File: JKAA

## POLICY ON RESTRAINT OF STUDENTS

The Arlington Public Schools complies with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (hereinafter "DESE") regulations governing the use of restraint, which can be found at 603 CMR 46.00 et seq. (hereinafter "Regulations"). According to their terms, the Regulations apply not only at school but also at school-sponsored events and activities, whether or not on school property. A brief overview of the Regulations is provided below.

<u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that every student attending the Arlington Public Schools is free from the unlawful use of physical restraint. Physical restraint shall be used only in emergency situations of last resort, after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate, and with extreme caution. School personnel shall use physical restraint with two goals in mind:

- (a) To administer a physical restraint only when needed to protect a student and/or a member of the school community from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm; and
- (b) To prevent or minimize any harm to the student as a result of the use of physical restraint.

<u>Use of Restraint.</u> Physical restraint<sup>1</sup> shall be considered an emergency procedure of last resort, and shall be prohibited in public education programs except when a student's behavior poses a threat of assault, or imminent, serious, physical harm to self or others and the student is not responsive to verbal directives or other lawful and less intrusive behavior interventions and/or alternatives, or such interventions and/or alternatives are deemed to be inappropriate under the circumstances. Prone restraint<sup>2</sup> is prohibited except in limited circumstances set forth in the 603 CMR 46.03. All physical restraints, including prone restraints where permitted, shall be administered in compliance with 603 CMR 46.05.

Physical restraint shall not be used:

- (a) as a means of discipline or punishment;
- (b) when the student cannot be safely restrained because it is medically contraindicated for reasons including, but not limited to, asthma, seizures, a cardiac condition, obesity, bronchitis, communication-related disabilities, or risk of vomiting;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>Physical restraint</u> shall mean direct physical contact that prevents or significantly restricts a student's freedom of movement. Physical restraint does not include: brief physical contact to promote student safety, providing physical guidance or prompting when teaching a skill, redirecting attention, providing comfort, or a physical escort.

<sup>2</sup> Propographic in the latter of the latter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>Prone restraint</u> shall mean a physical restraint in which a student is placed face down on the floor or another surface, and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the face-down position.

- (c) as a response to property destruction, disruption of school order, a student's refusal to comply with a policy or directive, or verbal threats when those actions do not constitute a threat of assault, or imminent, serious, physical harm;
- (d) as a standard response for any individual student. No written individual behavior plan or individualized education program (IEP) may include use of physical restraint as a standard response to any behavior. Physical restraint is an emergency procedure of last resort.

Mechanical restraint<sup>3</sup>, medication restraint<sup>4</sup>, and seclusion<sup>5</sup> shall be prohibited in public education programs. Seclusion does not include a time-out, as defined within the Regulations.<sup>6</sup>

The Regulations do not limit the protection afforded publicly funded students under other state or federal laws, including those laws that provide for the rights of students who have been found eligible to receive special education services.

<u>Proper Administration of Physical Restraint</u>. Only Arlington personnel who have received training pursuant to the Regulations shall administer physical restraint on students. Whenever possible, the administration of a restraint shall be witnessed by at least one adult who does not participate in the restraint. Nothing in this policy shall preclude a teacher, employee or agent of the Arlington Public School from using reasonable force to protect students, other persons or themselves from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm. When administering a physical restraint, trained staff shall comply with the requirements regarding use of force, method, duration of the restraint, and safety, as set forth in the Regulations.

**Staff Training**. All school staff must receive training with respect to the district's restraint prevention and behavior support policy and requirements when restraint is used. Training shall include information on the role of various individuals in preventing restraint, the restraint prevention and behavior support policy and procedures, interventions that may preclude the need for restraint, types of permitted physical restraints and related safety considerations, and administering physical restraint in accordance with medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history, and/or behavioral intervention plans applicable to an individual student

Additionally, the school must identify specific staff that is authorized to serve as school-wide resources to assist in ensuring proper administration of physical restraint. These individuals must participate in in-depth training in the use of physical restraint and implementation of the Regulations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mechanical restraint means the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's freedom of movement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>Medication restraint</u> means the administration of medication for the purpose of temporarily controlling behavior.
<sup>5</sup> <u>Seclusion</u> means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <u>Time-out</u> means a behavioral support strategy developed in which a student temporarily separates from the learning activity or the classroom, either by choice or by direction from staff, for the purpose of calming. During time-out, a student must be continuously observed by a staff member. Staff shall be with the student or immediately available to the student at all times. The space used for time-out must be clean, safe, sanitary, and appropriate for the purpose of calming. Time-out shall cease as soon as the student has calmed.

**Reporting Requirements**. Program staff shall report the use of any physical restraint, as required by the Regulations. The staff member who administered the restraint shall notify the principal verbally as soon as possible and in writing no later than the next school working day. The report shall be maintained by the school and made available for review by the Parent(s) or the DESE upon request.

The principal or designee shall make reasonable efforts to inform the Parent(s) of the restraint within 24 hours of the event, and shall notify the Parent(s) by written report within three school working days of the restraint. The information in the report shall be in conformance with 603 CMR 46.06(4). The written restraint report must be provided to the Parent(s) in the language in which report cards and other necessary school-related information are customarily provided.

The Principal or designee shall review restraint data weekly to determine whether one or more students may has been restrained multiple times during the week. If so, the Principal shall convene one or more teams as deemed appropriate to assess the students' progress and needs, with the goal of reducing or eliminating the need for restraint. The Principal shall also conduct a monthly review of school-wide restraint data and take steps to reduce or eliminate the use of restraint within the school where appropriate.

All physical restraints that result in injury must be must be reported to DESE. In addition, the district will collect and annually report data relating to the district's use of restraints to DESE.

<u>Prevention of Dangerous Behavior.</u> As set forth in the Regulations, the Arlington Public Schools shall develop methods for preventing student violence, self-injurious behavior, and suicide, including individual crisis planning, behavior intervention plans, and de-escalation of potentially dangerous behavior occurring among groups of students or with an individual student.

<u>Parent Engagement.</u> In accordance with the regulations, the Arlington Public Schools shall engage Parents in discussions about restraint prevention and the use of restraint solely as an emergency procedure.

<u>Complaints</u>. Complaints and investigations regarding restraint practices should be directed to the Assistant Superintendent if the complaint involves a general education student and to the Director of Special Education if the complaint involves a student receiving special education services.

<u>Additional information</u>, including a copy of the regulations, can be obtained from Assistant Superintendent/Director of Special Ed. who can be reached at 781 316 3523 or 781 316 3531. A copy of the regulations may also be obtained at <a href="https://www.doe.edu/lawsregs/603cmr46.html">www.doe.edu/lawsregs/603cmr46.html</a>.

Revised and adopted by the Arlington School Committee March 24, 2016