1.25 ft	
TW=Tailwater Depth, (ft)	=	0.5 ft, (0.4xD for unknown tailwater, or enter known tailwater)	
(Tailwater depth is to be limited to between 0.4D and 1.0D)			
Riprap Rock Sizing			
$D_{50} = 0.2D \left[ \frac{Q}{\sqrt{gD^{2.5}}} \right]^{4/3} \left[ \frac{D}{TW} \right]$ $D_{50} = 0.28 \left  \frac{5.10}{9.91} \right ^{(4/3)} \left  \frac{1.25}{0.50} \right  = 0.29 \text{ ft}$ $= 3.46 \text{ inches}$			
g=32.2 fps D <sub>50</sub> = median rock size, ft			
Table 1 : Riprap Classes and Apron Dimensions			
Class	D <sub>50</sub> (in)	Apron Length	Apron Depth
1	5	4D	3.5D <sub>50</sub>
2	6	4D	3.5D <sub>50</sub>
3	10	5D	3.3D <sub>50</sub>
4	14	6D	2.2D <sub>50</sub>
5	20	7D	2.0D <sub>50</sub>
6	22	8D	2.0D <sub>50</sub>
Use Class 1			
Apron Dimensions			
Length, L=5D	=	6 ft	
Depth=3.3D <sub>50</sub>	=	16.50 Inches	
Width=3D+(2/3)L	=	7.92 ft	(at apron end)
Riprap Rock Sizing Gradation			
Given Size		Size of Stone, inches	
100	8	to	10
85	7	to	9
50	5	to	8
15	3	to	7

# OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING



Project No. 23407.02  
 Subject Outlet Protection Sizing Calcs  
 Location Arlington, MA

Calc By EAD  
 Date 8/15/2023  
 Checked by DRR  
 Date 8/15/2023

## Roof Drain

Q=Design Discharge, (ft<sup>3</sup>/s) = 3.7 cfs  
 D=Culvert Diameter, (ft) = 1.00 ft  
 TW=Tailwater Depth, (ft) = 0.4 ft, (0.4xD for unknow tailwater, or enter known tailwater)  
 (Tailwater depth is to be limited to between 0.4D and 1.0D)

### Riprap Rock Sizing

$$D_{50} = 0.2D \left[ \frac{Q}{\sqrt{gD^{2.5}}} \right]^{4/3} \left[ \frac{D}{TW} \right]$$

g=32.2 fps  
 D<sub>50</sub> = median rock size, ft

$$D_{50} = 0.28 \left| \frac{3.70}{5.67} \right|^{(4/3)} \left| \frac{1.00}{0.40} \right| = 0.40 \text{ ft}$$

= 4.75 inches

Table 1 : Riprap Classes and Apron Dimensions

Class	D <sub>50</sub> (in)	Apron Length	Apron Depth
1	5	4D	3.5D <sub>50</sub>
<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4D</b>	<b>3.5D<sub>50</sub></b>
3	10	5D	3.3D <sub>50</sub>
4	14	6D	2.2D <sub>50</sub>
5	20	7D	2.0D <sub>50</sub>
6	22	8D	2.0D <sub>50</sub>

Use Class 2

### Apron Dimensions

Length, L=5D = 5 ft  
 Depth=3.3D<sub>50</sub> = 19.80 Inches  
 Width=3D+(2/3)L = 6.33 ft (at apron end)

### Riprap Rock Sizing Gradation

Given Size	Size of Stone, inches		
100	9	to	12
85	8	to	11
50	6	to	9
15	3	to	8

## **6.05 GROUNDWATER MOUNDING ANALYSIS**

Time (hours)	Inflow (cfs)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Outflow (cfs)	Discarded (cfs)	Primary (cfs)	
12.12	0.2	103	6.02	0	0	0	<b><u>Infiltration System 1P</u></b>
12.13	0.2	107	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	51555 Impervious Surface (sft)
12.14	0.2	111	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.15	0.1	115	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	0.025 Required recharge volume (acre-ft)
12.16	0.1	118	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.17	0.1	121	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	0.100 Average infiltration rate (cfs)
12.18	0.1	123	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
							8640.00 Average infiltration rate (cft/day)
12.4	0.1	152	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.41	0.1	152	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	8137 System bottom area (sft)
12.42	0.1	152	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	(use 196'L x 41.3'W)
12.43	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.44	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	1.062 Percolation/application rate (ft/day)
12.45	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.46	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	12.13 Infiltration start time
12.47	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.48	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	13.35 Infiltration end time
12.49	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
12.5	0.1	153	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	1.22 Time (hrs)
13.26	0	111	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	0.051 Time (days)
13.27	0	111	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
13.28	0	110	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	1.04 Hydraulic conductivity (ft/day)
13.29	0	110	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
13.3	0	110	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	0.138 Specific yield
13.31	0	109	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
13.32	0	109	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	5 Initial saturated thickness (ft)
13.33	0	108	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
13.34	0	108	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	<b>0.381 Increase in hydraulic head (ft)</b>
13.35	0	107	6.02	0.1	0.1	0	
13.36	0	107	6.02	0	0	0	Note that full tabular hydrograph not printed for brevity

Input Values

1.1430
0.138
1.04
98.420
20.670
0.046
5.000

R  
Sy  
K  
x  
y  
t  
hi(0)

Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)  
Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)  
Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)\*  
1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)  
1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)  
duration of infiltration period (days)  
initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)

inch/hour    feet/day  
0.67    1.33  
  
2.00    4.00  
  
hours    days  
36    1.50

In the report accompanying this spreadsheet (USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability (ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).

5.381
0.381

h(max)  
Δh(max)

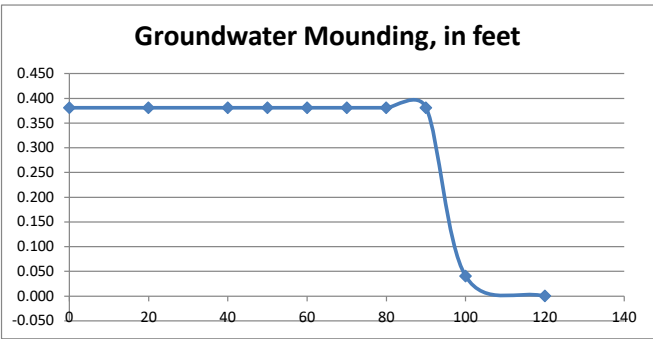
maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)  
maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)

Ground-    Distance from  
water    center of basin  
Mounding, in    in x direction, in  
feet    feet

0.381	0
0.381	20
0.381	40
0.381	50
0.381	60
0.381	70
0.381	80
0.381	90
0.040	100
0.000	120



Re-Calculate Now



Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

Time (hours)	Inflow (cfs)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Outflow (cfs)	Discarded (cfs)	Primary (cfs)
5.8	0.00001	0		5	0.00000	0.00000
5.81	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
5.82	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
5.83	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
5.84	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
5.85	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
5.86	0.00001	0		5	0.00001	0.00001
15.62	0.00050	1	5.01	0.00060	0.00060	0.00000
15.63	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00060	0.00060	0.00000
15.64	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00059	0.00059	0.00000
15.65	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00059	0.00059	0.00000
15.66	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00059	0.00059	0.00000
15.67	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00059	0.00059	0.00000
15.68	0.00049	1	5.01	0.00058	0.00058	0.00000
15.69	0.00048	1	5.01	0.00058	0.00058	0.00000
15.7	0.00048	1	5.01	0.00058	0.00058	0.00000
15.71	0.00048	1	5.01	0.00058	0.00058	0.00000
15.72	0.00048	1	5.01	0.00058	0.00058	0.00000
25.49	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.5	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.51	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.52	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.53	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.54	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.55	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.56	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.57	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.58	0.00000	0	5	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000
25.59	0.00000	0	5	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000

TD5 representative of duplex systems with least separation to groundwater

#### Infiltration System TD5

1076 Impervious Surface (sft)

0.001 Required recharge volume (acre-ft)

0.001 Average infiltration rate (cfs)

53.03 Average infiltration rate (cft/day)

294 System bottom area (sft)  
(use 21.3'L x 13.8'W)

0.180 Percolation/application rate (ft/day)

5.81 Infiltration start time

25.58 Infiltration end time

19.77 Time (hrs)

0.824 Time (days)

1.04 Hydraulic conductivity (ft/day)

0.138 Specific yield

5 Initial saturated thickness (ft)

**0.84** Increase in hydraulic head (ft)

Note that full tabular hydrograph not printed for brevity



## Input Values

0.1910
0.138
1.04
10.670
6.900
0.824
5.000

*R*  
*Sy*  
*K*  
*x*  
*y*  
*t*  
*hi(0)*

Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)  
Specific yield, *Sy* (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)  
Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, *Kh* (feet/day)\*  
1/2 length of basin (*x* direction, in feet)  
1/2 width of basin (*y* direction, in feet)  
duration of infiltration period (days)  
initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)

inch/hour	feet/day
0.67	1.33
2.00	4.00
hours	days
36	1.50

In the report accompanying this spreadsheet (USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability (ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).

5.840
0.840

*h(max)*  
*Δh(max)*

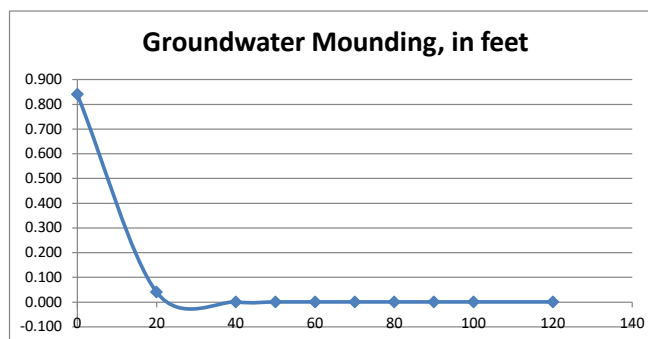
maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)  
maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)

Ground-water Mounding, in feet  
Distance from center of basin in *x* direction, in feet

0.840	0
0.040	20
0.000	40
0.000	50
0.000	60
0.000	70
0.000	80
0.000	90
0.000	100
0.000	120



Re-Calculate Now



### Disclaimer

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

## **6.06 ILLICIT DISCHARGE COMPLIANCE STATEMENT**

Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

This statement is to document that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there are no and will be no illicit discharges to the stormwater management systems or protected wetland resource areas for the Thorndike Place residential development on Dorothy Road in Arlington, Massachusetts.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Authorized Signature/Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**APPENDIX A**  
**USGS LOCUS MAP**





## **APPENDIX B**

### **FEMA MAP**





LOMK 10-01-1080P  
eff. 12/10/2010



63. \$12  
~~6.586~~

LWKRW%DMH)DFGQHDMLRQ %  
 =FCH\$9\$  
 LWK%RUFBWK =FCH\$2\$-9\$  
 \$HODWU)DFGQ


75562  
265

	\$DOO &OOH/PORG-EPUG \$JHD/ R DOOQO &OOHIOORGZWKDZUJH G-SVKOHV WKKQ RQHW R ZWK GUL Q DUJD/ R OHW WKKQ RQHV DUJH OEH- FQH;
	WVUH &OGL WLRQ/ \$DOO &OOH/PORG-EPUG =FQH;
	\$JHDZWK\$GFGORF\$NGHWR FHH GH RWHV =FQH;
	\$JHDZWK/PORG\$NGHWRHWH =FQH




7-5886

2000	\$HDR DQLEB DFRG-EDUG	#CH;
	(HFWLYHIV)	
	\$HDR GGHWHUEQG DFRG-EDUG	#CH;
----	\$KODD &OYHJW RU 6VRUR-6ZU	
	AMHLENI RU DFRGZOO	


25  
26

 8URW 0FWLRQ/ ZWKS ~~DDDD~~ 8KOPH  
 \_\_\_\_\_ DM-U 0UHDQPHDMLRQ  
 - - - - 8FDWDD 7UDQFWW  
 ~~~~~ 513 ~~~~~ %DMHDFRGPHDMLRQLCH %  
 \_\_\_\_\_ LEW RI 0VXG  
 \_\_\_\_\_ -XULGLFWLRQ/%RQDU  
 - - - - 8FDWDD 7UDQFWW %DMHOLCH  
 - \_\_\_\_\_ 3URLOH%DMHOLCH  
 \_\_\_\_\_ 3URUDMLFHDWUH

~~§ 36~~

LLWWDDDD\$LEOEDH  
 RL.LWDDDVD\$D.OEDH  
 \$\$\$G



7KHS.QG.VSDCHGRQWHBSLVDDSSJRLBMH  
 SLQV VHFVHGEWKXJXU DGGGRVGRV UHSJH  
 DDWVRULWDVLVHSURSHUOFDMLGR

7KLVBSFFBOLH/ZWKQSVWDDGUG/IRUWKHXHR  
GJLWDDIORGB/LI/LWLVQRWYRLGD/GHFULBGEHOFZ  
7KJEDBSVRQZBOLH/ZWKQSVEDMB  
DFXUDFWDDGUG/

74H10RFGKQDUGLQRBMLRQLV GHULYHGGUHFVWU1UFRVWKH  
D4WRLULWDVLVYH1ZEEVUYLHFH1SURLGGE674VBS  
ZV1HBUWGRQ DW 3) DOGGRV/QRV  
UHOHFWRQDQH/RJ DPGQWVWV6H1QV WRWKLVGWHDGG  
WLP174H1KDDGHIHFWLH1LQRWMLRQB1RQDHRU  
HFFR1VUJHGGEGQZGDWRYH1WLP1

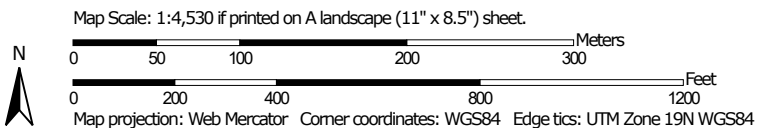
74LVBSLDBLVYRLGLIWKHQRURUJHWHKIROORZQIBS  
HOFQWVGRQRWDSBUD EMBLSLBHUIORFQFOHOB-  
OHNGVVDHDEBFSUBHMDQGDWHFQWMLGQWLLHUV  
JESGHOQEU DGSJSHIFMWLYHGDWH DSLBHVIRU  
XBSB-GDGSQRG-UQLJGDJHD/FQORV EHXMGIRU  
UHDGDMDUSURHV/

## **APPENDIX C**

### **WEB SOIL SURVEY**



# Hydrologic Soil Group—Middlesex County, Massachusetts



## MAP LEGEND

### Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

### Soils

#### Soil Rating Polygons





 A  
 A/D  
 B  
 B/D  
 C  
 C/D  
 D  
 Not rated or not available

#### Soil Rating Lines

 A  
 A/D  
 B  
 B/D  
 C  
 C/D  
 D  
 Not rated or not available

#### Soil Rating Points






 A  
 A/D  
 B  
 B/D

 C  
 C/D  
 D  
 Not rated or not available

### Water Features

 Streams and Canals

### Transportation

 Rails  
 Interstate Highways  
 US Routes  
 Major Roads  
 Local Roads

### Background

 Aerial Photography

## MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:25,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Middlesex County, Massachusetts

Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 9, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 22, 2022—Jun 5, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

## Hydrologic Soil Group

| Map unit symbol                    | Map unit name                                      | Rating | Acres in AOI | Percent of AOI |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------|----------------|
| 51A                                | Swansea muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes                | B/D    | 4.3          | 4.4%           |
| 52A                                | Freetown muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes               | B/D    | 11.6         | 11.9%          |
| 603                                | Urban land, wet substratum                         |        | 34.0         | 34.9%          |
| 626B                               | Merrimac-Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes | A      | 15.0         | 15.4%          |
| 655                                | Udorthents, wet substratum                         |        | 32.4         | 33.3%          |
| <b>Totals for Area of Interest</b> |                                                    |        | <b>97.4</b>  | <b>100.0%</b>  |

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## Rating Options

*Aggregation Method:* Dominant Condition

*Component Percent Cutoff:* None Specified

*Tie-break Rule:* Higher

## **APPENDIX D**

### **TEST PIT LOGS**





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Arlington

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### A. Facility Information

Arlington Land Realty, LLC

Owner Name

Dorothy Road

Street Address

Arlington

City

MA

State

16-8-2, 16-8-3, 16-8-4, 16-8-5, 16-8-6, 16-8-7A

Map/Lot #

02474

Zip Code

### B. Site Information

1. (Check one) ☒ New Construction ☐ Upgrade ☐ Repair
2. Soil Survey Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: Web Soil Survey 655, 51A  
Source Soil Map Unit
- Udorthents, Swansea Muck Fill throughout site; clay base layer in one test pit  
Soil Name Soil Limitations
- Glaciofluvial deposit Depression  
Soil Parent material Landform
3. Surficial Geological Report Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 2018/USGS Glaciomarine fine deposits, stagnant ice deposits  
Year Published/Source Map Unit
- fine/very fine sand down to very fine sand, silt, silty clay, and clay  
Description of Geologic Map Unit:
4. Flood Rate Insurance Map Within a regulatory floodway? ☐ Yes ☒ No
5. Within a velocity zone? ☐ Yes ☒ No
6. Within a Mapped Wetland Area? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, MassGIS Wetland Data Layer: Shallow marsh meadow  
Wetland Type
7. Current Water Resource Conditions (USGS): 11/25/2020 Range: ☒ Above Normal ☐ Normal ☐ Below Normal  
Month/Day/ Year
8. Other references reviewed: Not in Zone I, II, or IWPA (OLIVER)



**C. On-Site Review** *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Description of Location: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits      Depression      SU  
Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from:      Open Water Body      >100 feet      Drainage Way      >100 feet      Wetlands      >100 feet  
Property Line      >100 feet      Drinking Water Well      >100 feet      Other      \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No      If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil      ☒ Fill Material      ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock      ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes      ☐ No      If yes: 108" Depth Weeping from Pit      108" Depth Standing Water in Hole

[illegible]

Elevation of TP-1 = 12.0. Groundwater at bottom of test pit (9' - elevation 3.0). Test pit mostly fill



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Arlington

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-2      11/25/20      8:45AM      Cloudy, 35deg      42.40 N      71.15 W  
Hole #      20      Time      Weather      Latitude      Longitude:  
1. Land Use: Woodland adjacent to residential/highway      Forest      Some large boulders around      0-2%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.)      Vegetation      Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.)      Slope (%)

Description of Location: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits      Depression      SU  
Landform      Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)
3. Distances from:    Open Water Body >100 feet      Drainage Way >100 feet      Wetlands >100 feet  
Property Line >100 feet      Drinking Water Well >100 feet      Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet
4. Unsuitable  
Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No    If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil    ☒ Fill Material    ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock    ☐ Bedrock
5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes    ☒ No      If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit      \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |       |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-7        | A                   | sandy loam          | 10YR 2.5/1                         | --                     | --    | --      | 0                            | 0                | massive        | friable                  |       |
| 7-132      | C (fill)            | gravelly sandy loam | 10YR 3/2                           | --                     | --    | --      | 15-20                        | 4-6              | massive        | friable                  |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

#### Additional Notes:

Elevation of TP-2 = 11.2. Estimated groundwater elevation (to bottom of test pit) = 0.2. Fill throughout test pit. No groundwater observed





## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used:

☒ Depth observed standing water in observation hole

Obs. Hole # TP-1

108 inches

Obs. Hole # TP-2

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☐ Depth weeping from side of observation hole

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☐ Depth to soil redoximorphic features (mottles)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Estimated Depth to High Groundwater: 108 inches

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude A and O Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

108  
inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

>108 (fill material)  
inches



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### F. Certification

I certify that I am currently approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the above analysis has been performed by me consistent with the required training, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify that the results of my soil evaluation, as indicated in the attached Soil Evaluation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through 15.107.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Soil Evaluator

Emily Derrig SE14158

\_\_\_\_\_  
Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License #

11/25/2020

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

12/1/2020

\_\_\_\_\_  
Expiration Date of License

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Approving Authority Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
Approving Authority

**Note:** In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form must be submitted to the approving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the property owner with [Percolation Test Form 12](#).

**Field Diagrams:** Use this area for field diagrams:



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of Arlington

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### A. Facility Information

Arlington Land Realty, LLC

Owner Name

Dorothy Road

Street Address

Arlington

City

MA

State

16-8-2, 16-8-3, 16-8-4, 16-8-5, 16-8-6, 16-8-7A

Map/Lot #

02474

Zip Code

### B. Site Information

1. (Check one) ☒ New Construction ☐ Upgrade ☐ Repair
2. Soil Survey Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: Web Soil Survey 655, 51A  
Source Soil Map Unit
- Udorthents, Swansea Muck Fill throughout site; clay base layer in one test pit  
Soil Name Soil Limitations
- Glaciofluvial deposit Depression  
Soil Parent material Landform
3. Surficial Geological Report Available? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 2018/USGS Glaciomarine fine deposits, stagnant ice deposits  
Year Published/Source Map Unit
- fine/very fine sand down to very fine sand, silt, silty clay, and clay  
Description of Geologic Map Unit:
4. Flood Rate Insurance Map Within a regulatory floodway? ☐ Yes ☒ No
5. Within a velocity zone? ☐ Yes ☒ No
6. Within a Mapped Wetland Area? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, MassGIS Wetland Data Layer: Shallow marsh meadow  
Wetland Type
7. Current Water Resource Conditions (USGS): 11/25/2020 Range: ☒ Above Normal ☐ Normal ☐ Below Normal  
Month/Day/ Year
8. Other references reviewed: Not in Zone I, II, or IWPA (OLIVER)

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

**C. On-Site Review** *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

|                                    |                                                        |            |         |                                                        |          |            |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------|
| Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-3 |                                                        | 11/25/2020 | 9:45 AM | Cloudy, 40deg                                          | 42.40 N  | 71.15 W    |
|                                    | Hole #                                                 | Date       | Time    | Weather                                                | Latitude | Longitude: |
| Land Use                           | Woodland adjacent to residential/highway               | Forest     |         | Some large boulders                                    |          | 0-2%       |
|                                    | (e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) | Vegetation |         | Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) |          | Slope (%)  |

Description of Location: \_\_\_\_\_

|                          |                               |                   |                                            |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 2. Soil Parent Material: | <u>Glaciofluvial deposits</u> | <u>Depression</u> | <u>FS</u>                                  |
|                          |                               | Landform          | Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS) |

3. Distances from:

|                 |                     |                     |                     |          |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Open Water Body | <u>&gt;100</u> feet | Drainage Way        | <u>&gt;100</u> feet | Wetlands | <u>&gt;100</u> feet |
| Property Line   | <u>&gt;100</u> feet | Drinking Water Well | <u>&gt;100</u> feet | Other    | _____ feet          |

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil ☒ Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes    ☐ No    If yes: 84" Depth Weeping from Pit    144" Depth Standing Water in Hole

## Soil Log

[illegible]

Additional Notes:

TP-3 Elevation = 6.5. Groundwater observed at bottom of test pit (12') and weeping from sides at 7' - estimated groundwater elevation = -0.5



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number:

Hole #

Date

Time

Weather

Latitude

Longitude:

1. Land Use: (e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location:

2. Soil Parent Material: Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body \_\_\_\_\_ feet Drainage Way \_\_\_\_\_ feet Wetlands \_\_\_\_\_ feet  
Property Line \_\_\_\_\_ feet Drinking Water Well \_\_\_\_\_ feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable

Materials Present: ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☐ Disturbed Soil ☐ Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Weeping from Pit \_\_\_\_\_ Depth Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |       |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        |       |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes:



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used:

☒ Depth observed standing water in observation hole

Obs. Hole # TP-3

Obs. Hole # \_\_\_\_\_

132 inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☒ Depth weeping from side of observation hole

84 inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☐ Depth to soil redoximorphic features (mottles)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. Estimated Depth to High Groundwater: 84 inches

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude A and O Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

84  
inches

132  
inches



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### F. Certification

I certify that I am currently approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the above analysis has been performed by me consistent with the required training, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify that the results of my soil evaluation, as indicated in the attached Soil Evaluation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through 15.107.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Soil Evaluator

Emily Derrig SE14158

\_\_\_\_\_  
Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License #

11/25/2020

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

12/1/2020

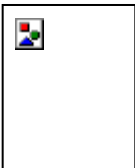
\_\_\_\_\_  
Expiration Date of License

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Approving Authority Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
Approving Authority

**Note:** In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form must be submitted to the approving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the property owner with [Percolation Test Form 12](#).

**Field Diagrams:** Use this area for field diagrams:



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### A. Facility Information

Arlington Land Realty, LLC.

Owner Name

Dorothy Road

Street Address

Arlington

City

MA

State

16-8-2, 16-8-3, 16-8-4, 16-8-5, 16-8-6, 16-8-7A

Map/Lot #

02474

Zip Code

### B. Site Information

1. (Check one) ☒ New Construction ☐ Upgrade

2. Soil Survey NRCS USDA Web Soil Survey

Source

655

Soil Map Unit

Udorthents, wet substratum

Soil Series

Depressions

Landform

Loamy alluvium and/or sandy glaciofluvial deposits and/or loamy glaciolacustrine deposits and/or loamy marine deposits and/or loamy basal till and/or loamy lodgment till

Soil Parent material

Soil Limitations

3. Surficial Geological Report

2018/USGS

Year Published/Source

Artificial fill, glaciomarine fine deposits, stagnant ice deposits

Map Unit

Fine/very fine sand down to very fine sand, silt, silty clay, and clay

Description of Geologic Map Unit:

4. Flood Rate Insurance Map Within a regulatory floodway? ☐ Yes ☒ No

5. Within a velocity zone? ☐ Yes ☒ No

6. Within a Mapped Wetland Area? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, MassGIS Wetland Data Layer:

Wetland Type

7. Current Water Resource Conditions (USGS):

Month/Day/ Year

Range: ☐ Above Normal

☐ Normal

☐ Below Normal

8. Other references reviewed:

(Zone II, IWPA, Zone A, EEA Data Portal, etc.)

Not in Zone II or IWPA (MassMapper)





Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-1 5/18/23 9:00AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 3%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 32' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression SU  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 280 feet  
Property Line 22 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 108" Depth to Weeping in Hole 114" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-90       | Fill                | Sandy Loam          | 7.5YR 3/2                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
| 90-120     | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 7.5YR 5/2                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes: Top of monitoring well 3'-8" from ground surface



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-2 5/18/23 1:30PM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 2%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 30' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression BS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 270 feet  
Property Line 22 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth to Weeping in Hole 97" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-83       | Fill                | Sandy Loam          | 10YR 3/2                           |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
| 83-104     | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 10YR 5/1                           |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes:

Shifted back a few feet because of boulder or buried piece of debris

Seemed like there may have been a second layer of sandy material below the point where groundwater broke into the hole



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used (Choose one):

☐ Depth to soil redoximorphic features

☒ Depth to observed standing water in observation hole

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

Obs. Hole # TP-1

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

108 inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Obs. Hole # TP-2

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

97 inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude O, A, and E Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

97  
inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

104  
inches



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of

## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-3 5/18/23 2:30PM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 6%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 32' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression BS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 280 feet  
Property Line 22 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth to Weeping in Hole 82" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |                        |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other                 |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color                  | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |                       |
| 0-27       | Fill                | Sandy Loam          | 10YR 2/2                           |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         | 0                            | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  | Buried A layer at 21" |
| 27-87      | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 10YR 4/3                           | 51"                    | Cnc : 7.5YR5/8<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |

Additional Notes:



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# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-4 5/19/23 8:15AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 6%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 30' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression TS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 310 feet  
Property Line 24 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 68" Depth to Weeping in Hole 72" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-64       | Fill                | Gravelly Sandy Loam | 7.5YR 3/1                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 10-15                        | 2-4              | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
| 64-96      | C                   | Fine Loamy Sand     | 10YR 4/2                           |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 2-4                          | 0                | Massive        | Very Friable             |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes:



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used (Choose one):

☒ Depth to soil redoximorphic features

Obs. Hole # TP-3

51 inches

Obs. Hole # TP-4

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☒ Depth to observed standing water in observation hole

82 inches

68 inches

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude O, A, and E Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

68  
inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

96  
inches



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
City/Town of

# Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

## C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-5 5/19/23 10:30AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 10%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 35' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression BS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 230 feet  
Property Line 24 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 60" Depth to Weeping in Hole 60" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other                 |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |                       |
| 0-33       | Fill                | Gravelly Sandy Loam | 10YR 3/2                           |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 10                           | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  | Buried A layer at 26" |
| 33-74      | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 10YR 5/2                           | 48"                    | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                       |

Additional Notes:



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## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-6 5/19/23 9:00AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 5%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 120' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression TS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 110 feet  
Property Line 12 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 110" Depth to Weeping in Hole 110" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |                        |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other                                 |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color                  | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |                                       |
| 0-30       | Fill                | Gravelly Sandy Loam | 7.5YR 3/2                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         | 10-15                        | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  |                                       |
| 30-132     | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 10YR 5/2                           | 39"                    | Cnc : 7.5YR5/8<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |                                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    | 64"                    | Cnc : 7.5YR5/8<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          | Second redox band - calling ESGW here |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                                       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl:          |         |                              |                  |                |                          |                                       |

Additional Notes:

Multiple redox bands in C horizon  
Top of monitoring well 1'-8" from ground surface





## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used (Choose one):

☒ Depth to soil redoximorphic features

Obs. Hole # TP-5

48 inches

Obs. Hole # TP-6

64 inches

☒ Depth to observed standing water in observation hole

60 inches

110 inches

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude O, A, and E Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

60  
inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

74  
inches



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## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-7 5/18/23 11:00AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 3%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 110' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression BS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 190 feet  
Property Line 100 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: \_\_\_\_\_ Depth to Weeping in Hole 110" Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-108      | Fill                | Gravelly Sandy Loam | 7.5YR 3/1                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 10                           | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
| 108-114    | C                   | Fine Sandy Loam     | 5Y 5/1                             |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 0                            | 0                | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes: Sand layer was completely saturated  
Top of monitoring well 4'-6" from ground surface



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## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### C. On-Site Review *(minimum of two holes required at every proposed primary and reserve disposal area)*

Deep Observation Hole Number: TP-8 5/18/23 10:00AM Clear 42.4' N 71.2' W  
Hole # Date Time Weather Latitude Longitude

1. Land Use Wooded lot in residential area Trees Some surface stones, not many 4%  
(e.g., woodland, agricultural field, vacant lot, etc.) Vegetation Surface Stones (e.g., cobbles, stones, boulders, etc.) Slope (%)

Description of Location: At the front of the site along Dorothy Road, about 110' in from the edge of the road

2. Soil Parent Material: Glaciofluvial deposits Depression TS  
Landform Position on Landscape (SU, SH, BS, FS, TS, Plain)

3. Distances from: Open Water Body >100 feet Drainage Way >100 feet Wetlands 210 feet  
Property Line 98 feet Drinking Water Well >100 feet Other \_\_\_\_\_ feet

4. Unsuitable Materials Present: ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes: ☒ Disturbed Soil/Fill Material ☐ Weathered/Fractured Rock ☐ Bedrock

5. Groundwater Observed: ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes: 112" Depth to Weeping in Hole \_\_\_\_\_ Depth to Standing Water in Hole

#### Soil Log

| Depth (in) | Soil Horizon /Layer | Soil Texture (USDA) | Soil Matrix: Color-Moist (Munsell) | Redoximorphic Features |               |         | Coarse Fragments % by Volume |                  | Soil Structure | Soil Consistence (Moist) | Other |
|------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-------|
|            |                     |                     |                                    | Depth                  | Color         | Percent | Gravel                       | Cobbles & Stones |                |                          |       |
| 0-120      | Fill                | Gravelly Sandy Loam | 7.5YR 3/1                          |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         | 10                           | 4-6              | Massive        | Friable                  |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |
|            |                     |                     |                                    |                        | Cnc :<br>Dpl: |         |                              |                  |                |                          |       |

Additional Notes:



## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### D. Determination of High Groundwater Elevation

1. Method Used (Choose one):

☐ Depth to soil redoximorphic features

Obs. Hole # TP-7

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Obs. Hole # TP-8

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

☒ Depth to observed standing water in observation hole

110 inches

112 inches

☐ Depth to adjusted seasonal high groundwater ( $S_h$ )  
(USGS methodology)

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

\_\_\_\_\_ inches

Index Well Number \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Date \_\_\_\_\_

$$S_h = S_c - [S_r \times (OW_c - OW_{max}) / OW_r]$$

Obs. Hole/Well# \_\_\_\_\_  $S_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_c$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_{max}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $OW_r$  \_\_\_\_\_  $S_h$  \_\_\_\_\_

### E. Depth of Pervious Material

1. Depth of Naturally Occurring Pervious Material

a. Does at least four feet of naturally occurring pervious material exist in all areas observed throughout the area proposed for the soil absorption system?

☐ Yes ☒ No

b. If yes, at what depth was it observed (exclude O, A, and E Horizons)?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

inches

c. If no, at what depth was impervious material observed?

Upper boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

120  
inches

Lower boundary: \_\_\_\_\_

120  
inches



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## Form 11 - Soil Suitability Assessment for On-Site Sewage Disposal

### F. Certification

I certify that I am currently approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to 310 CMR 15.017 to conduct soil evaluations and that the above analysis has been performed by me consistent with the required training, expertise and experience described in 310 CMR 15.017. I further certify that the results of mv soil evaluation, as indicated in the attached Soil Evaluation Form, are accurate and in accordance with 310 CMR 15.100 through 15.107.

Signature of Soil Evaluator

Emily Derrig, SE 14158

Typed or Printed Name of Soil Evaluator / License #

5/22/2023

Date

6/30/2023

Expiration Date of License

Name of Approving Authority Witness

Approving Authority

**Note:** In accordance with 310 CMR 15.018(2) this form must be submitted to the approving authority within 60 days of the date of field testing, and to the designer and the property owner with [Percolation Test Form 12](#).

**Field Diagrams:** Use this area for field diagrams:

## **APPENDIX E**

### **NOAA 14++ PRECIPITATION TABLES**



**NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 3**  
**Location name: Arlington, Massachusetts, USA\***  
**Latitude: 42.4008°, Longitude: -71.1485°**  
**Elevation: 5 ft\*\***  
 \* source: ESRI Maps  
 \*\* source: USGS



### POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sandra Pavlovic, Michael St. Laurent, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Orlan Wilhite

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

[PF tabular](#) | [PF graphical](#) | [Maps & aeriels](#)

### PF tabular

| PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) <sup>1</sup> |                                     |                        |                        |                        |                        |                       |                       |                      |                      |                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Duration                                                                                                 | Average recurrence interval (years) |                        |                        |                        |                        |                       |                       |                      |                      |                      |
|                                                                                                          | 1                                   | 2                      | 5                      | 10                     | 25                     | 50                    | 100                   | 200                  | 500                  | 1000                 |
| 5-min                                                                                                    | 0.303<br>(0.237-0.383)              | 0.372<br>(0.290-0.471) | 0.484<br>(0.377-0.617) | 0.578<br>(0.447-0.739) | 0.706<br>(0.530-0.954) | 0.802<br>(0.590-1.11) | 0.905<br>(0.649-1.31) | 1.03<br>(0.691-1.52) | 1.21<br>(0.784-1.86) | 1.36<br>(0.864-2.14) |
| 10-min                                                                                                   | 0.429<br>(0.335-0.543)              | 0.527<br>(0.411-0.668) | 0.687<br>(0.535-0.874) | 0.819<br>(0.633-1.05)  | 1.00<br>(0.751-1.35)   | 1.14<br>(0.837-1.58)  | 1.28<br>(0.919-1.86)  | 1.46<br>(0.979-2.15) | 1.71<br>(1.11-2.63)  | 1.93<br>(1.22-3.03)  |
| 15-min                                                                                                   | 0.505<br>(0.395-0.639)              | 0.620<br>(0.484-0.785) | 0.808<br>(0.628-1.03)  | 0.963<br>(0.745-1.23)  | 1.18<br>(0.884-1.59)   | 1.34<br>(0.983-1.85)  | 1.51<br>(1.08-2.18)   | 1.71<br>(1.15-2.52)  | 2.02<br>(1.31-3.09)  | 2.28<br>(1.44-3.56)  |
| 30-min                                                                                                   | 0.690<br>(0.540-0.874)              | 0.849<br>(0.663-1.08)  | 1.11<br>(0.862-1.41)   | 1.32<br>(1.02-1.70)    | 1.62<br>(1.22-2.19)    | 1.84<br>(1.36-2.55)   | 2.08<br>(1.49-3.02)   | 2.36<br>(1.59-3.48)  | 2.80<br>(1.81-4.29)  | 3.17<br>(2.01-4.96)  |
| 60-min                                                                                                   | 0.876<br>(0.685-1.11)               | 1.08<br>(0.842-1.37)   | 1.41<br>(1.10-1.79)    | 1.68<br>(1.30-2.16)    | 2.06<br>(1.55-2.79)    | 2.34<br>(1.73-3.25)   | 2.64<br>(1.90-3.85)   | 3.01<br>(2.03-4.44)  | 3.58<br>(2.32-5.49)  | 4.06<br>(2.57-6.37)  |
| 2-hr                                                                                                     | 1.14<br>(0.896-1.43)                | 1.40<br>(1.10-1.77)    | 1.84<br>(1.44-2.32)    | 2.20<br>(1.71-2.79)    | 2.69<br>(2.04-3.62)    | 3.06<br>(2.27-4.22)   | 3.46<br>(2.51-5.01)   | 3.96<br>(2.67-5.79)  | 4.74<br>(3.08-7.21)  | 5.43<br>(3.45-8.42)  |
| 3-hr                                                                                                     | 1.33<br>(1.05-1.66)                 | 1.63<br>(1.29-2.05)    | 2.14<br>(1.68-2.69)    | 2.56<br>(2.00-3.24)    | 3.13<br>(2.38-4.20)    | 3.55<br>(2.65-4.90)   | 4.02<br>(2.93-5.81)   | 4.61<br>(3.12-6.70)  | 5.54<br>(3.60-8.36)  | 6.35<br>(4.04-9.79)  |
| 6-hr                                                                                                     | 1.72<br>(1.37-2.14)                 | 2.11<br>(1.68-2.63)    | 2.76<br>(2.18-3.44)    | 3.29<br>(2.59-4.14)    | 4.02<br>(3.07-5.34)    | 4.56<br>(3.42-6.22)   | 5.15<br>(3.77-7.37)   | 5.90<br>(4.01-8.50)  | 7.06<br>(4.61-10.6)  | 8.08<br>(5.16-12.3)  |
| 12-hr                                                                                                    | 2.20<br>(1.76-2.71)                 | 2.69<br>(2.15-3.33)    | 3.50<br>(2.79-4.34)    | 4.17<br>(3.31-5.21)    | 5.10<br>(3.92-6.71)    | 5.78<br>(4.35-7.80)   | 6.52<br>(4.79-9.21)   | 7.44<br>(5.08-10.6)  | 8.85<br>(5.80-13.1)  | 10.1<br>(6.45-15.2)  |
| 24-hr                                                                                                    | 2.64<br>(2.13-3.24)                 | 3.27<br>(2.64-4.02)    | 4.31<br>(3.46-5.31)    | 5.16<br>(4.12-6.40)    | 6.34<br>(4.91-8.30)    | 7.21<br>(5.47-9.67)   | 8.16<br>(6.03-11.5)   | 9.35<br>(6.41-13.2)  | 11.2<br>(7.36-16.4)  | 12.8<br>(8.22-19.1)  |
| 2-day                                                                                                    | 3.01<br>(2.45-3.67)                 | 3.80<br>(3.09-4.64)    | 5.10<br>(4.13-6.24)    | 6.18<br>(4.97-7.61)    | 7.66<br>(5.97-9.97)    | 8.74<br>(6.69-11.7)   | 9.94<br>(7.43-13.9)   | 11.5<br>(7.91-16.1)  | 14.0<br>(9.23-20.3)  | 16.2<br>(10.4-23.9)  |
| 3-day                                                                                                    | 3.30<br>(2.70-4.01)                 | 4.16<br>(3.39-5.05)    | 5.56<br>(4.52-6.78)    | 6.72<br>(5.43-8.24)    | 8.32<br>(6.52-10.8)    | 9.48<br>(7.29-12.6)   | 10.8<br>(8.09-15.1)   | 12.5<br>(8.60-17.4)  | 15.2<br>(10.1-21.9)  | 17.7<br>(11.4-25.9)  |
| 4-day                                                                                                    | 3.58<br>(2.93-4.33)                 | 4.46<br>(3.65-5.41)    | 5.91<br>(4.82-7.18)    | 7.11<br>(5.76-8.69)    | 8.76<br>(6.88-11.3)    | 9.96<br>(7.68-13.2)   | 11.3<br>(8.51-15.7)   | 13.1<br>(9.02-18.1)  | 15.9<br>(10.5-22.8)  | 18.4<br>(11.9-26.9)  |
| 7-day                                                                                                    | 4.34<br>(3.58-5.23)                 | 5.26<br>(4.33-6.34)    | 6.77<br>(5.55-8.18)    | 8.02<br>(6.53-9.74)    | 9.74<br>(7.68-12.5)    | 11.0<br>(8.50-14.4)   | 12.4<br>(9.33-17.0)   | 14.2<br>(9.85-19.5)  | 17.1<br>(11.4-24.3)  | 19.7<br>(12.7-28.5)  |
| 10-day                                                                                                   | 5.04<br>(4.17-6.05)                 | 5.99<br>(4.95-7.19)    | 7.54<br>(6.20-9.07)    | 8.82<br>(7.21-10.7)    | 10.6<br>(8.37-13.5)    | 11.9<br>(9.20-15.5)   | 13.3<br>(10.0-18.1)   | 15.1<br>(10.5-20.7)  | 18.0<br>(12.0-25.4)  | 20.5<br>(13.3-29.5)  |
| 20-day                                                                                                   | 7.05<br>(5.88-8.40)                 | 8.08<br>(6.73-9.63)    | 9.76<br>(8.09-11.7)    | 11.2<br>(9.19-13.4)    | 13.1<br>(10.4-16.4)    | 14.5<br>(11.2-18.6)   | 16.0<br>(12.0-21.2)   | 17.8<br>(12.5-24.0)  | 20.3<br>(13.6-28.4)  | 22.4<br>(14.6-32.0)  |
| 30-day                                                                                                   | 8.72<br>(7.30-10.3)                 | 9.81<br>(8.20-11.6)    | 11.6<br>(9.65-13.8)    | 13.1<br>(10.8-15.6)    | 15.1<br>(12.0-18.7)    | 16.7<br>(12.9-21.1)   | 18.3<br>(13.6-23.8)   | 19.9<br>(14.0-26.8)  | 22.2<br>(14.9-30.9)  | 24.0<br>(15.7-34.0)  |
| 45-day                                                                                                   | 10.8<br>(9.08-12.7)                 | 12.0<br>(10.0-14.1)    | 13.9<br>(11.6-16.4)    | 15.4<br>(12.8-18.4)    | 17.6<br>(14.0-21.6)    | 19.3<br>(14.9-24.1)   | 20.9<br>(15.5-26.9)   | 22.6<br>(15.9-30.1)  | 24.6<br>(16.6-33.9)  | 26.2<br>(17.1-36.8)  |
| 60-day                                                                                                   | 12.6<br>(10.6-14.8)                 | 13.8<br>(11.6-16.2)    | 15.8<br>(13.2-18.6)    | 17.4<br>(14.5-20.7)    | 19.7<br>(15.7-24.0)    | 21.4<br>(16.6-26.7)   | 23.1<br>(17.1-29.5)   | 24.7<br>(17.5-32.8)  | 26.7<br>(18.0-36.6)  | 28.0<br>(18.3-39.2)  |

<sup>1</sup> Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

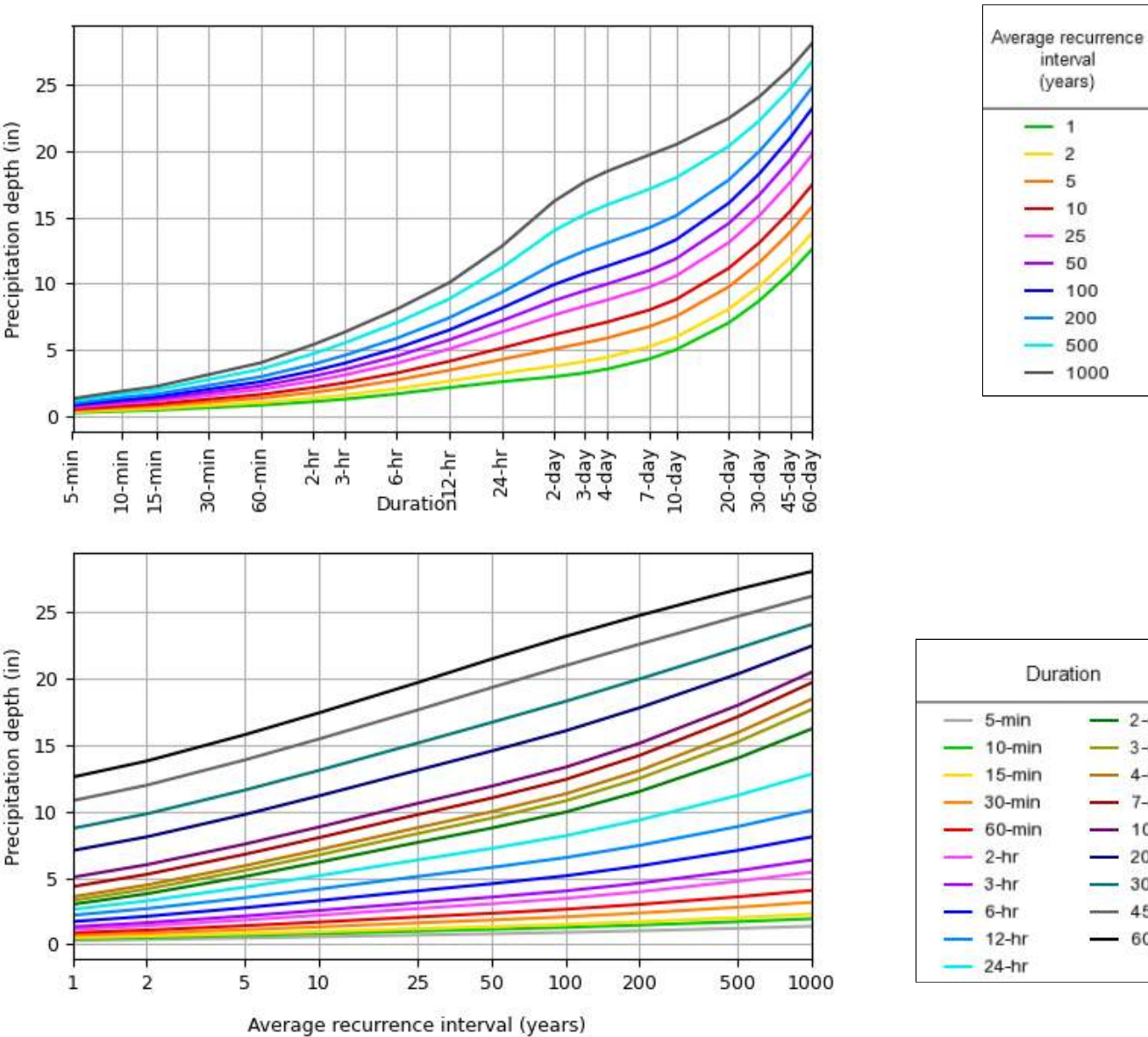
Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

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### PF graphical

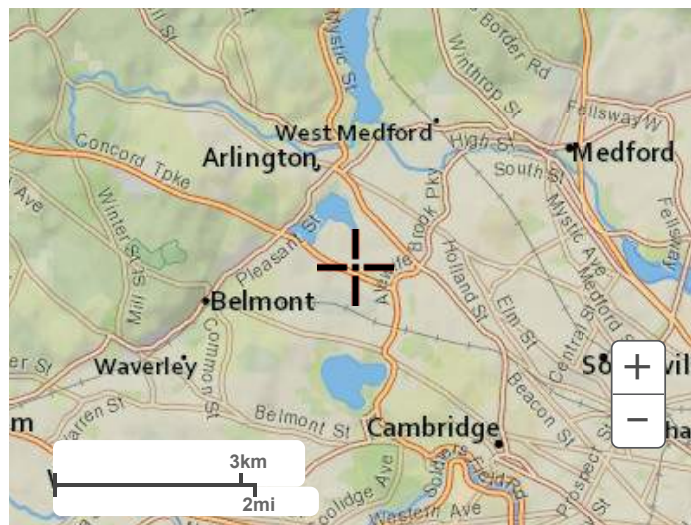
PDS-based depth-duration-frequency (DDF) curves  
Latitude: 42.4008°, Longitude: -71.1485°



Maps & aerals

Small scale terrain





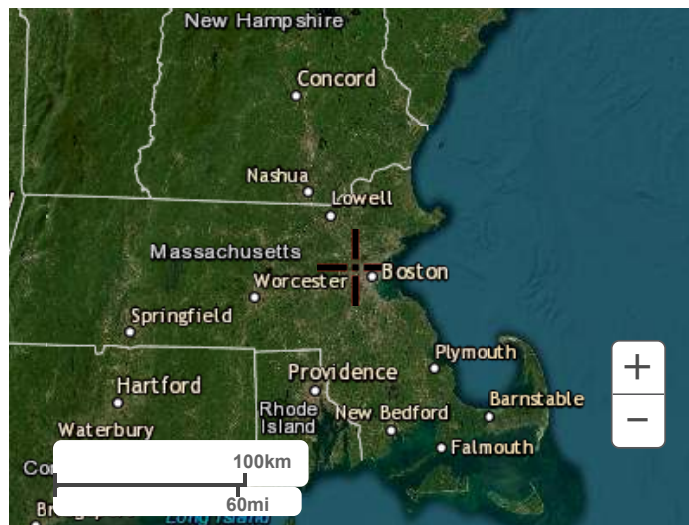
Large scale terrain



Large scale map



Large scale aerial

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1325 East West Highway  
Silver Spring, MD 20910  
Questions?: [HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov](mailto:HDSC.Questions@noaa.gov)

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**APPENDIX F**

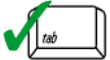
**STORMWATER CHECKLIST**



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

## A. Introduction

**Important:** When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the [Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook](#). The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.<sup>1</sup> This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8<sup>2</sup>
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

<sup>1</sup> The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

<sup>2</sup> For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

*Note:* Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

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### Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



Signature and Date

---

## Checklist

**Project Type:** Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

- ☒ New development
- ☐ Redevelopment
- ☐ Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

**LID Measures:** Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

- ☒ No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
- ☒ Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
- ☐ Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
- ☐ Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
- ☐ LID Site Design Credit Requested:
  - ☐ Credit 1
  - ☐ Credit 2
  - ☐ Credit 3
- ☐ Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
- ☒ Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
- ☐ Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
- ☐ Treebox Filter
- ☐ Water Quality Swale
- ☐ Grass Channel
- ☐ Green Roof
- ☐ Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

### Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- ☒ No new untreated discharges
- ☒ Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- ☒ Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- ☐ Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- ☒ Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.
- ☒ Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24-hour storm.

### Standard 3: Recharge

- ☒ Soil Analysis provided.
- ☒ Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- ☐ Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- ☒ Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.
  - ☒ Static
  - ☐ Simple Dynamic
  - ☐ Dynamic Field<sup>1</sup>
- ☐ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- ☒ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- ☒ Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- ☐ Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
  - ☐ Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
  - ☐ M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
  - ☐ Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
  - ☐ Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- ☒ Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.
- ☐ Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

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<sup>1</sup> 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- ☒ The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- ☒ Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

### Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
  - Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
  - Vehicle washing controls;
  - Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
  - Spill prevention and response plans;
  - Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
  - Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
  - Pet waste management provisions;
  - Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
  - Provisions for solid waste management;
  - Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
  - Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
  - Street sweeping schedules;
  - Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
  - Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
  - Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
  - List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- ☒ A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
  - ☐ Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
    - ☐ is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
    - ☐ is near or to other critical areas
    - ☐ is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
    - ☐ involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
  - ☐ The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
  - ☒ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.





# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- ☒ The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
  - ☒ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
  - ☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- ☐ The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- ☐ A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

### Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- ☐ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- ☒ The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does **not** cover the land use.
- ☐ LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- ☐ All exposure has been eliminated.
- ☐ All exposure has **not** been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- ☐ The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

### Standard 6: Critical Areas

- ☐ The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- ☐ Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

- ☐ The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
  - ☐ Limited Project
  - ☐ Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
  - ☐ Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
  - ☐ Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
  - ☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
  - ☐ Redevelopment Project
  - ☐ Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- ☐ Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.
- ☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
  - Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
  - Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
  - Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
  - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
  - Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
  - Vegetation Planning;
  - Site Development Plan;
  - Construction Sequencing Plan;
  - Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
  - Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
  - Inspection Schedule;
  - Maintenance Schedule;
  - Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- ☒ A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



# Checklist for Stormwater Report

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## Checklist (continued)

### Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has **not** been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted **before** land disturbance begins.
- ☐ The project is **not** covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- ☐ The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- ☒ The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

### Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

- ☒ The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
  - ☒ Name of the stormwater management system owners;
  - ☒ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
  - ☒ Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
  - ☒ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
  - ☒ Description and delineation of public safety features;
  - ☐ Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
  - ☒ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- ☐ The responsible party is **not** the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
  - ☐ A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
  - ☐ A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

### Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- ☒ The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- ☐ An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- ☒ NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.